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ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 14

Sadat Preparing To Bolster His Presidential Rule

By Bernard Gwertzman

WASHINGTON, May 13 (NYT) — ...dent Anwar Sadat of Egypt ...armed the United States that ...ld further to his powers by ...ing all executive authority ...own hands, high-ranking ...administration officials said ...said that the change is to be ...ed by Mr. Sadat tomorrow. ...hursday he informed Sol ...z, President Carter's Middle ...otiator.

...als said Mr. Sadat indicated ...Linowitz that he would take ...ustapha Khalil's duties as ...; but some officials thought ...it decide instead to abolish ...miership altogether. In any ...he changes are expected to ...further Mr. Sadat's already ...arian control in Egypt.

...Khalil, who has simulta... held the positions of pre... foreign minister and head of ...ptian delegation to the Pal... autonomy negotiations, an... yesterday that he and his ... had resigned — apparently ...r the way for Mr. Sadat's ...

...rday Mr. Carter discussed ...East developments, includ... imminent changes in Cairo, ...ecretary of State Edmund ..., Mr. Linowitz, national se... adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski, ..., ambassadors to Egypt and ... and other aides.

New Negotiator

...or the negotiations with Isra... the United States, Mr. Sadat ...me Defense Minister Kamal ...n Ali as head of the delega... replace Mr. Khalil, officials ...en. Ali was the chief Egyp... delegate during the early phas... of the negotiations for an Egyp...dan-Israeli peace treaty, but was gradually eased aside.

It is believed by several officials that Mr. Sadat will now play an even more personal role in the talks, and that he may seek a three-way summit with Mr. Carter and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin to conclude the negotiations, whose target date for conclusion has been May 26.

U.S. officials believe that Mr. Sadat will agree to continuing the negotiations beyond May 26, as Israel has already indicated a willingness to do. They said there was no atmosphere of crisis around the Middle East situation.

The decision by Mr. Sadat to shake up his domestic structure is seen in Washington as consistent with his view that he can personally move Egypt forward. He said in a speech on May 1 that he was beginning a new phase in Egypt's history, details of which would be announced tomorrow.

Mr. Sadat assumed the presidency in 1970 and was re-elected in 1976. Last June his National Democratic Party won 302 of the 380 People's Assembly seats that are filled by election; the remaining 10 members are Sadat appointees. Early this month the assembly approved a constitutional amendment that would permit Mr. Sadat to seek re-election to a third term.

The 11-month-old negotiations with Israel on autonomy for the West Bank and the Gaza Strip are deadlocked, with the Israeli side saying that the gap between the two sides remains very wide. Mr. Sadat discussed the future of the talks with Mr. Carter during a Washington visit in April.



Associated Press

THE CHASE IS ON — Riot police go after a group of students near Yonsei University in Seoul during demonstrations yesterday. About 2,000 took part in the biggest protest in South Korea in two weeks of campus turmoil. Story, Page 4.

Uganda Junta Says Its Coup Ousts Binaisa

KAMPALA, Uganda, May 13 (AP) — The head of Uganda's rebellious military commission, accusing President Godfrey Binaisa of corruption and greed, declared today that the civilian administration has been dissolved and a military government formed.

Paulo Muwanga, chairman of the commission and minister of labor, said in a statement on Uganda's official radio that executive power would be wielded by a three- or four-man presidential commission.

Mr. Muwanga and two other members of the six-man military commission had announced last night that they were deposing Mr. Binaisa, Uganda's second president since the overthrow of dictator Idi Amin a year ago. The three rebel commissioners are supporters of former President Milton Obote, whom *Marshal Amin overthrew* in 1971.

The announcement of the coup sent Ugandans streaming out of Kampala in fear of violence. Despite radio appeals for calm, workers left their jobs, cars lined up at the few service stations selling gasoline, and roads out of the city were jammed as soldiers at roadblocks searched the fleeing population for weapons.

Not to Be Disturbed

Mr. Binaisa's civilian Cabinet was disbanded and a special Council of Ministers will be established to take its place, Mr. Muwanga's statement said. He had said earlier in a telephone interview that Mr. Binaisa was still at the presidential residence in Entebbe, 21 miles from Kampala, "but we'll find him somewhere else to live. I don't think he'll resist when he finds he has nothing to do."

Reporters who tried to reach Mr. Binaisa were told by the telephone *operator that he had left orders not* to be disturbed. Some of the 10,000 Tanzanian troops still in the country from the invasion force that overthrew Marshal Amin were guarding the presidential residence and the international airport at Entebbe.

Tanzanian President Julius Nyerere has said nothing in public about the coup, but sources in Dar es Salaam, the Tanzanian capital, said he conferred there yesterday with the head of Uganda's interim Parliament, Edward Rugumayo, and urged him to call an emergency session of Parliament. They said Mr. Nyerere told Uganda's military commission not to act before the legislature has taken a stand.

Mr. Binaisa had shifted Mr.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)



UPI

Godfrey Binaisa

Strategic Balance Would Reverse by 1985

CIA Says Russia Could Take Warhead Lead

By Richard Burt

WASHINGTON, May 13 (NYT) — U.S. intelligence services have concluded that in the next few years the Soviet Union could achieve an edge over the United States in every major measure of strategic nuclear power, including overall numbers of missile warheads, Carter administration aides said yesterday.

The aides said that this projection was one of the principal findings of an annual national intelligence estimate prepared by the CIA, in cooperation with other intelligence agencies, on military and political issues. The estimate is being circulated among high-level policy-makers and has been presented to President Carter.

While some aspects of the document have reportedly caused disputes among intelligence branches, the projections on warhead numbers have been welcomed by diverse elements in the government.

According to officials familiar with the document, it finds that the Soviet Union, in the absence of the new nuclear arms treaty, could possess a missile arsenal in 1985 capable of delivering as many as 16,000 nuclear warheads against the United States. Officials estimate that the United States is likely to have a missile force equipped with about 8,000 warheads in 1985.

Arms Treaty

Some military experts contend that both Washington and Moscow possess so many nuclear warheads that comparisons of totals does not make much difference. However, U.S. officials have traditionally pointed to Washington's lead in warheads to argue that Moscow has not surpassed the United States in strategic power.

Proponents of arms control in the White House and the State Department said the estimate demonstrated the importance of approving the Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty, which would place limits on numbers of Soviet warheads. The treaty, signed June 18, 1979, was before the Senate when the Soviet Union intervened militarily in Afghanistan. The administration then asked that consideration of the treaty be postponed as part of its effort to induce Moscow to withdraw its forces.

At the Pentagon, officials said the intelligence estimate strengthened their case for deploying the Air Force's new MX mobile missile, which would give U.S. forces an additional 2,000 warheads in the late 1980s.

The balance in strategic forces has been shifting against the United States since the late 1960s, when Moscow initiated programs to deploy new land- and sea-based ballistic missiles. During the 1970s, the Soviet Union was able to establish an edge in such measures of strategic power as overall numbers of missiles and long-range bombers and the total payload that these systems can carry.

But the United States, with a larger part of its missile forces equipped with multiple warheads,

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Shift to Other Polynesian Site Reported Near

...ench Nuclear Tests Wearing Out Atoll

...y Thomas O'Toole
...nd Ronald Koven

...HINGTON, May 13 (WP) ...nce has so badly damaged ...f the South Pacific atoll of ...s with its underground nu... weapons testing that it may ...he tests to another island in ... Polynesia by next year.

...ce has not decided whether ...don Mururoa, but nuclear ...s sources in the United ...nd in France have said that ...les are being drilled in the ... atoll of Fanga Taufa to ...ne if it can accommodate ...s testing. France conducted ... two underground tests at ...Taufa in 1975 before moving ... to Mururoa. Both atolls are ...ated.

...es said that the 29 nuclear ...s that France has exploded ...ast four years under Muru... ...e left the island "looking ...wiss cheese."

...holes have been drilled un... 60-foot-deep lagoon as far ...s a mile into the volcanic ...at underlies the coral-and... ...e atoll. The French have ... when the first test would ...ce, but it could be in 1981.

31 Tests

...ce never announces a nuclear ...ons test and never confirms ...r it takes place; it simply ...ledges that it conducts occa... ...ests. Even the number of ex... ...s that France has conducted ...nesia are considered secret, ... sources place them at 31, 2 ...a Taufa and 29 at Mururoa. ...ce also keeps secret the size ...sts, most of which it insists ...er 20 kilotons. Sources say ...ost French tests are engi... to miniaturize their weapons ...can be carried more easily ...iles and aircraft.

...ast large French test was un... ...d to be the 200-kiloton test ...24, 1979, which triggered a ...dal wave. The French news... ...e Matin said that the tidal ...curred because the weapon ... stuck halfway down the ...ter-deep (half-mile-deep) ...ading to the test pit and was ... that position.

...e admitting that the explo... ...s off a small tidal wave, ... sources denied that the ... became stuck or that the ...n took place halfway down ...t.

Underground Slide

...rce said that the explosion ...n underground landslide of ...e, which lay above the vol... ...ock where the weapon was ...d. The source freely admit... ...t the limestone may have ...ened by previous blasting. ...earthslide occurred three or ...urs after the explosion, and ...ench test personnel had em... ...om bunkers where they stay ...k test.

...than three weeks before the tidal wave incident, there was an accident on Mururoa involving the handling of plutonium used to make the French explosives. French sources said that an electric drill used to machine the plutonium set off a spark that triggered an explosive chemical fire that killed two workmen.

'Stupid Accident'

"It was a stupid accident," a French source said, "but had nothing to do with nuclear testing."

New Zealand newspapers have said that the explosion that triggered the tidal wave also vented dangerous amounts of radioactivity into the atmosphere; French sources denied that report.

A source said that most testing on Mururoa takes place in pits about two-thirds of a mile down, which he said is deeper than the U.S. tests in Nevada and is more than deep enough to prevent venting. The source said that bubbles of radioactive gas often escape, but he insisted that they are so small and dissipate so rapidly in the atmosphere that they present no threat to the environment.



Associated Press

Pablo Picasso's "Saltimbanque With Arms Crossed," was auctioned for a record $3 million in New York. With the painting are buyer, Susumu Yamamoto, and Picasso's daughter Paloma.

Art Sale Brings $14.8 Million

Picasso Work Goes for $3 Million in New York

By Rita Reif

NEW YORK, May 13 (NYT) — The Garbisch collection of Impressionist and modern art sold last night at Sotheby Parke Bernet for a record total of $14.8 million, the highest figure reached by an art auction in the United States and the most for an Impressionist and modern art sale anywhere in the world.

The high point of the sale came when the gavel fell at $3 million on the last painting — Picasso's "Saltimbanque Seated With Arms Crossed." It set an auction record for 20th-century art, the highest price paid for a painting other than an old master and for any painting purchased at auction in New York.

The oil-on-canvas work, painted in 1923 in Picasso's "classic" style, was bought by Susumu Yamamoto, a Japanese dealer who was representing the Bridgestone Museum in Tokyo. It was nearly three times the previous auction record for a Picasso, reached in July at Sotheby's in London, with the sale of "The Bottle of Wine" for $1,017,520.

"Never have I brought the hammer down so hard on any lot I've sold" John Marion, Sotheby's chairman and president in the United States, said after the auction. "It was a thrilling beginning for what will be the most exciting series of sales in America."

The diverse collection of Edgar William and Bernice Chrysler Garbisch is expected to attain $20 million or more when it is fully sold by the end of next week. The rest of the collection includes pottery, American objects and pre-Impressionist art. It will thereby become the second most expensive art collection sold, exceeded only by the Robert von Hirsch collection, which was sold for $34 million at Sotheby's in London in 1978. Mrs. Garbisch, a daughter of Walter Chrysler, founder of the Chrysler Corp., died last December, just after the death of her husband, a retired corporate executive.

Records for categories of paintings and for artists were toppled throughout the sale, which lasted an hour and five minutes. Records were established for Gauguin and for Post-Impressionist art with the sale for $1.8 million of Gauguin's "Tahitian Women Under the Palms," painted in 1891. It was purchased by a private Argentine collector.

Minutes later, Van Gogh's "Portrait of Adeline Ravoux" was sold to an unidentified U.S. collector

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Muskie Joins Foreign Ministers Today in Brussels

NATO Officials Consider Speedup in Defense Plans

By Jonathan Kandell

BRUSSELS, May 13 (IHT) — As part of a hardening response to the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization is meeting here to accelerate some of its defense programs.

The measures to be taken — mainly European commitments to share defense burdens with the United States in case of a military crisis in the Gulf — will be announced by foreign and defense ministers when the three-day meeting ends tomorrow.

This is the first formal meeting of NATO ministers since the Russian intervention last December. The talks are also considered important because they will include the new U.S. secretary of state, Edmund Muskie, who will be meeting with European foreign ministers for the first time tomorrow.

"The main idea of this meeting is to send a signal to the Russians through various short-term measures that indicate NATO cohesion and solidarity in the face of a threat to its security," said a U.S. official.

Debate Over Threat

The United States and its European allies have spent most of the last six months debating just how much of a threat the Afghan crisis poses to the West and how NATO should react.

Only recently — and with strong reluctance and misgivings — have European countries moved closer to the U.S. assessment of the intervention in Afghanistan as a fundamental change in East-West relations.

Gen. Herman Gundersen, who is chairman of the NATO military committee, told the defense ministers gathered here today that "further Soviet aggression anywhere in the world could lead to a conflagration in which NATO could be involved regardless of where the spark was ignited."

"The Soviets have clearly demonstrated a willingness to use their military strength whenever they perceive it to be in their interest and whenever they assess the risk to be acceptable," added Gen. Gundersen, a Norwegian.

But European military officials have tended to take a harder line than the politicians, so a truer picture of the European assessment will probably emerge from tomorrow's meeting of foreign ministers.

Rapid Deployment

In the aftermath of the crises in Afghanistan and Iran; the United States has said it was preparing plans for the rapid deployment of military forces to the Mideast and Indian Ocean to meet any further upheavals that could threaten Western interests.

Since such a deployment might involve U.S. reserve forces previously earmarked for a crisis in Europe, the measures that are expected to be endorsed by NATO tomorrow are meant to help compensate for such a shift.

According to NATO officials, the measures will include the following:

- An increase in ammunition stock levels, which are low in Western Europe.
- An acceleration in the procurement of weapons and equipment.
- A speedier buildup in defenses against chemical warfare, which, according to NATO officials, is an increasingly dangerous element in the Russian arsenal.

These measures are supposed to begin to be implemented over the next year. Another set of measures is then to be ratified by NATO members next December for implementation over the next three or four years and includes the following:

- An acceleration in the buildup of wartime reserve forces.
- A speedup in providing electronic devices to jam enemy communication systems and to counter jamming attempts by Warsaw Pact forces.
- An increase in the "pre-positioning" of equipment and supplies for U.S. forces who would be flown to Europe in a crisis.
- The availability of European civilian wide-bodied jets to fly U.S. troops to Europe in case American transport planes are tied up by a crisis in the Mideast.

Almost all of these measures have been previously agreed upon by NATO as part of its long-term defense program covering military needs into the 1990s. The hope, according to NATO officials, is that many of these measures will now be implemented at a much more accelerated rate.

According to U.S. defense officials, there was no criticism by NATO allies of American plans to deploy troops earmarked for Europe to the Mideast in case of a crisis.

Bani-Sadr Strips Islamic Judge of Power

From Agency Dispatches

TEHRAN, May 13 — In a major test of his authority over hard-liners, President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr today stripped Sheikh Sadegh Khalkhali, an Islamic judge, of his judicial powers and title for defying a presidential ban on the demolition of a mausoleum built by the deposed shah.

Sheikh Khalkhali, dubbed Iran's "hanging judge" for his role in sentencing to death hundreds of former officials and supporters of the shah, was relieved of all authority except that as chief of an anti-narcotics campaign, to which he was appointed last week, Mr. Bani-Sadr said in a announcement broadcast by state radio.

The move against Sheikh Khalkhali followed a sharp reversal yesterday for the president. Mr. Bani-Sadr, whose hapless presidency has been thwarted at every turn by his Islamic clerical rivals, was blocked again when the ruling Revolutionary Council refused to name a premier of Mr. Bani-Sadr's choosing — despite the authorization granted the president four days ago by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, the revolutionary leader.

"The reason is that the *Majlis* [parliament] will meet very soon and everybody who will be chosen for the Majlis must confirm them [the appointments]," said Hojatol-islam Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, a leading member of the clerically oriented Islamic Republican Party.

The move came after Sheikh Khalkhali, 57, Sunday enlisted volunteers and bulldozer crews to tear down the marble mausoleum, built 20 years ago. Mr. Bani-Sadr had ordered that the building be turned into a "monument to the crimes" of the shah and his father who, between them, ruled Iran for 55 years until the revolution last year.

Clerics Lead Voting

Official sources said that the issue of who exercises authority and who is empowered to defy that authority went far beyond the matter of the mausoleum. The outcome of that test of rival strengths could also affect the fate of the 53 Americans held hostage by Islamic militants.

As the ballots continued to be tallied for the second round of the elections for the parliament, held last Friday, it was clear that the Islamic Republican Party would have the dominant bloc in the par-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

IHT to Print Asian Edition In Hong Kong on Sept. 15

PARIS, May 13 (IHT) — The International Herald Tribune will begin printing in Hong Kong on Sept. 15 in an effort to provide same-day delivery for most of Asia, according to Lee Huebner, publisher of the paper.

The IHT will thus become the first daily newspaper to be available simultaneously to readers on opposite sides of the world.

The expansion will add a fourth printing site for the paper, which is based in Paris and published six days a week. The purpose of the expansion, Mr. Huebner said, is to make the paper "available to Asian readers more quickly and at a lower cost."

The IHT, which the publisher described as "already global in its content and perspective," now sells about 2,000 copies a day in Asia, at the equivalent of $1.50 to $2 a copy, even though delivery is often delayed by several days.

"We hope that if we can cut our delivery time to a few hours and our price by about two-thirds, we can achieve a paid circulation of at least 20,000 copies a day in Asia within the next three years," Mr. Huebner said.

The paper has a paid circulation of 130,000 a day in 143 countries. No single country accounts for more than 15 percent of the total.

All pages of the IHT will continue to be edited and composed at the paper's Paris headquarters. Complete pages will be transmitted electronically to the Hong Kong printer, Sing Tao Newspapers Ltd., by a communications satellite situated over the Indian Ocean.

This will will mean that the paper will go to press in Hong Kong at the same time as at its European printers in Paris, London and Zurich. The paper uses facsimile page transmission to London and Zurich, but by cable rather than satellite.

Some of the editorial content of the paper will be changed for the Asian edition, according to IHT editor Mort Rosenblum, but he said that changes would be minor because the paper is already edited "with a single international approach."

Initially, the newspaper plans to offer the Asian circulation as a bonus to advertisers who buy space in the European edition. Early in 1981, Mr. Huebner said, the paper will begin making a small advertising surcharge for the Asian circulation. Advertisers will have the option of buying space only in the Asian edition.



Associated Press

Foreign Minister Sadegh Ghotbzadeh of Iran, at Tehran's airport, helps carry the coffin of one of two Iranian hostages who were killed May 5 in the siege of the Iranian Embassy in London.

U.S. Fears Split With Europeans On Palestinian Autonomy Issue

By John M. Goshko

WASHINGTON, May 13 (WP) — The administration, which yesterday completed a top-level review of the stalled Mideast peace process, is growing increasingly fearful of a split that could put the United States and its West European allies on opposite sides in the Arab-Israeli conflict.

As a result, one of the tasks of Secretary of State Edmund Muskie, who arrived in Brussels today for his maiden round of talks with his European counterparts, will be to try to dissuade them from actions that the administration fears will work against a successful outcome of the Egyptian-Israeli talks on Palestinian autonomy.

Administration sources said yesterday that was one of the decisions made by President Carter, Mr. Muskie and other top foreign policy officials at their two-day review of the obstacles that now seem certain to prevent conclusion of the autonomy talks by their May 26 target date.

The negotiations, which had been scheduled to resume yesterday in Cairo, were suspended after Egyptian President Anwar Sadat, disappointed at the lack of progress, said he wanted to reconsider the situation.

Intensive Briefing

U.S. officials, while insisting that there is no crisis, said Mr. Carter felt it was important to gather the principal figures in the U.S. Mideast policy-making machinery to brief Mr. Muskie intensively on the intricacies of the situation and to ponder the possible moves Mr. Sadat might reveal in a policy speech he has scheduled for tomorrow.

In addition, the sources said, the latest slowdown in the talks has raised anew the conviction of many West European governments that the U.S.-negotiated effort to work out a self-government system for the Palestinian inhabitants of Israeli-occupied territories is bound to fail.

That, in turn, is likely to produce new pressure for the nine nations of the European Economic Community, led by France and Britain, to support actively an effort in the United Nations to gain international recognition for the right of the Palestinians to self-determination and of the Palestine Liberation Organization to participate in the Mideast peace process.

Their rationale would be that failure of the Camp David process had left a void in the Mideast that must be filled by the other members of the Atlantic alliance if the West is to preserve its influence in the region and ensure continued access to its vital oil supplies.

Israeli Response

However, such a West European initiative would arouse furious opposition from Israel. And the complexities of the U.S.-Israeli relationship, particularly at a time of American presidential elections, almost certainly would force Washington into a confrontation that would see the United States vetoing a United Nations Security Council resolution on the Palestinian question over the objection of its European allies.

The forces whipsawing Mr. Carter in that direction were underscored yesterday by the president's challenger for the Democratic presidential nomination, Sen. Edward Kennedy. In a speech to a pro-Israeli group in Washington, the Massachusetts senator accused the administration of a "pattern of betrayal" against Israel and asked:

"What is coming next? Will the U.S. support new efforts to amend UN Resolution 242 [a formula for Mideast peace that the Europeans envision rewriting to include recognition of Palestinian self-determination]. Will contact be expanded with the PLO, the terrorists sworn to destroy Israel? Is peace at any price — even at the price of Israel — a possibility if Mr. Carter is re-elected?"

Same Arguments

On the other side of the domestic political fence, the likely Republican presidential nominee, Ronald Reagan, also is an outspoken Israeli supporter and would use the same arguments to Jewish voters if Mr. Carter failed to go all out in blocking a European-backed initiative on the Palestinians.

As a result, administration sources said, Mr. Muskie, in his talks this week at the NATO meeting in Brussels and with British and French foreign ministers in Vienna, will endeavor to make clear that the Europeans, if they pursue their Palestinian initiative, will be moving onto a collision course with Washington that will only increase tensions in the Mideast.

In effect, the sources said, Mr. Muskie will emphasize that the United States expects the autonomy talks to resume shortly, that Washington still is hopeful of a successful outcome even though the negotiations will go beyond May 26 and that any competing effort by the Europeans, however well intentioned, would be a self-defeating exercise in creating new tensions among the Western allies without producing any progress toward Mideast peace.

"We don't intend to go into this twisting arms," one source said. "But Muskie is going over there with instructions to let the Europeans know exactly where we stand on the question of rewriting UN Resolution 242 and not be shy about asserting our point of view."

Bani-Sadr Strips Islamic Judge of Power

(Continued from Page 1)

liament, if not the absolute majority.

In the first round, the Islamic fundamentalist group won 50 of the 97 seats decided for the 270-member legislature. The Islamic Republican Party appeared to be running slightly behind that strength in this round, although the affiliation of some candidates was not clear. The remaining seats were made up of a splintering of various groupings, some of them likely to follow the strong leadership of the Islamic group.

Despite endorsements by former Premier Mehdi Bazargan and other parliamentary liberals, no candidates of the Mujahadeen, the Islamic radical guerrilla group, appeared to have gained a seat.

Divided Powers

Under the new constitution, the president is to name his premier and cabinet, but they must be approved by the parliament. Thus, with the clerical group in control of the parliament, the divided powers and paralyzing conflicts that have characterized post-revolutionary Iran now appeared to be institutionalized.

Mr. Bani-Sadr had attempted to break this pattern by gaining Ayatollah Khomeini's approval to appoint his own premier to take office before the parliament took its seats, which officials here hope will be on June 6.

The president's first choice as premier was widely reckoned to be retired Adm. Ahmad Madani, the retired head of the navy, a tough military man. He had figured as the speculative leader of any potential coup d'etat by the armed forces.

But it was understood that Adm. Madani's conditions for taking the post, outlined in a meeting with the ayatollah, were too tough. It was believed that these conditions included a guarantee against clerical interference in the government.

In other developments:

- Oil Minister Ali Akhbar Moinfar was reported by the official Pars news agency today as saying that Iran is producing two million barrels of oil a day, one of the lowest levels admitted to by Iranian officials since the fall of the shah. The official Iranian oil production ceiling is 3.5 million barrels a day.

In a Tehran Radio broadcast monitored in London, Mr. Moinfar also said that Iran was sticking by its demand that the Soviet Union pay a price for Iranian natural gas equivalent to its energy value compared with crude oil. The Soviet Union has balked at paying a five-fold increase in the price of natural gas. Mr. Moinfar said the gas pipeline supplying the Soviet Union remained shut.

- Tehran Radio said today that several U.S. helicopters last night flew over Iranian ships engaged in offshore oil operations in the Gulf but changed course after Iranian forces were alerted.

In a report from Tehran, Tass quoted the Bamdad newspaper as saying that five U.S. naval helicopters dropped a foamy chemical substance over the Gulf last night, causing a large fire on the water near Iran's coast. The Pentagon had no immediate comment.

- In Copenhagen, the Danish Parliament gave Premier Anker Joergensen the authority to impose economic sanctions against Iran unless there was progress toward the hostages' release.

- Foreign Minister Sadegh Ghotbzadeh received the bodies at Tehran airport of two Iranians who were killed May 5 during the siege of the Iranian Embassy in London. The caskets were taken to the Tehran University mosque and then carried through the streets by demonstrators who charged that Iraq had engineered the siege.

Military Junta in Kampala Says It Overthrows Binaisa

(Continued from Page 1)

Muwanga to the Labor Ministry from the more powerful post of minister of internal affairs several months ago. Besides Mr. Muwanga, the two commission members who acted against Mr. Binaisa are the army chief of staff, Brig. Gen. David Ojok, who was the army commander during Mr. Obote's presidency and who defied Mr. Binaisa's attempt to fire him Saturday, and the present army commander, Maj. Gen Tito Okello.

A fourth member of the commission is Regional Affairs Minister Yoweri Museveni, a former defense minister who is believed to have the loyalty of a significant minority of the army. Kampala observers expected him to oppose the takeover. The two other commission members were out of the country.

Hotel Cordon

"The military commission wishes to inform the public that it has taken over the powers of the president with immediate effect," said the announcement broadcast last night. "From now on the powers of the president will be exercised by the military commission. This is an action by the commission and not by the army. The army and the public are requested to remain calm and continue with their normal duties." The statement called for an urgent meeting with the interim Parliament.

Troops loyal to Gen. Ojok guarded the radio station and other public buildings and cordoned off the Nile Mansion hotel, where many Cabinet ministers live and have their offices.

Mr. Binaisa, a lawyer who had lived in exile in the United States, was named president last June after President Yusufu Lule was forced out in a dispute with the interim Parliament over Cabinet appointments.

Although Gen. Ojok ranks second in the military hierarchy, he is believed to command the allegiance of most of the 5,000-man Ugandan Army that the Tanzanians have trained. He commanded the largest group of Ugandans who fought alongside the Tanzanians against Marshal Amin. Rumors have been circulating for weeks that Gen. Ojok planned a coup on behalf of Mr. Obote, who has lived in Tanzania since his ouster in 1971.

The Daily Mail reported in London today that Marshal Amin was on a tour of Arab countries friendly to him. It quoted a British salesman, Michael Storey, as saying he stayed at the same hotel as Marshal Amin in Jidda, Saudi Arabia, earlier this month. Mr. Storey said Marshal Amin was accompanied by bodyguards, wives and 19 of his children.

President of Greece Submits Resignation

ATHENS, May 13 (AP) — President Constantine Tsatsos submitted his resignation yesterday, six weeks before his five-year term expires on June 20.

He is being replaced by former Premier Constantine Caramanlis, who was elected president by parliament last week. Mr. Caramanlis, who has been succeeded in the premiership by George Rallis, is expected to take the oath of office later this week, probably Thursday.

French Games Panel Votes To Send Team to Moscow

From Agency Dispatches

PARIS, May 13 — The French National Olympic Committee today rejected a boycott of the 1980 Olympic Games and voted to send a team to Moscow.

The decision, announced by the French Olympic Committee president, Claude Collard, was approved unanimously with 22 votes for sending a team and 1 abstention. Mr. Collard stressed that the decision was based strictly on sports considerations and not on political matters.

Today's decision, taken after months of discussion, was made following a meeting of the French Olympic Committee's executive committee and after consultation with all of the various sporting federations.

Last Friday, a spokesman for French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing emphasized it was for the Olympic committee to decide whether to attend the Games. Both Mr. Giscard d'Estaing and French Sports Minister Jean-Pierre Soisson have repeatedly said the government would not interfere in the decision.

U.S. President Carter has been urging countries to boycott the 1980 Summer Games to protest the Soviet military interventiion in Afganistan in December.

East Germany, meanwhile, put pressure on West German sports officials today to ignore the Olympics boycott call and go to the Moscow Games this summer.

Two high ranking East German sports officials held seperate meetings with officials in West Germany in an attempt to sway the West German National Olympics Committee away from a boycott when it votes on the issue Thursday. The West German committee's presidium has endorsed a boycott.

Manfred Ewald, president of East Germany's Gymnastics and Sport Association, traveled to Hagen for a meeting he had requested with Willi Weyer, president of West Germany's Sport Association and a leader of the pro-boycott movement within the West German National Olympic Committee.

Mr. Ewald said that he told Mr. Weyer, East Germany would cut back competition with the West if the West Germans voted to boycott the games.

In Frankfurt, Hermann Neuberger, head of West Germany's Soccer Federation said only that he had met his East German counterpart, Guenter Schneider, on the Olympic boycott question.

U.S. Court Challenge

WASHINGTON, May 13 (UPI) — Eighteen U.S. athletes, charging their constitutional rights have been violated, today challenged in federal court the U.S. Olympic Committee's decision to boycott the Moscow Games.

U.S. District Judge John Pratt heard arguments on the legality of the U.S. boycott 11 days before the deadline for a final U.S. decision on whether to enter a team. The judge said that he will rule on the issue by the end of the week.

Soviet Lead In Warheads

(Continued from Page 1)

possessed an advantage over the Soviet Union in the 1970s in the number of nuclear weapons that could be delivered. In the annual Defense Department report in January, Secretary of Defense Harold Brown said that Washington possessed a total force of about 8,000 warheads on its land- and sea-based missiles, compared with 6,000 for Moscow.

Officials say that over the next five years the U.S. total is unlikely to change significantly. In 1985, they said, the land-based missile force would be equipped with about 2,100 warheads while sea-based rockets would carry about 5,700 warheads. Air Force bombers, they added, could deliver several hundred bombs and air-launched Cruise missiles.

During the same period, the officials said, the intelligence estimate says that without the new arms treaty Moscow could put as many as 11,000 warheads on its existing force of 1,400 land-based missiles, and as many as 5,000 additional warheads could be fitted to 950 submarine-launched rockets. Together with about 1,000 weapons that could be carried by Soviet bombers, the intelligence group's "high estimate" for Soviet warheads in 1985 is 17,000, officials said.

They added that, if the arms treaty is finally ratified, this total could be cut by about half. By placing a ceiling of 820 on land-based missiles equipped with multiple warheads and by freezing numbers of nuclear bombs that could be placed on individual missiles, the new accord, officials said, would permit Moscow to deploy only about 8,500 warheads through 1985.

Sale of Art Sets Record

(Continued from Page 1)

for the same price, establishing a record for the artist and tying the record for Post-Impressionist art.

Signac's "The Port of St. Tropez" sold for the record figure of $490,000 to a European private collector. Other high prices reached were the $1 million paid for Renoir's "Woman in Oriental Costume" and the $800,000 bid for Toulouse-Lautrec's "Woman Seated in a Garden," which had sold in 1965 for $105,000. The Degas "Dancing Girl" brought $600,000.

Bidding opened enthusiastically and quickly reached fever pitch as most of the paintings soared past Sotheby's most optimistic expectations. Dealers and collectors seemed in high spirits on what was the first session of a week of sales at Sotheby's and Christie's offering of more than $60 million worth of Impressionist, modern and contemporary art.

Automotive Fortunes

About half that figure is concentrated in collections formed by automotive fortunes — that of the Garbisches and of Henry Ford 2d, whose art — 10 paintings valued at $11 million — will be sold at Christie's tonight.

Mike Nichols, the movie director, who had said that he did not expect to buy anything at this week's sales, changed his mind and purchased Edouard Vuillard's "Self-Portrait" for $40,000, well above its top presale estimate of $30,000.

But Paloma Picasso, a daughter of the artist, went away empty-handed. Miss Picasso, who is in town for the opening of the Picasso show at the Museum of Modern Art May 22, said that she had been determined not to miss the auction. "I love that painting [the Saltimbanque] — that's why I came tonight," she commented. "I would be happy to have it in my collection."

Spanish King in Ecuador

QUITO, Ecuador, May 13 (UPI) — King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia were cheered warmly yesterday as they arrived for the start of the first visit by a Spanish monarch to Ecuador. Their six-day visit coincides with the 150th anniversary of Ecuadorean nationhood.

U.S. Judge Rules Carter's Fee on Gasoline Is Illegal

WASHINGTON, May 13 (UPI) — A federal judge today declared President Carter's 10-cent-a-gallon fee on gasoline unlawful, blocking it from taking effect Thursday.

U.S. District Judge Aubrey Robinson, in a 12-page ruling, said the gasoline conservation fee did not fall within the powers of the president and was "contrary to manifest congressional intent." Administration officials had said Mr. Carter had the power to impose such a fee because dependency on foreign oil threatened national security.

The injunction was requested in a suit filed by oil jobbers, consumers and five congressmen, who challenged the fee as an unconstitutional usurpation of Congress' power to tax. They contended the fee was not a conservation measure, but a disguised tax designed to balance the federal budget.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Britons Brace for Widespread Union Strike

LONDON, May 13 (AP) — Britons braced tonight for a day of union leaders' call for a "day of action" work stoppage to protest ative government policies shut down tomorrow's newspapers and ened to disrupt public transport.

Confusion reigned over how many members of the 12-million-Trades Union Congress would heed the call to stay away from w opinion poll conducted for the British Broadcasting Corp. found percent of union members opposed the protest action.

London hotels reported full houses tonight, packed with ordin muters staying in town as the only way of getting to the office to British Rail said its services would be negligible and London T warned that its services could be almost totally crippled by a walkout of signalmen.

French Strike Disrupts Press, Rail Service

PARIS, May 13 (AP) — No newspapers, sporadic electricity ca disruption of rail, subway and bus services and a near total intern mail delivery marked a "day of action" organized by three of major unions today.

Tens of thousands of demonstrators took to the streets of P other cities to protest government plans for major changes in t security system. The government claims it must reduce soaring he to avoid imposing new taxes.

Union spokesmen, who claimed the strike received 80-percent p tion, said they were pleased with the day's turnout as thousands across Paris under a banner which read: "Save the Social Secur response to the strike call varied widely, even in state transports tems, where some bus and rail lines had normal service while oth cut by two-thirds.

Celebration Is Set Today in Jerusalem

JERUSALEM, May 13 (AP) — Israeli Jews will celebrate tomo 13th anniversary of the capture and "reunification" of Jerusalem.

Jewish Jerusalem is bedecked in flags. Tanks covered with flow in public squares. Street parties and open-air concerts are planne brate the reunion of this once-divided city. In Arab Jerusalem, m are expected to resume their sporadic strikes in protest of what Israel's continuing occupation of Arab land. Extra police unit signed to patrol Arab East Jerusalem to guard against possible vio

Jerusalem's tourist-dependent Arabs have lived in uneasy co over the last 13 years with the city's Jewish population, which n bers more than 300,000.

Madrid Editor Faced With New Charges

MADRID, May 13 (UPI) — Liberal newspaper editor Juan Lu an, who was sentenced last week to three months in prison for has been charged again, this time on two counts of alleged offens the police.

Mr. Cebrian, 35, appeared before an investigating magistrate answer a charge of offending police for publishing allegations on a a woman who claimed she was tortured by police. A second inv magistrate ordered Mr. Cebrian to be tried on a charge of offendi by publishing last Dec. 15 a paid memorial to two youths killed during leftist demonstrations.

Mr. Cebrian's newspaper, El Pais, has charged that Spanish s vices recently turned over to the government "an enormous qu false evidence" that he and other influential Spanish journalists w pay of Soviet intelligence.

Oman Said to Drop Thr To Keep U.S. From Bas

By Michael Getler

WASHINGTON, May 13 (WP) — The government of Oman privately has informed Washington that it is again willing to proceed with a military facilities agreement, after threatening to cancel any agreement after the abortive U.S. hostage rescue mission in Iran, according to reliable sources.

In that mission, U.S. C-130 transport planes used airfields in Oman before entering and after leaving Iran without asking permission of the government of Sultan Qaboos bin Said.

When word was leaked that the U.S. planes used Omani airfields, it outraged the sultan who, while anxious to cooperate with the United States generally, is extremely sensitive to publicity about his links to Washington and to criticism of those links in other parts of the Arab world.

For the last six months — since the U.S. hostages were taken in Tehran and Soviet troops intervened in Afghanistan — the United States has been negotiatin governments of Oman, K Somalia. The objective is agreement under which U and planes would be allow to ports and airfields in th tries if there were an eme the Gulf.

Although the negotiati Oman were going well and tually completed at the ti U.S. rescue action on Apr final agreement had n signed. Furthermore, the cilities arrangement calls United States to give G vance notice that it inten the facilities.

After the abortive res State Department officials knowledged that the sultan was embarrassed and that t ment was in danger. But s U.S. diplomatic efforts, a carried out mostly by the bassador to Oman, rather special emissary sent fr ington, have succeeded in ing things again, sources sa

Of the three countries for the cilities arrangements sought, the ports and air Oman and on the Omani Masira probably are the portant because of their st cation at the mouth of the

The deal being negotiat Carter administration inv economic aid, some milit ance and some repair wor and airfields in the three in return for access.

However, the agreem Somalia is still nowhere clusion because Somalian for U.S. economic aid ab times higher than Washi willing to pay or Congres to approve — especial Somalia continues to be in a battle with neighboring in the disputed Ogaden gion.

Soviet Unit Tra Out of East Ger

BERLIN, May 13 (Re The Soviet Union today w unit of troops and equipm Brandenburg in northern many, under a unilateral of forces reduction begun

The East German new said 5,000 people saw th off, but it gave no detai numbers of men or the equipment involved. Th Army has had 39 artillery stationed in the Brandenbu

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هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

Social Spending

...nate Passes U.S. Budget ...lanced at $613.1 Billion

By Martin Tolchin

...HINGTON, May 13 (NYT) ... Senate voted 68-to-28 yester... adopt a $613.1-billion budg... fiscal 1981, tentiously bal... ...ith funds that had been ear... for a tax cut.

...ugh the priorities for spend... expected to remain fairly ..., the spending figures will ... change with changing ...ic conditions, which could ...e the Senate's intention to ...s first balanced budget in 12

...thing against its Budget ...ittee, which had recommend...

ed spending of $612.9 billion, the Senate responded to two of the strongest lobbies on Capitol Hill by voting an additional $600 million — $300 million for veterans' benefits and an equal amount for the postal service.

The funds for veterans would be offset by $300 million out of the $10 billion to $12 billion expected from oil import fees that the budget committees in both houses excluded from their revenue estimates. The postal increase, to restore the delivery of Saturday mail, would be offset by a $400-million reduction in all nonmilitary administrative expenses.

In addition, the Senate paved the way for possible repeal of the oil import fees by removing a budgetary restriction that would have blocked such a vote.

$1.3 Billion More

The Senate budget is $1.3 billion more than the $611.8-billion budget adopted by the House, which also responded to public concern over inflation and spiraling interest rates by setting a target of a balanced budget.

"We know the distress out in the country," said Sen. Ernest Hollings, D-S.C., who managed the budget proposal on the floor. "We know about the home builders, the automobile dealers, the savings and loan associations, the farmers," all of whom are suffering because of high interest rates, he said.

The Senate placed more emphasis on military spending than the House, and less on domestic outlays, providing $7.8 billion more for defense than the $147.9 billion approved by the House. This increase, far above the $150.5 billion recommended by President Carter, would be offset by redutions in funds for social programs. The Senate also provided $700 million in general revenue sharing, which was eliminated by the House.

For fiscal 1980, which ends Sept. 30, the Senate adopted a final budget of $566.4 billion, which is $5.2 billion less than the House figure.

Intense lobbying surrounded the budget-setting process, and 52 amendments were offered on the Senate floor. Differences between the House and Senate versions are to be worked out in a House-Senate conference beginning today.

The Senate voted 87-6 to restore $300 million in veterans' benefits, for a total of $21.3 billion, or $500 million less than under current law. The amendment was proposed by Sen. Strom Thurmond, R-S.C., who argued that planned reductions in veterans' benefits were far greater, proportionately, than reductions in other programs.

Military Spending

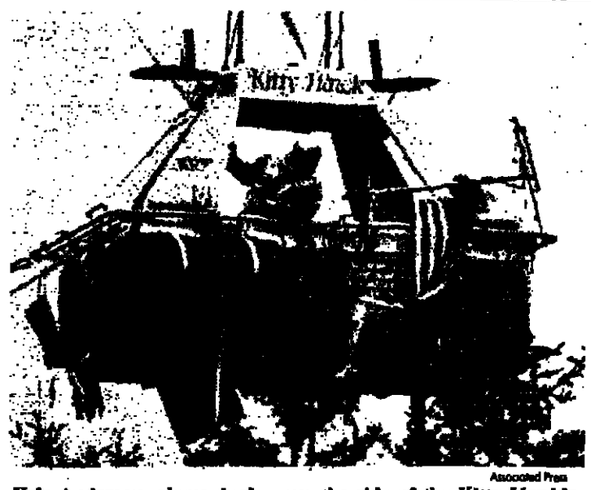
The Senate voted 60-36 to restore $300 million for postal services. This proposal was sponsored by Sen. David Pryor, D-Ark., as an amendment to an amendment offered by Sen. John Glenn, D-Ohio. The funds would be offset by a 1-percent reduction in administrative costs of all nonmilitary programs.

The House-Senate conferees are expected to compromise on a military spending figure close to the $150.5 billion proposed by Mr. Carter in March. The Senate is expected to yield on its insistence that $700 million be restored to revenue sharing — a proposal opposed by Sen. Hollings and a decisive majority of the Senate Budget Committee.

The additional $300 million in veterans' funds is expected to be retained, because the House provided $1.2 billion more for veterans than the $21 billion approved by the Senate.

While the House budget provides for a $2-billion surplus, the Senate budget is supposedly balanced, with a cushion provided by revenues from the oil import fee. The Senate estimated $900 million less in revenues than did the House, which also excluded the import fee from its estimates.

For health, the Senate povided $100 million more than the $61.8 billion provided by the House. For water resources, the Senate provided $400 million less than the $12.4 billion approved by the House. The largest difference between the House and the Senate concerns Social Security and other income security programs, with the Senate providing $1.8 billion less than the $220.1 billion approved by the House.



Associated Press

Kris Anderson, above, looks over the side of the Kitty Hawk's gondola as the balloon lands near Matane, Quebec. Later he joins his father Maxie, below right, for a toast to their voyage.



Associated Press

1st Nonstop Flight

Father-Son Team Crosses North America in Balloon

By John Noble Wilford

NEW YORK, May 13 (NYT) — Two men in a giant balloon completed a grueling, four-day voyage across North America yesterday, floating to rest in a field on the Gaspe Peninsula of eastern Canada. They had weathered stiff winds, skirted ominous storms and survived subzero temperatures to accomplish the first nonstop transcontinental balloon flight.

The weary but elated adventurers, 45-year-old Maxie Anderson and his 23-year-old son, Kris, also set a record for the longest overland voyage in a lighter-than-air vehicle. They traveled more than 3,100 miles, covering a straight-line distance of 2,817 miles, from their launching near San Francisco early Thursday to their landing outside Matane, Quebec.

A Canadian military helicopter that had been called to the scene aided in the final descent, its rotors creating a draft that pulled the balloon away from nearby trees and allowed it to land in a small clearing.

The elder Anderson, a businessman from Albuquerque, N.M., made ballooning history in August, 1978, when he, Ben Abruzzo and Larry Newman became the first to cross the Atlantic. In the Double Eagle II, named in honor of Charles Lindbergh's Lone Eagle, they flew from Presque Isle, Maine, to Miserey, France.

Unpredictable

Mr. Anderson described his latest achievement, in a 75-foot-tall helium-filled balloon named Kitty Hawk, as more difficult than the Atlantic crossing, though perhaps not as dangerous. Weather overland can be more unpredictable, and air turbulence caused by mountains and other terrain makes it impossible to plan routes or predict the destination.

Indeed, when the two men set out from California they were hoping, for symbolic reasons, to touch down at Kitty Hawk, N.C., the site of the first powered air flight by the Wright brothers. But the Andersons' fragile plastic balloon was swept off course by strong winds over Nevada and headed in a northeasterly direction. There was concern at times, an expedition official said, that the winds would drive the Kitty Hawk back west.

"We cycled from the heights of elation every day to the depths of depression," the elder Anderson said shortly after the landing. "To me and Kris it was an adventure. I think it tests your mettle."

The most recent attempt to cross North America in a balloon, a flight last September by the Da Vinci Transamerica balloon, was forced down by a thunderstorm in Ohio after a 2,003-mile flight from the Oregon coast.

Increasing Uncomfort

The Andersons said that they had no plans to attempt another balloon expedition anytime soon. But a spokesman for the expedition recalled that after the transatlantic flight in 1978, Mr. Abruzzo mentioned that he might someday try to fly around the world in a series of balloon journeys.

The father-and-son team began the flight shortly after midnight Thursday. They had been waiting since April 12 for favorable weather and winds.

The Andersons did not seriously consider aborting the flight at any time, though it was becoming an increasingly uncomfortable undertaking, said Pete Leavitt of Weather Services, a private meteorlogical company that assisted in the planning and execution of the expedition.

The men became airsick and were unable to eat for the last day and a half. For the last two days they had to wear their oxygen masks at all times, as their altitude was generally above 20,000 feet.

Hearing Held on Haitian, Cuban Refugees

Aide Says Carter Won't Use Asylum Power

By Lee May

WASHINGTON, May 13 (LAT) — The Carter administration will not be stampeded into directing that blanket asylum be given to thousands of Haitian and Cuban refugees by Thursday, an administration official said yesterday at a Senate Judiciary Committee hearing.

Facing a barrage of testimony favorable to granting blanket asylum before the president's authority to do so expires Thursday, Victor Palmieri, U.S. coordinator for refugee affairs, argued that Congress, when it passed the Refugee Act of 1980, did not intend for the president to have such power. "We are not going to be stampeded into acting by May 15," he said.

After Thursday, the president must consult Congress before granting asylum en masse to the 30,000 newly arrived Cubans and 25,000 Haitians who have fled their homelands in the last decade.

Kennedy Forum

Sen. Edward Kennedy, D-Mass., the committee chairman, interrupted months of virtually nonstop campaigning for the presidential nomination to hold the hearing. He used the hearing as a forum for criticizing President Carter's handling of immigration policy.

Aligning himself with members of the congressional Black Caucus, which also was represented at the hearing, Sen. Kennedy espoused the Haitian refugee cause. "It's quite clear the administration intends to keep the Cubans in here," he said. "I want to know whether under the parole authority it intends to take the Haitians in."

Later, at his regular meeting with reporters, presidential press secretary Jody Powell said, "I think most folks understand that the calling of those hearings had a lot more to do with the chairman's political ambitions than they did with the chairman's concern about the refugee problem."

During the hearings, Roman Catholic Archbishop Edward McCarthy of Miami gave an emotional account of the refugees' plight in coming to the United States by boat. "How they survived the 10- to 15-hour ride from Mariel [Cuba] is beyond my imagination," he said. "The miracle of the exodus is that so few drowned."

Warning to Vance

Archbishop McCarthy said he had warned former Secretary of State Cyrus Vance in 1978 that a crisis was developing in the nation's refugee policy and that something should be done to head it off. When the current influx began, the archbishop said, the U.S. government was unprepared.

Msgr. Bryan Walsh, director of Catholic Charities in Miami, also said that the U.S. government had been slow in helping refugees, especially in responding to Haitians, whom he called "solely dependent on community charity."

Repeatedly, the Carter administration was castigated by witnesses for not having a well-defined and equitable refugee policy. At the same time, strong feelings were expressed that the administration had not put enough blame on President Fidel Castro of Cuba and had not strongly encouraged other nations to take in refugees.

Mr. Palmieri defended the administration's efforts to get help by citing the 22-nation meeting last week in San Jose, Costa Rica, at which the United States, Costa Rica and Britain agreed to send a delegation to Cuba to try to persuade Mr. Castro to allow an orderly flow of refugees. It is not certain that Mr. Castro will receive the group.

Refugee officials, Mr. Palmieri said, plan to continue searching for new ways of dealing with the influx, including asking for additional funds.

Bahamas Seeks Damages From Cuba in Boat Attack

NASSAU, Bahamas, May 13 (Reuters) — The Bahamas is demanding reparations, an apology and guarantees on future conduct from Cuba after the sinking of a Bahamian patrol boat by Cuban Air Force jets.

The Nassau government said that the Flamingo, a defense patrol vessel, was sunk Saturday night as it was towing two Cuban fishing boats detained for alleged illegal fishing. Four Bahamian sailors are missing and presumed dead.

Cuba has said that its air force sank a boat that its pilots thought was a pirate vessel but that if it was a Bahamian defense craft it was sorry.

A six-man Cuban delegation arrived here yesterday, and Bahamian officials spelled out Nassau's demands, the government said.

The Bahamian government, which denounced the attack as an atrocious act of aggression, wants $4.5 million compensation for the Flamingo, as well as damages for deaths and injuries.

The Cuban delegation, headed by Delegrin Torras de la Luz, vice minister for foreign affairs, made no official comment, but one report said that the Cubans had expressed hope for "a friendly and honorable settlement."

In Havana, a communique from the domestic news agency said that Cuba wanted the affair settled in a friendly manner, and added: "We shall never be arrogant with the Bahamas. It is a small country that recently attained independence and will always be able to depend on our solidarity and respect."

On Sunday, Cuban aircraft were said by a Nassau government spokesman to have made low-level passes over Duncan Town on Ragged Island, 350 miles south of Nassau. The Flamingo survivors and the detained Cuban fishermen were taken to Duncan Town after the sinking.

In Nassau, an eyewitness from Duncan Town said that Cuban aircraft buzzed the area for four and a half hours, but left when two U.S. Air Force jets showed up.

Rights Abuses In Syria Cited By Jurist Group

GENEVA, May 13 (UPI) — The International Commission of Jurists today charged Syria with trying 27 persons in secret in February and sending five others to execution without trial.

The commission also reported the dissolution by decree of the Syrian Bar Association for demanding an end to the state of emergency and the abolition of the Court of State Security. "In the experience of the commission, this action is unprecedented," it said.

The Syrian Medical Practitioners Association and the Syrian Engineers Association have also been dissolved because they supported the Bar Association, the commission reported.

In February, it said, 27 persons were tried in secret by the Court of State Security with court-appointed defense lawyers who were refused permission to meet of speak to the defendants.

"The defendants denied their confessions, saying that they had been obtained under torture, but the reply of the judge was that there would be no confessions without torture," the commission said. Another five persons, students and workers, "were transferred to the Kafar Sousehs prison for execution without trial," it said.

Peru Frees Publisher Of *Leftist Magazine*

LIMA, May 13 (AP) — Augusto Zimmermann, publisher of Kausachum, a leftist magazine opposed to Peru's military regime, was freed Thursday after three months of imprisonment by the armed forces, his family reported yesterday.

Mr. Zimmermann was arrested Feb. 8 and charged in a military court with insulting national symbols and institutions and with sedition and inciting the civil guard to riot after the government put down a 48-hour strike by several hundred national police in the southern city of Cuzco. The strike followed articles in Kausachum that accused the government of corruption.

19 Killed in Java Crash

JAKARTA, May 13 (UPI) — A train crashed into a crowded bus at a railroad crossing in central Java last night, killing at least 19 persons and seriously injuring 54, police said today.

2 Dutch Charged In Surinam Plot

PARAMARIBO, Surinam, May 13 (UPI) — The ruling National Military Council yesterday presented to the press Johannes Cornelis Krol, a Dutch citizen accused of helping an attempted coup against the South American country's government. It also said a former Dutch minister had been involved. Surinam forces uncovered the plot last Monday.

Members of the council, who took power in a coup two months ago, called a news conference to show guns, gas masks, explosives and ammunition allegedly procured for the coup. Mr. Krol, accused of taking part in the plot, was brought before the press as well.

The council said that former Dutch Minister Jan Pronk Pronk had helped plan the coup and that a protest has been lodged with the Dutch government.

U.S. Jets Sent Out

WASHINGTON, May 13 (AP) — Two U.S. jet fighters were sent from Homestead Air Force Base near Miami after Cuban MiG-21s made three close passes at a U.S. Coast Guard helicopter on a search-and-rescue mission for the sailors missing in the Bahamas, a Pentagon spokesman said today. The spokesman said that the Cuban planes had disappeared by the time the Phantom F-4s arrived.

The U.S. State Department has lodged a strong protest, the spokesman said.

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...ympic Athlete ...ut of Eastern Vietnam, ...n Thailand

...BANGKOK, May 13 (UPI) — ...olete chosen for Vietnam's ... track and field team has ... country and has turned up ...ugee camp in southern Thai... Bangkok Post said today.

... Thien Tu, 22, told the news... that he was to have competed ... 800-meter and 1,500-meter ... the Moscow Olympics, but ... to leave Vietnam by sea ... that risk trying to defect ... Moscow this summer.

...aid that he and a group of ...payed about $900 each to ...small boat for their escape, ...y arrived at the Laem ...ugee camp on March 8.

...n, who won a bronze medal ...ing in the 1973 Southeast ...Peninsular Games in Singa... said that he decided to leave ...dary after receiving orders ...d final pre-Olympic training ...gary.

...cause of the security, I ...n't have been able to escape ...gary or in Moscow. And I ...speak English so I wouldn't ...een able to find the American ...sy there anyway," he said.



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Troops Deployed in Seoul

North Korea Is Rumored To Step Up Infiltration

SEOUL, May 13 (WP) — Troops were stationed at public buildings in Seoul in the early hours today as unconfirmed rumors spread of a North Korean attempt to step up infiltration in the South.

The soldiers, along with armored personnel carriers, were placed at major government buildings and newspaper offices at midnight and removed two hours later.

There was no public explanation for the action, but government officials were quoted as saying they had received intelligence reports suggesting that Communist forces intended to take advantage of widespread student unrest to increase infiltration.

U.S. military officials said, however, that they were unaware of any evidence of such a move.

The atmosphere in South Korea has been tense after repeated campus protests in the past two weeks. Students have demanded an end to martial law and criticized the civilian government for failing to spell out its plans for a new constitution and presidential election.

2,000 Demonstrate

Late today, after a two-day lull, students at Yonsei University staged the biggest off-campus demonstration so far. About 2,000 students split off from a larger crowd and charged through a university gate into the streets, clashing with riot police, who responded by throwing tear-gas canisters. No troops were on the scene.

U.S. military officials, meanwhile, confirmed an incident in the Demilitarized Zone separating the two countries. They said a United Nations Command police patrol last night had a brief exchange of fire with unknown forces in the buffer area. No one was injured.

North Korean authorities protested the shooting. The U.S. officials classified the incident as minor and said they had no evidence it was related to any infiltration from the North.

Several hours after the clash, the South Korean authorities moved small contingents of soldiers and personnel carriers to major buildings. One officer told the local press it was a training exercise to perfect mobilization efforts in the event of a Communist attack.

Troop Positions

Reporters were told that the evidence of North Korean infiltration plans stemmed from intelligence reports on the known positions of certain Communist units. They were told that at least two brigades believed to be trained in commando tactics had disappeared and could not be located by intelligence authorities. The report allegedly came initially from Japanese sources.

U.S. sources in Seoul said they knew nothing of the report. In Tokyo, the Japanese Defense Agency also disclaimed knowledge of it.

There was speculation in Seoul that the stationing of troops in the capital may have been related to attempts to silence the students. Yesterday, reports circulated that units would be sent onto college campuses, an action that the civilian government has tried to prevent.

During two weeks of demonstrations, students have clashed several times with riot police placed at campus gates to prevent the youths from moving out into the streets. Education Minister Kim Ok Gill has insisted that disciplining of students be left to the college authorities.

Last weekend, the troubles seemed to be over. The government canceled a series of public hearings on the proposed new constitution, a gesture to the students, who believe the constitution should be prepared and discussed by the National Assembly, not the civilian government, which contains many associates of the late president Park Chung Hee.



Associated Press

Pope John Paul II is saluted by a national policeman at Rome's Leonardo Da Vinci Airport after his six-nation trip in Africa.

Pope, Ending Africa Trip, Deplores Political Tumult

By Leon Dash

ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast, May 13 (WP) — Pope John Paul II, in his parting message to Africa, said yesterday that he was encouraged by the spiritualism he has encountered on the African continent but he deplored its post-independence record of political turbulence.

The pope also condemned the materialistic elite classes and rejected Marxism as a possible option for African development.

His last statement before returning to Rome repeated several themes that the pontiff has made in the 11 days of his six-nation African tour.

He welcomed the religious enthusiasm he found but added that in Africa "the temptation is big to demolish instead of build, to buy arms at great cost for populations which need bread, to want to grab power while the poor dream of peace, or to succumb to the drunken desire for profit benefiting a privileged class."

'Illusory Freedom'

"You do not have to run after artificial needs which give you illusory freedom or which lead you to individualism," he said to a huge crowd at Abidjan's Port Bouet airport. In an apparent reference to Marxism, the pope added, "You also do not need to delude yourselves about the virtues of ideologies which make you dream of a complete happiness which is always postponed until tomorrow."

During the trip's course of at least 75 speeches and sermons, the pope did not spell out to his consistently large audiences in central, east and west Africa which secular avenue was the best to follow for political and economic problems. The divergent political leadership in the countries he visited — Zaire, Congo, Kenya, Ghana, Upper Volta and the Ivory Coast — probably would have reacted negatively to what could have been interpreted as interference in their domestic politics.

He did step into several sensitive areas here, at one point admonishing the church's bishops in Africa to speak out on human rights violations, which could lead to strained relations between the church and African leaders.

Vatican sources traveling with the pope emphasized that he was speaking to all of Africa, but the pontiff tailored his themes at each stop to the particular country he was visiting. In the drought-stricken Sahelian country of Upper Volta, he chastized the industrialized West about not doing more to help with Africa's food needs. In the relatively affluent Ivory Coast, where he toured the Treichville slums of the Abidjan capital, he emphasized the chasm between the rich and poor.

At his first stop in Kinshasa, Zaire, the pope criticized African polygamy and told church leaders they must prepare their parishioners for a monogamous life.

Taut relations between the Catholic church and Zaire's autocratic ruler, Mobutu Sese Seko, have only recently been reconciled, but the pope told nine new bishops during a consecration ceremony that they must speak out when they feel that fundamental human rights and liberties are being violated.

"You must pronounce yourselves on ethical aspects of society every time fundamental human rights, liberties and the common good are at stake," the pope said in front of Kinshasa's archbishop, Joseph Malula. The archbishop has been openly critical of the Mobutu regime's human rights violations in the past but has been silent in the last year.

It was also in Zaire that the pope cautioned against the "Africanization" of the church's liturgy and teachings, but at later stops he encouraged his African audiences to "remember and safeguard their cultural roots" in all parts of their lives.

During a brief stop in Congo, at Brazzaville, where relations between the government and the Catholic Church also have been difficult, the pope was conciliatory. He asked the Congo's president, Col. Denis Sassou-Nguesso, that the church be allowed to operate in full freedom and promised it would not endanger the Marxist state.

Plea Against War in Africa

VATICAN CITY, May 13 (Reuters) — In an interview published today in L'Osservatore Romano, the Vatican's daily newspaper, the pope emphasized the responsibility of the West and the great powers not to involve Africa in war.

The pope, who returned last night, said: "A war would really be a disaster for this continent, for these young peoples, for the young political structures of these youthful states."

Dockers' Strike Paralyzes Most Swedish Ports

STOCKHOLM, May 13 (AP) — Although labor peace was restored to Sweden late Sunday night, when the employers federation and the labor union confederation agreed to accept a proposal from government-appointed mediators, the conflict was not yet fully solved yesterday after 10 days of strikes and lockouts.

One major sector was still in conflict. At midnight Sunday, all 2,500 members of an independent dock union went on strike, paralyzing most of Sweden's 30 ports. More than half of Sweden's exports have been affected by the move.

Only two of the biggest ports — Uddevalla and Gavle — were not affected by the strike.

The dock union members demand a 30-percent pay increase, better working conditions and the right to sign their own contracts.

The employers rejected the demands as totally unrealistic. No negotiations are expected to take place before a meeting tomorrow of the dock workers union's executive committe.

4 Die in Hungary Mine

BUDAPEST, May 13 (UPI) — Rescue workers have found the bodies of four miners trapped in a cave-in Friday at a coal mine in Dorog 25 miles from Budapest, authorities announced today. A fifth miner trapped behind a collapsed wall has not been found but is believed to have been killed.

Tied to Threats Against Qadhafi Opponents

Libya to Remove 4 Members of Mission in Londo

LONDON, May 13 (WP) — Libya has agreed under British government pressure to remove from its diplomatic mission here four Libyans accused of threatening anti-government Libyans living in London.

The British government had asked for the removal of the four unnamed men earlier this month, at about the same time that the United States ordered the expulsion of four members of the Libyan mission in Washington who were described by President Carter as "would-be assassins." After intensive diplomatic negotiations, Libyan leader Moamer Qadhafi agreed to the British request over the weekend.

Official sources disclosed today that the four were involved in kidnapping a Libyan student in a crackdown by Col. Qadhafi against political opponents abroad. But London's Daily Mail quoted the deputy head of Libya's "People's Bureau" or embassy, Khalifa al Azabi, as denying reports the mission is a base for assassination and intimidation squads hunting Libyan dissidents in Britain.

The announcement came as Libyan students loyal to Col. Qadhafi yesterday took over the Libyan embassies in Austria, East Germany, Poland, Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Turkey, Bangladesh and other countries. They announced that they were transforming them into committee run "people's bureaus" such as those similarly taken over in Washington, London and six other capitals last September.

The embassy takeovers were accomplished peacefully, according to spokesmen for the committees now running the missions.

In Washington, State Department official reported that about 20 Americans — mostly businessmen and teachers — were deported from Tripoli and arrived in Frankfort last night. The official said the Americans had said that at least two other Americans were being held in a Tripoli jail reserved for political prisoners. No official reasons were given for the deportations, he said.

A Tripoli radio broadcast said 25 Americans accused of espionage had been expelled, according to an French press reports.

Britain's deputy foreign secretary, Douglas Hurd, said in Parliament yesterday that the four Libyans being recalled by Col. Qadhafi "have been involved in activities incompatible with their functions" at the Libyan mission.

He said that there is no evidence directly implicating the four men in the slaying of two prominent Libyan expatriates in London in April. Three Libyan suspects have been in police custody since the killings, and three more are being sought.

Three other Libyan exiles have been slain in Rome and one in Bonn. Government officials in several capitals suspect that these crimes are connected to the transformation of the Libyan embassies into people's bureaus and to recent official Libyan pronouncements calling for "physical liquidation of the enemies of the revolution abroad."

Meanwhile, a Swiss newspaper said today that Col. Qadhafi's regime has arrested more than 2,000 persons and executed hundreds of them over the past few months.

Neue Zuercher Zeitung said that various sources had provided identical information about the crackdown. It said that most of those arrested were of middle-class backgrounds and included ranking army officers, civil servants, students and businessmen.

France Arrests Writer

PARIS, May 13 (AP) — A French writer has been arrested and accused of having close relations with a foreign power — reportedly Libya — and with attempting to compromise French policy in Africa, the French State Security Court announced today.

Sources said that counterespionage agents picked up Roger Delpey, 54, as he was leaving the Libyan Embassy in Paris on Saturday. The court did not name the country involved. Said Hafiane, head of Libya's "People's Bureau," denied knowing Mr. Delp thing about the affair.

Search in Bonn

BONN, May 13 (UPI) today mounted a search f Libyans that they said ha the killing of a former Lib mat in Bonn and were pla ther assassinations of opp Col. Qadhafi. A Libyan has charged with manslа connection with the murd urday of Omran el-Mehda

A spokesman for g prosecutors investigating der said that there were signs of a conspiracy a byan exiles in West Ger that police protection ha dered for exiles thought gets of death threats.

Package Could Exceed $500 Million

Bonn Readying Military Aid for Turk

By Joseph Fitchett

PARIS, May 13 (IHT) — West Germany is putting the final touches on a military aid package to Turkey that could exceed $500 million, rearming NATO's largest land army and constituting West Germany's largest single arms assistance act, West German Foreign and Defense Ministry officials said today.

They said that the Bonn government views the military aid as a major West German contribution to the West's collective effort to reinforce NATO defenses after the Iranian revolution and the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

The plan, extending over several years, will enable Turkey's armed forces to acquire hundreds of West German-made Leopard tanks and Milan anti-tank missiles, the sources said. There are also indications that West Germany will pass on its F-104 Starfighter aircraft to Turkey as the West German Air Force takes delivery of new Tornado fighters.

The arms package — which is to be submitted for West German parliamentary and Cabinet approval in the coming weeks so that it can be announced at a NATO ministerial meeting late next month in Turkey — is intended to bolster the Western alliance along its southern flank and in the eastern Mediterranean.

Crucial Pivot

West Germany strategists view Turkey as a crucial pivot in Western defenses. "It's much more vulnerable than people think," a West German general said, adding: "It's better to do something effective in Turkey than to bluster in the Persian Gulf."

West German officials say that they have been disappointed by what they call the unenthusiastic response from the United States and other NATO countries when asked to share the cost of the Turkish arms package.

West Germany therefore is putting up the bulk of the funds, an amount larger than its $295-million contribution to the $1.16-billion economic aid program for Turkey announced last month by the Organization of Economic Development and Cooperation.

"Our armor package will revive Turkey's capability for tank warfare along its long Soviet frontier," a West German political-military adviser explained. The package will also provide facilities to rehabilitate the U.S.-supplied M-48 tanks, which are the workhorse of Turkey's aging armor force.

Boost to Morale

The new generation of hardware is expected to have a political impact in Turkey and boost the morale of the 650,000-man army. "We want to keep the army from falling apart," a West German officer said, adding — in contrast to the Iranian Army under the shah — that the Turkish Army has an acknowledged role as a stabilizing force in Turkey.

A West German diplomat said: "There is a broad political consensus in Turkey that the army ought to be modernized, NATO missions and it missions."

West Germany has be jor military benefactor and supplied funds and when the United States military cooperation wi from 1975 to 1978 over t vasion of Cyprus. Wes military aid to Turkey sin estimated at nearly $1 West German experts.

To balance its assistan key, West Germany also tary aid to Greece. But t is much smaller — less million since 1964.

West Germany does political conditions on its indicate that we hope C reintegrate NATO fully Turkey will help solve t problem," a West Germ said, "but we make it we're not involved."

Sindona Tries To Kill Himself

NEW YORK, May 13 (UPI) — Italian financier Michele Sindona, 59, who was convicted on federal charges of engineering the collapse of the Franklin National Bank, tried to commit suicide in his Manhattan jail cell today, authorities said.

Homer Holland, chief correctional supervisor of the Metropolitan Correctional Center, said that at about 3 a.m., a guard "on routine patrol observed Sindona cut his left wrist," then stopped him and called for medical help.

A prison doctor tried for about 15 minutes to stop Sindona's bleeding, Mr. Holland said. The former financier was then sent to a hospital, where he was conscious and in critical but stable condition.

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Dr. Henry Kissinger, former U.S. Secretary of State, Adnan Janabi, Head of OPEC's Department of Economics and Finance, and Ulf Lantzke, Executive Director of the International Energy Agency, will be featured speakers at a conference on "The Energy Emergency: Oil and Money 1980," to be held June 19 and 20 in London.

Sponsored by the International Herald Tribune and the U.S. based daily energy newspaper, The Oil Daily, this two-day working seminar will be designed to assist senior executives, particularly those involved in energy, finance and closely related fields, in determining business strategies for the early 1980's.

The outlook for supply and demand will be presented by Dr. Janabi and by Herman Franssen, Chief Economist of the IEA, with John Lichtblau, Executive Director of the Petroleum Industry Research Foundation, moderating the session.

Heads of three major oil companies, Abdulhady Taher of Petromin, Herbert Goodman of Gulf and Marcello Colitti of ENI, will discuss oil market strategies for the 1980's. Frank Ikard, former President of the American Petroleum Institute, will chair their discussion.

The conflicts—and possible areas of agreement—on recycling surpluses will be examined by Taki Rifai of Banque Arabe Internationale d'Investissements and Kevin Pokenham of Amex Bank Limited.

A major session will also be devoted to the financing of future energy needs, with presentations by Nureddin Farrag, Chief Executive of Arab Petroleum Investments Corp., Harold Hammer, Vice-President of Chase Manhattan Bank's Petroleum Division, Javier Perez Pijoan of National Financiera de Mexico and Frank Zarb, former Director of the U.S. Federal Energy Agency.

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Obituaries

Bishop Henry Sherrill, 89, Liberal Churchman in U.S.



Bishop Sherrill
. . . in 1950 photo

NEW YORK, May 13 (NYT) — The Rt. Rev. Henry Knox Sherrill, 89, who was the most influential church leader in the United States after World War II and the retired presiding bishop of the Episcopal Church, has died at his home in Cambridge, Mass.

Bishop Sherrill, who died Sunday, was among the handful of churchmen mainly responsible for moving the major Protestant denominations toward a more liberal and ecumenical outlook in the 15 years following the war, when church growth was reaching record levels.

Tall and ruddy-faced, Bishop Sherrill was a fixture among church leaders whose opinions were widely sought and whose ideas often helped push into the forefront of discussions about the mission and purpose of the churches. He and his associates adopted a genteel approach that fitted easily into the progressive complacency of the 1950s, controversial issues causing much strife.

As the presiding bishop of the Episcopal Church from 1946 to 1958, Bishop Sherrill brought his talents for speaking and leadership to the advocacy of such causes as birth control, racial justice, a more liberal church stance toward divorce and the quest for church unity.

First Head of NCC

He was chosen in 1950 as the first president of the National Council of Churches, an ecumenical agency organized in 1949. He was also among those who helped forge the World Council of Churches and he served as one of its six presidents from 1954 to 1961.

Church unity, whereby denominations could resolve their differences, was to Bishop Sherrill the key to the renewal of Christianity in society.

"I feel that unless we can get a new spiritual outlook in the hearts of men and women," he once said, "no matter what plans for international cooperation are made, little can be accomplished. I think that we must, as far as possible, a united Christian approach to world problems is essential. How can we expect other nations to cooperate when we evidence so little ability at cooperation ourselves?"

From his years at Yale, from which he was graduated in 1911 with a bachelor's degree, and at Episcopal Theological School in Cambridge, Mass., his manner, charm and amiability made him popular and a natural choice to take responsibility. At the age of 39, he was elected bishop of Massachusetts and at 55 became one of the Episcopal Church's youngest presiding bishops, a unanimous choice of the church's 1946 general convention.

His active ministry continued after he stepped down as presiding bishop. In 1966, he was among 85 church leaders who urged Pope Paul VI to support artificial birth control.

Bishop Sherrill, who was born in Brooklyn, N.Y., assumed the national office after 16 years as bishop of Massachusetts. He had begun his ministry in 1914, fresh from the seminary, as a curate at the Trinity parish in Boston.

From 1917 to 1919, Bishop Sherrill was an Army chaplain in Europe. When he returned to Massachusetts, he became the rector of the Church of Our Saviour in Brookline, Mass. He remained there until Trinity chose him as its rector in 1923.

— KENNETH A. BRIGGS.

Lillian Roth

NEW YORK, May 13 (NYT) — Lillian Roth, 69, the actress and singer who related her struggle against alcoholism in the book, "I'll Cry Tomorrow," died last night in a nursing home here.

Miss Roth entered show business when she was 6 and soon was part of a "kidlet" act with her younger sister. She graduated to a single act in vaudeville and went on to be a star in musical comedy and films and a crowd pleaser in nightclubs.

In "I'll Cry Tomorrow" (1954), written in collaboration with Gerold Frank, Miss Roth graphically retold her story of being guided into show business by her parents, of her early successes and tragic romances, and of her bouts with depression and drinking before she made a comeback.

In 1956, a movie of the same name was made from it, starring Susan Hayward.

Miss Roth was born in Boston to the former Katie Silverman of Boston and Arthur Rutstein of Russia, and got her first acting job in 1916 with a film company in New York City. By 1928, at the age of 17, she was on Broadway, performing in Earl Carroll's "Vanities of 1928" and Ziegfeld's "Midnight Follies."

The next year, she went to Hollywood, where she acted with Maurice Chevalier and Jeanette MacDonald in "The Love Parade" and won the role of Huguette in Paramount Pictures' "The Vagabond King." Such films as "Honey," "Animal Crackers," with the Marx Brothers, "Madam Satan" and "Take a Chance" followed.

But the 1930s were a series of professional triumphs and personal disasters for Miss Roth. She was reported to have earned more than a $1 million during that time and to have lost it through drinking.

In 1945, she committed herself to a mental hospital and later joined Alcoholics Anonymous and began the comeback attempt that led to her book and her 1962 performance in the Broadway musical "I Can Get It for You Wholesale."

She subsequently had a number of stage, film, and television roles.

High Court Bars Plan for Atlanta Area Desegregation

By Jim Mann

WASHINGTON, May 13 (LAT) — The U.S. Supreme Court dealt a new blow to advocates of metropolitan school desegregation yesterday by barring any integration plan that would combine the predominantly black Atlanta public school system with the mostly white school systems of the surrounding suburbs.

By a vote of 5 to 3, the court upheld the decision of a lower court rejecting any form of "interdistrict" metropolitan school desegregation for the schools of the Atlanta area. The lower court held last September that the U.S. Constitution does not require it to correct what it called "persistent social patterns," such as housing segregation.

The justices merely affirmed the decision of the lower court without writing any opinions of their own. The action, however, sets a legal precedent.

The outcome of the case, Armour vs. Nix, distressed civil rights and civil liberties lawyers, who said it might pose a serious obstacle to their efforts to persuade courts to impose metropolitan desegregation in other cities.

William Taylor, a civil rights lawyer with the Center for National Policy Review, said the decision was "certainly a setback."

In a typical school desegregation case, authorities seek or are ordered to improve the racial mixture within the schools of a single city, county or school system. Under a metropolitan plan, however, the school systems of several districts within the same area may be joined together as a means of making those schools more heterogeneous.

Civil rights groups often argue that metropolitan desegregation provides the only means for stopping the trend toward high concentrations of minorities in the school systems of large cities.

In 1974, however, the Supreme Court limited the authority of federal judges to order metropolitan desegregation. Acting in a case from Detroit, the court held that judges should confine desegregation plans to a single district except in cases where they find that state or suburban authorities committed some form of "interdistrict" violation.

The Detroit decision left open the possibility of metropolitan desegregation where suburban jurisdictions contribute to school segregation through housing and zoning policies that keep minorities out of the suburbs.

In the Atlanta case, where the 75,000-student Atlanta public school system is more than 86 percent black, civil rights lawyers alleged that long-standing housing discrimination had kept blacks inside the city.

But the lower court disagreed. It found that the policies that may have led to school segregation "have either been remedied or are in the process of being remedied."

In another action yesterday, the justices rejected without comment a final effort by political activists Thomas Hayden and Jane Fonda to obtain the files kept on them by the National Security Agency, the federal intelligence agency that monitors overseas telephone calls, cables and other communications. Mr. Hayden and Miss Fonda had filed a lawsuit under the Freedom of Information Act.

Miranda Defined

WASHINGTON, May 13 (NYT) — In an action defining for the first time the "interrogation" it prohibited in its landmark Miranda decision, the Supreme Court ruled yesterday that an offhand remark by a police officer did not violate a murder suspect's rights even though the remark led the suspect to incriminate himself.

The 6-to-3 decision reinstated the murder conviction of a Rhode Island man who led the police to the murder weapon after one officer expressed the fear that students at a nearby school for handicapped children might find the gun and hurt themselves.

The 1966 Miranda decision required the police to advise a criminal suspect of his right to consult a lawyer and required the interrogation to stop as soon as the suspect invoked that right. The court said yesterday that the Miranda safeguards take effect only when "a person in custody is subjected to either express questioning or its functional equivalent."

Sicily Links 14 To Drug Ring

PALERMO, Sicily, May 13 (AP) — Fourteen Sicilian Mafia suspects were charged with criminal association in connection with alleged involvement in a ring smuggling narcotics from the Middle East for export to the United States, authorities reported today.

Six persons, including Giovanni Bontade, 34, son of a reputed Mafia chieftain, were arrested. Eight were being sought. Gaetano Badalamenti, reputed chief of a Mafia family of Cinise, was among those wanted, police said. Court sources reported that the Mafia suspects acted in connection with Cosa Nostra members in the United States.

Film on Saudi Princess Is Aired in U.S.

NEW YORK, May 13 (UPI) — Protests by Saudi Arabia, court suits and bomb threats failed to deter the majority of Public Broadcasting Service television stations from showing "Death of a Princess" last night.

The show went on despite callers who lit up station switchboards voicing concern over the program's accuracy and its effect on relations with the principal oil supplier of the United States. Only seven of the country's 240 PBS stations failed to broadcast the two-hour film.

The controversy surrounding the British-made film — which relates the executions of a 19-year-old Saudi princess and her commoner lover — began weeks ago and intensified in the days before the showing. Mobil Oil Corp. took out full-page newspaper ads saying that showing the film would be contrary to the national interest. The Saudi government and the U.S. State Department asked PBS not to show it.

Ambassador's Letter

Petitions were filed — and dismissed — in Atlanta and San Francisco to stop the broadcast. A Houston judge ordered the local station to show the film, and the U.S. Supreme Court refused to overrule an appeals court order overturning the Houston ruling.

Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher forwarded a letter to PBS last week from Saudi Ambassador Sheikh Faisal Alhegelan saying that the dramatized documentary used "simplistic stereotypes, innuendo and other deliberate contrivances repeatedly to abuse and insult Arabs."

After the program was shown in Britain last month, the British ambassador to Saudi Arabia was expelled.

KTCA-TV in Minneapolis and KLRN in Austin, Texas, received bomb threats before the program. At the PBS affiliate in Des Moines, Iowa, off-duty police officers were hired for security during the showing.

In New York, WNET said that it received more than 1,000 calls during the weekend from people concerned with the conflict between political expediency and the free-speech guarantees of the First Amendment. But only a trickle came in last night, the station said. Many who called stations after the showing said they wondered what all the fuss was about.

Belgian Priest Killed In Guatemalan Town

GUATEMALA CITY, May 13 (AP) — Unidentified masked men shot and killed a Belgian priest as he walked near his church yesterday in Santa Lucia Cotzumalguapa, 56 miles southwest of here, police said. No group claimed responsibility for the slaying of Walter Voordeckers, 43, who was assigned to the parish four years ago.

In Zacapa, 90 miles east of here, an extreme-right activist wounded by presumed leftists on April 18 was shot to death in his hospital bed yesterday by two masked men. Police said the attackers entered the hospital, disarmed a policeman guarding Luis Alberto Orellana Alvarez, then killed the patient.

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all Street Journal Wins eversal of Ban in Dallas

LLAS, May 13 (UPI) — The Street Journal has succeeded tting a judge to lift his court restraining publication of a on an oil and cement compased in Dallas.

esponse to a request by Jourttorneys, State District Judge Fish, citing "time requirefor a factor in his decision, day reversed the temporary restraining order he had issued Friday.

The Journal published the story as scheduled today, along with a story on the legal difficulties encountered in getting the story printed.

Shareholders of the company, OKC Corp., coincidentally met today to consider selling the company.

The story said OKC Chairman Cloyce Box, a former Detroit Lions football player, may soon be indicted for violation of federal securities laws for taking kickbacks. The story quoted government reports that OKC charged "friendly" brokers too little for refined oil products.

Judge Fish's original order said the newspaper should refrain from publishing a story on the company until a hearing could be conducted May 16. The story was based in part on a confidential report on OKC financial transactions prepared by a Dallas law firm for the OKC board of directors.

Journal lawyers claimed the order was unconstitutional in its prior restraint of publication.

In a 1½-hour hearing yesterday, Judge Fish said he understood the report was prepared "for the eyes of the company's board members only. But one board member gave his copy to an employee, who gave it to another employee, who later quit the company, and he gave a copy to the Wall Street Journal."

"We are delighted at the outcome," Journal spokesman David Kemp said from New York City. "We find any kind of prior restraint to be repugnant and continue to feel that way."

Legal specialists had said that even though Judge Fish's order was issued by a Texas court, it effectively would have barred the Journal from printing the article in papers printed at any of the dozen printing plants it uses nationwide.

IRA Says It Slew Ulster 'Informer'

BELFAST, May 13 (UPI) — The Irish Republican Army kidnapped a man and killed him today because he told British troops about an ambush waiting for them, an IRA spokesman said.

The body of the man, whose identity was withheld by police, was found near Crossmaglen, in the heart of what British troops call "IRA bandit country." His head was covered with a blood-stained hood and police refused to approach it for fear that it had been booby-trapped.

An IRA spokesman called a news agency to say that the body was that of Anthony Shields of Crossmaglen. Mr. Shields was kidnapped last night, the IRA spokesman said, and killed because he admitted under interrogation giving information to local police about IRA activities, particularly where the IRA had planted a bomb, which was to be used to blow up a British Army convoy last October.

Climbers Abandon Try

KATMANDU, Nepal, May 13 (UPI) — A seven-member British expedition has abandoned its attempt to scale the 7,245-meter Langtang Lirung in central Nepal, the Tourism Ministry said today.

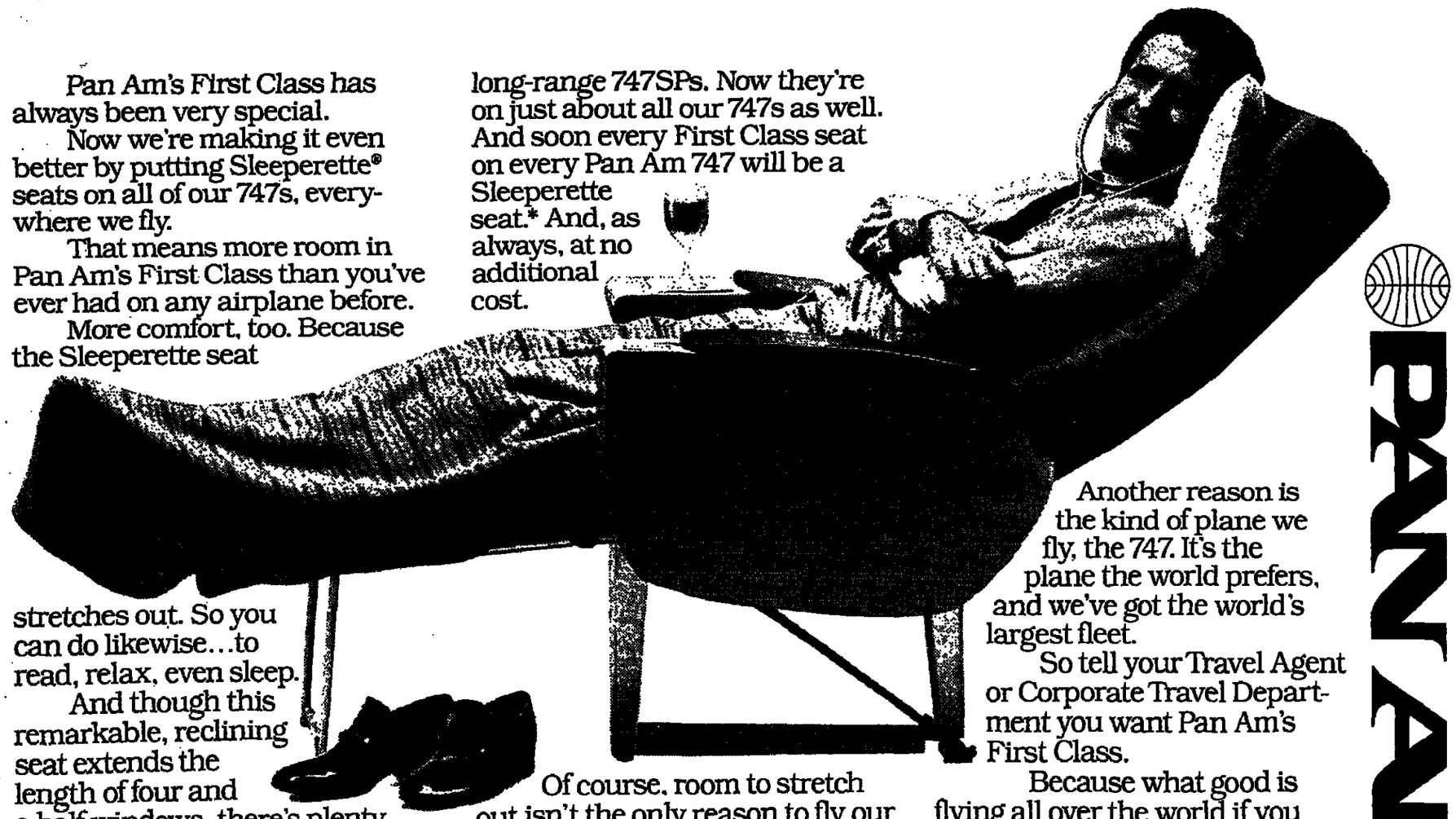
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PAN AM

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 6 Wednesday, May 14, 1980

A Need for Solutions

Over the next few weeks leaders of East and West will meet within their blocs and with one another. Two of the occasions, the anniversaries of the establishment of the Warsaw Pact and the signing of the state treaty guaranteeing Austria's neutrality, commemorate events that have helped shape the last 25 years. The other gatherings will bring together leaders of the Alliance in an economic summit and in the West's dominant postwar political institutions, NATO and the EEC. This unusually intense concentration of consultations and negotiations, rich in historical overtones, comes at a time when U.S. foreign policy is widely perceived as directionless; when tension, poor communications and mistrust are major components of the relationship between the United States and its allies, and when Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany is raising the specter of 1914.

Discussions will range from how to coax the Russians out of Afghanistan to the price of EEC butter — or how much of it to sell to the Russians while the Red Army is carving up its southern neighbor and giving aid and comfort to the Ayatollah Khomeini. At the EEC meetings, there will be debate on sanctions against Iran, the British budget contribution and the Common Agricultural Policy. At NATO, there will be much talk about what would constitute a fair trade-off by the Soviet Union for a NATO decision not to deploy Pershing-2 and Cruise missiles in Europe. In Vienna, Secretary of State Edmund Muskie and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko are likely to do no more than sound each other out and perhaps agree to meet again. In Warsaw, the Soviet marshals will probably rattle their missiles and satellite killers and warn the West of the dire consequences of any aggression against the Soviet Union and its fraternal allies.

But despite the appearance of hyperactivity, nothing of transcending importance is likely to happen. A temporary solution could be reached in the British budget dispute and there might be a decision of whether to reduce the EEC butter mountain by 35,000 tons or 60,000 tons. Perhaps there will be agreement between the EEC countries on giving full support to the U.S. economic boycott of Iran and maybe Japan will be persuaded not to pay $35 a barrel for Iranian oil. Perhaps the Community will even decide on a joint policy on the Olympics. But even with the best possible results, the West is still going to look like what it is — a highly contentious family. The real need now is for a joint examination of priorities within the Alliance. There is a range of over-arching issues on which agreement is possible. The following could serve as a starting point:

- Maintaining the arms balance at a level that guarantees mutual strategic deterrence. (Since there seems to be general agreement within the Alliance that SALT-2 would advance that cause, the treaty should be snatched back from Congress and packaged with increased arms expenditures and theater missile deployment as a means to that end.)
- Construction of a conventional and tactical-nuclear Western defense system that will discourage Soviet adventurism of the Afghan variety.
- Working as rapidly as possible toward energy independence in the industrialized democracies. (The policy should counter any OPEC move to discourage the West from developing alternative energy sources by linking the price of oil to its replacement cost. The issue is independence, not price.)
- Seeking the kind of mutually beneficial detente that would embrace the other objectives.

Until the United States and its allies reach agreement on the fundamentals and how to deal with them, the Soviet Union, with its essentially opportunistic and exploitative approach to foreign policy, will continue to take advantage of the disarray. Dan Fisher, Moscow correspondent of the Los Angeles Times, quoted a Soviet official as saying, "We'll never split the [NATO] Alliance militarily, but there is already a serious split over approach." There will, of course, always be policy differences in NATO, but where they involve relations with Moscow and critical joint interests, they should be resolved internally through consultation and compromise. A consistent approach does not require unanimity of opinion. It does require subordination of national goals to Alliance goals.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.

A West Bank Eulogy

The diplomacy of the living is too often sacrificed to respect for the dead, and nowhere more than in the battlegrounds of the Middle East. The terror-killing of Israelis is regularly cited to justify terror against Arabs, and the other way around. And observers far from the danger zone are expected to fall silent before the grave, disqualified by distance from any opinion about the slaughter and the policies that produce it. Martyrdom thus becomes not an attribute of the fallen but a weapon for those who fight on, justly or not.

It happened again last week as Israel mourned the six persons ambushed in Hebron 11 days ago, the day after a young Palestinian was killed while allegedly assaulting the Israeli military governor of the West Bank. Many Israelis concluded wisely in their grief that such violence is the inevitable fruit of a policy of provocative settlement and annexation of the region. But many also heard only a call to violent vengeance. And at the consecration of new martyrs, U.S. critics of the Begin government's West Bank policy were expected to show only silent respect for the dead.

We are deeply indebted, therefore, to the U.S. parents of one of the Hebron victims for their graveside wisdom. Their son, James Eli Mahon Jr., turns out to have been a sad and dangerous figure who loved to kill, particularly in a cause that fulfilled the religiosity and aggressive anti-Communism to which he was reared. Not content with a full measure of killing in Vietnam, he finally turned up in Israel as Eli Hazeev, changed his religion and gravitated to the most fanatic and violent fringe groups that encouraged his stalking the West Bank in search of new victims.

Hazeev's father, a retired U.S. Air Force colonel, refused at the funeral to accept a rabbi's assurance that his son had died in a holy cause. The father said he was grateful for the attempted solace but regretful about the tactics his son had chosen to live by. Hazeev's mother put it even more succinctly, and universally: "We keep honoring the dead," she said. "But they were dead wrong."

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The Saga of Agent Orange

Vietnam veterans have so far been unable to get what should be theirs by right: serious attention from the Pentagon and the Veterans Administration to their claims of having been harmed by exposure to the defoliant Agent Orange. It is a sorry spectacle.

The Air Force's study of its men who were exposed was supposed to have begun last fall. It still hasn't begun. And in a review published this past week, a panel of experts from the National Academy of Sciences concluded that the study plan had "major weaknesses that would preclude attainment of the stated study goals" and that would "prevent the researches from identifying even a moderately strong effect" of exposure to Agent Orange. The reviewers concluded that the number of men to be studied was too small and that the planned medical examinations focused on too many possible effects but none of them in sufficient detail.

Were it not for traditional interservice rivalries and bureaucratic inertia, the key failing could be easily corrected, for in addition to the 1,200 exposed Air Force personnel, a much larger number of Army and Marine men were exposed to the herbicide. The Marines can identify about 6,000 men who were in areas sprayed with Agent Orange on the same day as the spraying. Unfortunately, the Air Force has so far indicated no willingness to include other services' men in its study.

The National Academy panel also felt that it was "inappropriate" for the Air Force or the Department of Defense to do this study, and strongly recommended that one or the other should provide funding for another group to design and conduct a study. In its response, the Air Force has announced that the academy's recommendations will be referred to yet another review group for "an examination of how the study should be conducted and by whom."

While all of this is happening — or not happening — the people being hurt are the vets, some of whom are desperately afraid of increased risks of cancer or of fathering deformed children. There should be a single large study, funded by the government, but carried out by the best possible outside experts. With quick congressional action, it could be under way within a few months.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

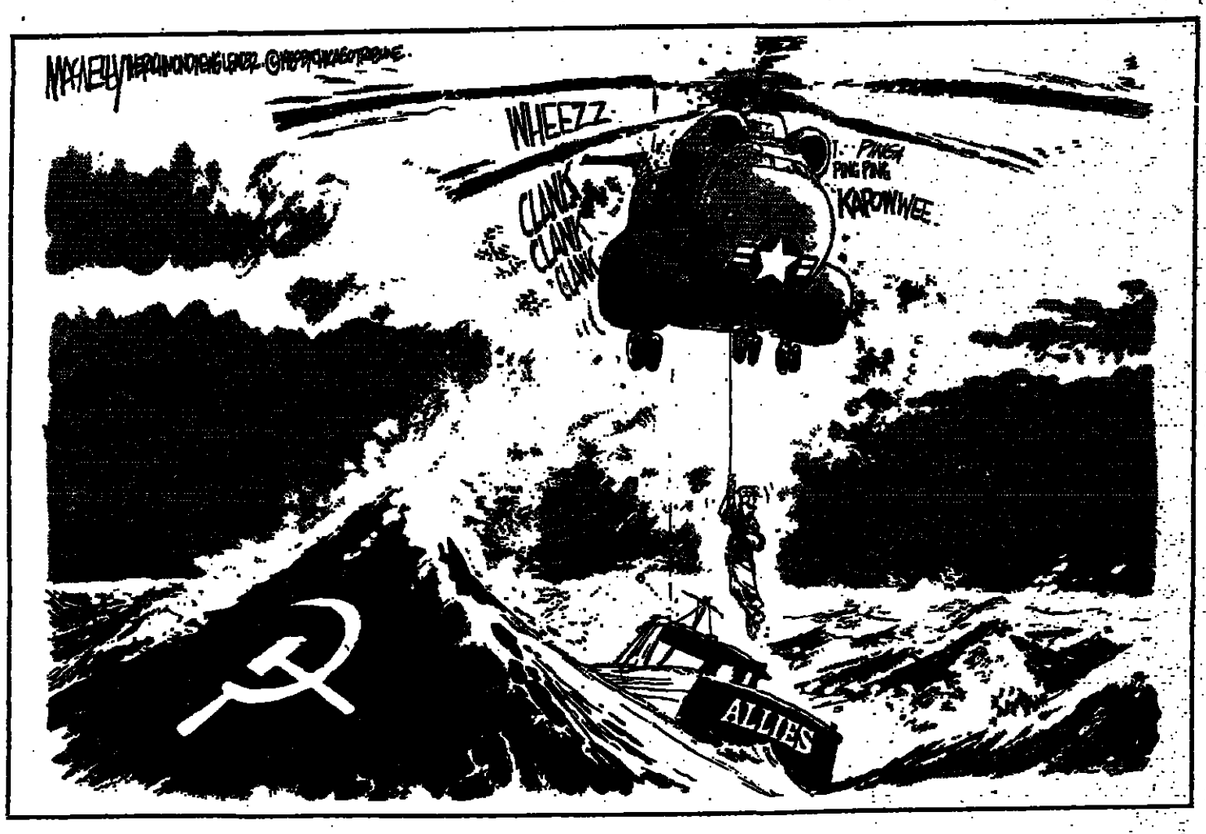
May 14, 1905

BAD NAUHEIM, Germany — The Herald's correspondent reports: "All sorts of alarmist rumors have been circulated respecting the state of health of John Hay, the U.S. secretary of state. There have been some who stated he would never return to work. To settle the matter once and for all, I came here to find out at the fountainhead what was the true state of things. Let me say at once that Mr. Hay is very good health. He was inclined to be fretful and irritable when he first arrived here, and indeed, after taking three baths he resolved to go away, but friends persuaded him to remain. Today Mr. Hay takes his 14th bath and he is going through the entire cure of 21."

Fifty Years Ago

May 14, 1930

OSLO — Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, author, lecturer and statesman, but primarily, and to the last, an arctic explorer, died here today aged 68. A year ago, while in New York, he was engaged in an ambitious plan to make a complete circuit of the Arctic Ocean in the Graf Zeppelin this spring. The aim was to wrench the few geographical and meteorological secrets still remaining in the regions around the North Pole, which he was the first to pierce in a systematized scientific manner. His greatest expedition, from 1893-7, took him beyond the 86th parallel, much farther than any arctic expert had though possible, and within only four degrees from the pole.



Anderson: Toward a Balanced Budget

By John B. Anderson

At the request of the International Herald Tribune, the major candidates for president have submitted articles outlining their positions on foreign and domestic affairs. The series, which began last week with the foreign policy statements, resumes today with the domestic articles.

CANDIDATES '80

WASHINGTON — America is in an economic quagmire. A 20 percent inflation rate, an interest rate near 20 percent, a collapsing bond market and a stagnant stock market threaten to erode the financial foundations of our economy, while a deepening recession in times of inflation is imposing great hardships on many of our citizens. The five critical problems of inflation, energy, investment, unemployment and productivity must be resolutely addressed and solved through hard choices and sacrifice.

Credit Demands

The crisis of inflation is not merely an economic problem. It is also a social problem since it undermines confidence in the integrity of the government. Inflation is an irrational and regressive tax on the American people. It destroys the premises for financial planning, and clouds our very sense of future well being. While effort and sacrifice must come from all quarters, the government must take the prime responsibility for controlling inflation. The time has come to consider studying a temporary wage and price freeze, during which time we should also consider tax measures designed to insure compliance through incentives and penalties once the temporary freeze is lifted.

If we are to begin to fight inflation in a serious long-term manner, however, the federal budget must first be balanced. The present credit demands of the federal government have pushed interest rates to record highs and crowded out the credit needs of small businessmen and consumers. The federal debt has fueled inflationary pressures and raised inflationary expectations. For these reasons I have presented a series of 37 specific budget cuts and two revenue increases designed to balance the budget for fiscal 1981. Each of the recommendations requires national sacrifice. No segment of society, however, should be asked to bear a disproportionate share of the burden. The budget I have proposed is both fiscally sound and socially responsible. To provide a future check on government spending, I have proposed statutory restraints on the growth of government spending.

Federal fiscal restraint is an initial and essential step in halting inflation. It will not, however, succeed unless we also reduce our dependence upon foreign oil and increase business investment and productivity.

Both our national security and our economic stability are threatened by America's excessive dependence upon foreign oil. The only immediate response that is feasible is conservation. For that reason I have recommended a tax of 50 cents a gallon on gasoline to be coupled with offsetting payroll tax reductions for working men and women and Social Security benefit rises for the retired and disabled. In the words of one leading economist, such a package would "curb inflation, reduce energy consumption by as much as 1.2 million barrels per day, strengthen the dollar, moderate the recession and enhance the recovery."

Until this gasoline tax proposal passes the Congress, I would advocate the use of an emergency 10 percent *ad valorem* tariff on imported oil. While I would greatly prefer a tax at the pumps, it is necessary that we send an immediate signal to oil producing nations that we are prepared to deal effectively with our energy dependence. Additionally, to promote future production, I support deregulation of crude oil prices coupled with the windfall profits tax recently approved by Congress.

I remain committed to the principle of free world trade. Our industries must compete with, not be protected from foreign industry. It is reasonable, however, to expect that foreign countries also commit themselves to reciprocal principles. To meet overseas competition, American investment and productivity must be increased. In recent years both our rates of productivity and of investment have fallen below the rates of all other major industrialized nations. To spur investment and productivity, our tax policies must be changed to reward thrift, prudence and productive investment. When the budget is balanced, I propose the following:

- Depreciation allowances should be adjusted to allow a 10-year write-off for buildings, a five-year write-off for equipment, and a three-year write-off for trucks and autos. It is estimated that this would add $50 billion to capital investment over the next five years.
- I would also liberalize the tax laws to eliminate the double taxation of corporate profits and dividends for a substantially larger number of small businesses than now enjoy such exemptions.
- To encourage personal savings and investment, I propose moving toward a $750 interest and dividend income tax exclusion for singles and $1,500 for married couples.
- To allow for greater investment in small businesses I propose to enact a roll-over tax provision, similar to that now in force for private dwellings, that will exempt from taxation capital gains on the sale of qualified small business ventures that are reinvested in other small firms within a period of six months.
- To expand the role of small investors and small companies in the stock market, I would amend the Securities and Exchange laws to alter current practices which unduly discourage public stock offerings by small companies and stock purchases by small investors.
- To revive flagging research and development efforts, the 10 percent tax credit for investment should be extended to expenditures attributable to research and development. I also propose an additional 25 percent tax credit for purchase of or construction of prototype machinery or research equipment. Government funding for research and development should be increased over the next five years to bring it back to the level in real terms that it enjoyed in the 1960's.

Eliminate Agencies

Critical to revitalizing industrial productivity is restraining unnecessary government intervention in the market. Toward this end, I have proposed the Regulatory Reform Act of 1979. The goal of this legislation is to review, modify and eliminate unnecessary agency regulations. I also support legislation that would require special consideration of the impact on small business of proposed rules and regulations.

A thriving, independent and strong America can be rebuilt. These are but a few specific suggestions to move us in that direction. With the necessary leadership and sacrifice we can once again assert our pursuit of justice and equity at home and our search for peace abroad.

The Risk of Miscalculation

By William Pfaff

PARIS — There has been something very odd indeed about U.S. conduct in recent days. The fiasco of U.S. policy and of U.S. arms in Iran seems no longer of interest. Since the failure to rescue the U.S. hostages, the New York Stock Exchange has gone up, interest rates in New York have come down, President Carter's popular approval has risen, he has continued to win primaries and confound Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, D-Mass., and everyone has congratulated the commandos on their bravery. The main controversies have concerned Secretary of State Cyrus Vance's resignation, the fight between him and presidential adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski, and by how much the military budget now should be increased.

This represents collective repression, on a truly grand scale, of unacceptable reality — the reality of failure. But as Dr. Freud observed, the repressed returns. It frequently does so by producing inappropriate and irresponsible behavior in matters which have no apparent connection with the unpleasant experiences whose acknowledgement is repressed. The potential for dangerous miscalculation thus exists in the United States today quite as much as in the Soviet Union.

Not Gamblers

It certainly exists now in the Soviet Union. The U.S. failure has been destabilizing because it weakens the position of the United States with respect to the Soviet Union. It invites miscalculation. There is far more risk to the world in Soviet miscalculation than in deliberate Soviet aggression. The policy of the Kremlin is not made by gamblers. But on a number of occasions the Soviet leadership has made very stupid errors as a result of mistaken, or ideologically misguided, assessments of the opposition.

Among these errors were the attack on Finland in 1939, the refusal to acknowledge the scale of the German threat in 1940 and 1941, consent for the North Korean attack upon South Korea in 1950 — and, it may eventually prove, the present invasion of Afghanistan. One of those errors nearly lost World War II to the Nazis. Another, Korea, militarized the cold war with effects to this day. We do not need a third miscalculation about what the United States might do, if hard enough pressed.

Something like this repression occurred in the United States at the end of the Vietnam War. The removal of U.S. troops from Vietnam was taken as some kind of success, while the errors which had put them there, the failures which caused them to be removed, and the fiasco which followed in Vietnam — and the calamity in Cambodia — were treated as if they had little to do with the United States.

The other response to Vietnam at that time was, of course, the one which said that the United States was guilty of every crime and failure, an evil country — which was simply another exculpatory fantasy, since to allege absolute evil is to renounce responsibility. A little of this can also be seen in the Iranian affair. Some Americans, a minority, seem willing to blame the United States for all that has happened to Iran, as if the deposed shah, his secret police, and the hundreds of thousands who once cheered him in the streets of Tehran, were not Iranians. The Iranians themselves currently act as if they bear no responsibility for their own national past — it was all done by the CIA.

But a certain amount of ideological intoxication and delusion is inevitable in a revolution, and one day the crowds in Tehran will grow tired, and the simple tasks of existence, of jobs, food, and security, will impose change. There is no excuse, and a great deal of danger, however, when U.S. policy is made in an atmosphere which disguises failure.

The fact of failure needs to be acknowledged as an act of realism and a means to change. Instead of Cyrus Vance resigning, the secretary of defense, or the head of the joint chiefs of staff and the men who planned and commanded the raid, should have resigned. The indispensible principle of military command is responsibility. You succeed or you get out. That seems no longer to be true in the United States. Equipment failure is not an excuse. It should have been anticipated and allowed for. Comparable Israeli operations, over shorter distances, have made use of a reserve of four times the number of needed helicopters. Blaming the military budget, as George Will and William Buckley Jr. have done, is ridiculous. On a $118 billion defense budget in 1979, the U.S. military services could reasonably be expected to produce six functioning helicopters — or even 24.

This is not said to lay the blame exclusively on military men. The political policy of the Nixon and Ford administrations aligned the United States closely with the shah's government and thus made the United States moral legatee of that government when it fell. That was the free choice of Richard Nixon, Gerald Ford, and Henry Kissinger, and of the men who advised them.

The Carter administration left 53 diplomats in Tehran in the midst of a revolution to be captured. It then permitted the Iranian extremists to dictate the game. Those were the choices of President Carter and the people advising him. There is enough blame to go around. But it is time that people take that blame, quit or be fired, reorganize and rethink, forget about public relations, politics, and their press image, be serious — be responsible.

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The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address. The Herald Tribune cannot acknowledge letters sent to the editor.

Letters

Role of Hostages?

If you assume that the Soviet Union has been positioning its troops in Afghanistan to move into Iran either (a) as the good bad guys, to counter any U.S. military action there, or (b) as the bad good guys, to "restore order" in the wake of the violence which would almost certainly be triggered by a release of the U.S. Embassy hostages, then it follows that the continued presence of the hostages is the only factor (short of direct U.S.-Soviet confrontation, nuclear blackmail, etc.) standing in the way of a Soviet expeditionary force. So that handful of Foreign Service personnel and Marines may be conducting one of the most successful and efficient holding actions in history.

In fact, a humanitarian arrangement allowing the hostages to be rotated or given home leave might be in the best interest of all concerned — including the Soviet troops but with the possible exception of the Kremlin. And with the possible exception of the Afghan resistance, since anything which increases the likelihood of Soviet action in Iran would draw resources away from the operations in Afghanistan.

BOB FIEDLER.
Basel.

U.S. Dra... Urged h... Europea...

By Joseph Fitch

PARIS — Does the C... ministration need to ... the draft to be credible a... U.S. assertiveness?

Many Western Europe... ists think so. They cite v... deficiencies in U.S. con... forces as a more dange... weakness than any theon... clear vulnerability.

"There is no alternative ... tive military service. I ... clearest signal the Unit... could give that it will no... more Soviet expansionism, ... ing to Dr. Peter Corterie... policy spokesman of We... ny's ruling Social-Democr...

His views are echoed ... NATO generals, who say ... that the volunteer army ... the United States has ado... the end of the Vietnam ... hemorrhaging competen... and filling up with unqua... ten untrainable recruits, ... would bring the armed for... to being a cross-section of... ety.

European government... U.S. pressure for help in ... ing the Soviet Union, are ... and irritated by the Carte... tration's apparent reluctа... vive the draft.

Litmus Test

Many knowledgable ... dispute the Europeans' ... think that Europeans are ... if they make the draft a ... of U.S. seriousness," He... nenfeldt, State Departm... selor under Dr. Henry ... said recently. He was a... Carterier during an Atla... tute seminar here on ... "American-European ... over Detente and Defens...

President Carter, who ... registration system for m... Americans shortly after ... intervention in Afghanis... serious opposition to c... military service, Sonnenf...

Noting campus oppos... he said: "We still have ... because of the anti-mili... over from Vietnam, and ... tained White House lead... overcome it." Moreover, ... en's movement is divide... draft, which some milita... will support only if wom... signed combat roles. An... plication is the lack of ... deciding who would be e... would be prohibitively ... for the armed forces to in... 18-year-old American, off...

"It's a problem that ... stressed enough," Sonnen... adding: "You have t... planes, fight the equipme... ships; otherwise, the ha... wasted." Even Carter a... tion officials, who defend... state of preparedness, ac... the retention problem.

The problem is most a... U.S. Navy. This year it... 20,000 petty officers. The... noncommissioned office... responsible for operating ... taining the fleet's increa... phisticated ships, aircraft... tronics.

The Navy is severely s... the Carter doctrine, whi... the Gulf as a vital Weste... To project U.S. power in... an Ocean, U.S. ships no... main on station there fo... periods. The lengthening ... between port calls separa... from their families and ... tional strain on the ship... poning scheduled refits. ... cious circle that is dri... men out of the Navy, ex... nenfeldt, who is an adv... chief of naval operations.

His fears, voiced here l... have the ring of prophe... wake of the Iran rescue m... failed partly because ... nance problems with U.S. ... icopters.

Even if the Iran fias... blamed on a freak series o... U.S. military deficiencies ... stantly displayed to Euro... on NATO maneuvers, Eur... ficers say. A seasoned ... says: "Our allies know wh... pening. They see our bri... tanks beside the roads. T... infantry units we call o... flunk on the rifle ra... know about our drug pro... race problems, our emoti... lems."

How can the problem b...

The only remedy is bett... qualified servicemen. It ... several hundred million ... year. But Sonnenfeldt and ... perts say that the extra ... better spent on skills that ... hardware.

Would the draft help?

In the long run, yes, Sc... says. It would give the arm... a better talent pool. And ... of the intangibles — such ... ing that a cross-section ... cans have firsthand exp... the military and its needs ... enable the U.S. armed for... career which attracts ... enough talented people.

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هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

U.S. Urges Festival

Europ ain Fare for Cannes' Gala Premiere

By Jo homas Quinn Curtiss

PARIS ES, May 13 (IHT) — The Cannes Film Festival has ministrati disclosing on the silver the draft to be of its gala premiere a fried U.S. assertion movie: Gilles Carle's Many Wes idea," which hails from Canists think so. speaks and sings in both deficiencies in and English. Despite its bi- forces as a acility, it amounts to little, weakness tha rder of appearance it heads clear vulnerabi program and is bravely "There is a ng in the award competive military s clearest signa ding deceptively as a frivo- could give tha usical about itinerant more Soviet , it wades into waters over ng to Dr. Pea to carry a message about olicy spokesm ervation of wildlife. The voay's ruling Socia star of a traveling troupe His views n not rehearsing, performing NATO general ric tableaus or rowing with that the volu friend-composer — throws the United St ght into a movement led by the end of the ly ecological cowboy to stop emorrhaging ation of fishing streams and nd filling up the countryside from en unfortunate rs dispatched by get-richwould bring the dustrialists. o being a cruel Laure is the overemployed ty. Lewis Furey enacts her European ing partner, lyricist and lovU.S. pressure Serge Reggiani is the reng the Soviet hermit who knew her nd irritated by and makes a return engageration's appea to the family. As tune-and- rive the draft. tacle and as sociology, it a high school commencetertainment.

* * *

Many know lispute the Baiseg" (The Heiresses), from hink that f they make Written and directed by of U.S. scree Meszaros, whose work is enfeldt. Stat abroad (recently "Adopelor under 1 and "Nine Months"), it takes aid recently udapest in 1936 to view upCorterier duri idle-class mores as they ute seminar he recalled backstairs. 'American-ta a, wife of a Hungarian Army over Detente can secure her inheritance President Ca she has a child. As she is egistration sy she arranges for her by a child by a seamstress Americans sho er ppts the offspring. A lasting ntervention i ous menage-a-trois is mainerious opposi until Hungary comes under military servic mination and imposed antiism brings ghastly tragedy. Noting ca e said: "Mes aros has tried to tell two stobecause of th st that of the trianglar union, over from Vi cond, one of Hitlerian perained White n. It is mere chance instead vercome it." ong dramaturgy that links n's movemen nd her method recalls that of Draft, which ollywood scenarist who, when vill support d, inevitably wrote: "And igned combat e war breaks out." What dislication is th hes the film is not its makeiecording wh script, but the performances would be pa Monori as the scheming wife or the armed abelle Huppert as the pathet8-year-old da her, and Meszaros' skillful "It's a pret rial guidance.

* * *

ressed enough dding: "Tw Germany is represented in planes. fight competition by "Kaltgestellt" ships: others in Ice) directed and scripted asted." Eb ard Sinkel and claiming to ion officials the political climate of the tate of prog t in the Federal Republic. he retentive pro tagonist is a schoolteacher The problem mercilessly hounded by se- U.S. Navy. Ta vice agents after the suicide 0,000 petty o pil who has been informing oncommissio classmates. esponsible for el's protest is probably made aining the fl d faith, but seems a trifle histicated ship Overzealous police surveilronics. s not peculiar to West Ger- The Navy is and may easily be found elsehe Carter doct Sinkel has shot his murky he Gulf as a ma ama in semidarkness to bes- o project U.S. on it a portentous, sinister n Ocean. U.S. and perhaps to trick the ain on station or into mistaking its solemeriods. The la r depth. A persistently dimly between port c screen is apt to have a sopoform their ba ther than a macabre effect.

* * *

onal strain on oming schedule e Scola has imagined an exious circle that device for an ironic comedy ten out of the Bourdet or *Mangham manner* enfeldt, who a "Terrazza" and, having imagbief of naval executes it — in the capital His fears ment sense. A group of ave the ring of notables in the arts, literake of the Ira d politics gathers for occauled partly by supper parties at which they ance problems their affairs. All have exopters. public influence, all are in Even if the la life and all find the emiarmed on a fra that has come to them empty U.S. military doubling. For three hours we andly displayed to their pseudo-intellectual a NATO mana as they suspiciously review ers say. A sts and presents, nervously ays: "Our sile ensive of their futures. The ening. They se nks beside the fantry units s unk on the s now about our ce problems. ms. How can the The only remed ualified service veral hundred ar. But Scanda erts say that th tter spent on ardware. Would the dol In the long ru vs. It would get better talent pe the intangible g that a cruis ns have finish e military and able the U.S. reer which w ough talented 1980 Internati

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In Cannes for the film festival, and to plug their latest product, a remake of "Little Lord Fauntleroy," are Ricky Schroeder, the 9-year-old U.S. child star, and producer Norman Rosemont.

Moscow Theater

Lyubimov on Stalinism

By Anthony Austin

MOSCOW (NYT) — Yuri Lyubimov's politically daring new play "The House on the Embankment" has opened at the *avant-garde Taganka Theater, little* damaged by its intensive going-over by the censors.

The play, a powerful dramatization of political repression and individual choice in the Stalinist '30s and '40s, underwent successive viewings during the last two weeks by the Board of Examiners, which passes on all new productions. After some reputedly intense discussion between the censors and Lyubimov, the director, the changes were limited to the following:

A rousing Stalinist march with the opening line, "Ekh, how good it is to live in the land of the Soviets," was dropped and replaced by a less strident song.

The names of Stalin and Nikolai Yezhov, his secret-police chief, were dropped.

The word "cosmopolites," a code word for Jews and liberals, was deleted from a tirade by a character playing the local investigator. But *the tirade itself*, a frightening reminder of the rhetoric of the Stalinist purges, was retained.

"I don't consider these cuts serious — just silly and unnecessary," Lyubimov said after the opening performance on Saturday. "Losing that song is what bothered me most. The music was so right. But to have argued any further would have meant a full-scale conflict with the Ministry of Culture, a postponement and further uncertainty."

"The House on the Embankment" was adapted by Lyubimov *and Yuri Trifonov, the Soviet novelist*, from Trifonov's 1976 novella of the same name. In the view of many who have seen it, it is the *most powerful work on Stalinism to* have been mounted on the Soviet stage, a major event in Moscow's cultural life.

Opera in London

An Overdirected 'Fidelio'

By Henry Pleasants

LONDON, May 13 (IHT) — Since the new production of "Fidelio" by the English National Opera is by Joachim Herz, it was predictable that this would be a "Fidelio" reinterpreted according to what the producer thinks Beethoven and his librettists, inhibited by imperial censors, might have had in mind, or would presumably have had in mind had they been concerned with a similar subject today.

Herz is an alumnus of the late Walter Felsenstein's regime at the Komische Oper in East Berlin, and a disciple, along with Goetz Friedrich, of Felsenstein's concept of opera as "realistic musical theater." This has, in practice, too often meant opera with a political, mostly Marxist, bias.

Herz has recently been appointed artistic administrator of the Komische Oper, while his former colleague, Friedrich, takes over the same responsibilities on the other side of the infamous wall at the Deutsche Oper. Well, that's Berlin's problem.

What is most disturbing about this "Fidelio," introduced at the Coliseum Saturday night, is not the political bias, but an oppressive directorial control that ends by overwhelming the cast and even Beethoven. There is hardly a movement, a positioning, an attitude, that does not seem to proceed from directorial dictation. And there is a lot of movement, too, much of it distracting the listener's attention from the continuity of Beethoven's eloquent score.

But the mischief starts at the rise of the curtain when we are shown not a prison yard with Rocco's cottage, but the incredibly terraced rooftop of a fortress on a mountain top, with Rocco's dwelling a tiny penthouse at one corner. How, one wonders, will Herz manage the airing of the prisoners?

No problem. When the time comes, a windlass activates ramps lowering into the interior, and out they come, subsequently to be herded by Jacquino, doubling as human sheepdog, to the summit, there to lie quietly and visibly until further notice.

*The same setting, by Reinhart Zimmermann, but without Rocco's pent*house, serves for the final scene, leaving one to wonder how the townfolk of Seville got up there so fast and in such good shape. In the end, only Florestan is freed, a chorus of prisoners in the background apparently telling us that utopia must await many another Leonora.

If much of it all seems to work against the music, the fault lies not with Herz alone. For a house as big as the Coliseum, and with so large an orchestra, insufficiently restrained by Mark Elder, the cast, including Josephine Barstow as Leonora and Alberto Remedios as Florestan, is undervoiced, an exception being Dennis Wicks' strongly voiced Rocco. The deficiency is aggravated by Herz's inclination to place his singers where *they cannot be heard to the best advantage, and by Elder's tendency to* tempi either too fast or too slow, mostly the latter.

The glory of "Fidelio" lies not in its libretto, but in its music. In this production that glory is compromised by a stage production that all too insistently calls attention to itself, giving us more Herz than Beethoven. A heartless Beethoven is inconceivable, but we know well, and would greatly prefer, a Beethoven *ohne Herz*.

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Science Fiction

Festival in Metz Is a Family Affair

By Rosalie Gomes

METZ, France, May 13 (IHT) — "Compared to an American science fiction convention, this is a family affair. Where are all the fans?" asked Robert Sheckley, one of America's best-known science fiction writers.

Sheckley was describing Metz's weeklong annual science fiction and fantasy festival, which ended today. The films at the multi-media festival included Robert Altman's "Quintet," Bertrand Tavernier's "Death Watch," and Leslie Stevens' romantic 1966 "Incubus," advertised as the only film ever made in Esperanto. (The copy shown had *French subtitles*). One of the highlights of the festival was a rarely seen British animated film of George Orwell's "Animal Farm" made in 1951.

A fable rather than a science fiction film, "Animal Farm" was *shown as part of a general effort to* extend the festival's boundaries. "The boundaries between science fiction and regular fiction are breaking down," said Sheckley, who, besides being a writer is fiction editor of Omni, a monthly New York-based science and science fiction magazine whose circulation has passed a million. "Mainstream writers like John Barthe and Thomas Pynchon are turning to science fiction techniques and more science fiction writers are making the jump in the other direction."

Some writers do not want to be confined to what is referred to as the "sci-fi ghetto." Harlan Ellison, an American who has had five books published in France recently, has his publisher instruct booksellers not to put his books on science fiction shelves.

Whatever its practitioners call themselves, the genre has its followers. More than 25,000 people were expected at the festival, which included art exhibitions and a theatrical production as well as a display of war games — players can "annihilate" their opponents with *push-button nuclear weapons.*

The festival director, Philippe Hupp, 27, describes himself as "a former fan who's succeeded in making a living off something he likes doing." The festival started five years ago when Hupp and a friend, Pierre Steffann, both from Metz, approached city hall with the idea of holding a science fiction festival in their hometown. To their surprise, they were given 100,000 francs by the city and the French Ministry of Culture. Their festival immediately became the biggest annual science fiction event in France.

Hupp's budget has grown to 250,000 francs, but he admits having trouble keeping the festival out of the red. He has continued to invite American and British science fiction writers. "Anglo-Saxon science fiction is very important in France, but French writers are practically unknown outside of France," said Arlette Stroumza, an editor at the Paris publishing house Denoel. Of the 425 science fiction books published or reprinted in France in 1979, 124 were translations of British or American books, according to the current French catalog.

A festival debate on science fiction *in France and the United* States floundered when the American writers on the panel said they weren't familiar with French works. *At another debate on science fiction* and film, panelists from both sides of the Atlantic attacked big budget Hollywood films. Tavernier complained that science fiction films get press coverage just because of their expensive special effects. "A completely worthless film like 'Star Trek' gets talked about because it has $14 million worth of special effects. But nothing is said about the quality of the film or the script." Tavernier's "Death Watch," about a reporter who has a camera installed in his eyes so he can film a *dying woman for a TV show*, was filmed in Glasgow in eight weeks for $2.2 million, "the total cost," added Tavernier, "of the scenario of 'The Electric Horseman.'" (The *latter is not a science fiction film.*) Tavernier added that there are few good scripts, "because Hollywood directors and producers don't know what is going on in American science fiction writing."

The writers at this year's festival included Briton John Brunner, Americans Robert Silverberg, Sheckley, John Varley, winner of the prestigious French Apollo Prize, awarded to the year's best foreign science fiction work that has appeared in translation, and Ellison, who arrived in Metz still jubilant over a lawsuit he won two weeks ago against ABC Television-Paramount Pictures. ("I was there when Harlan got the call saying he'd won. That's the day he levitated," Sheckley said.)

Four-Year Battle

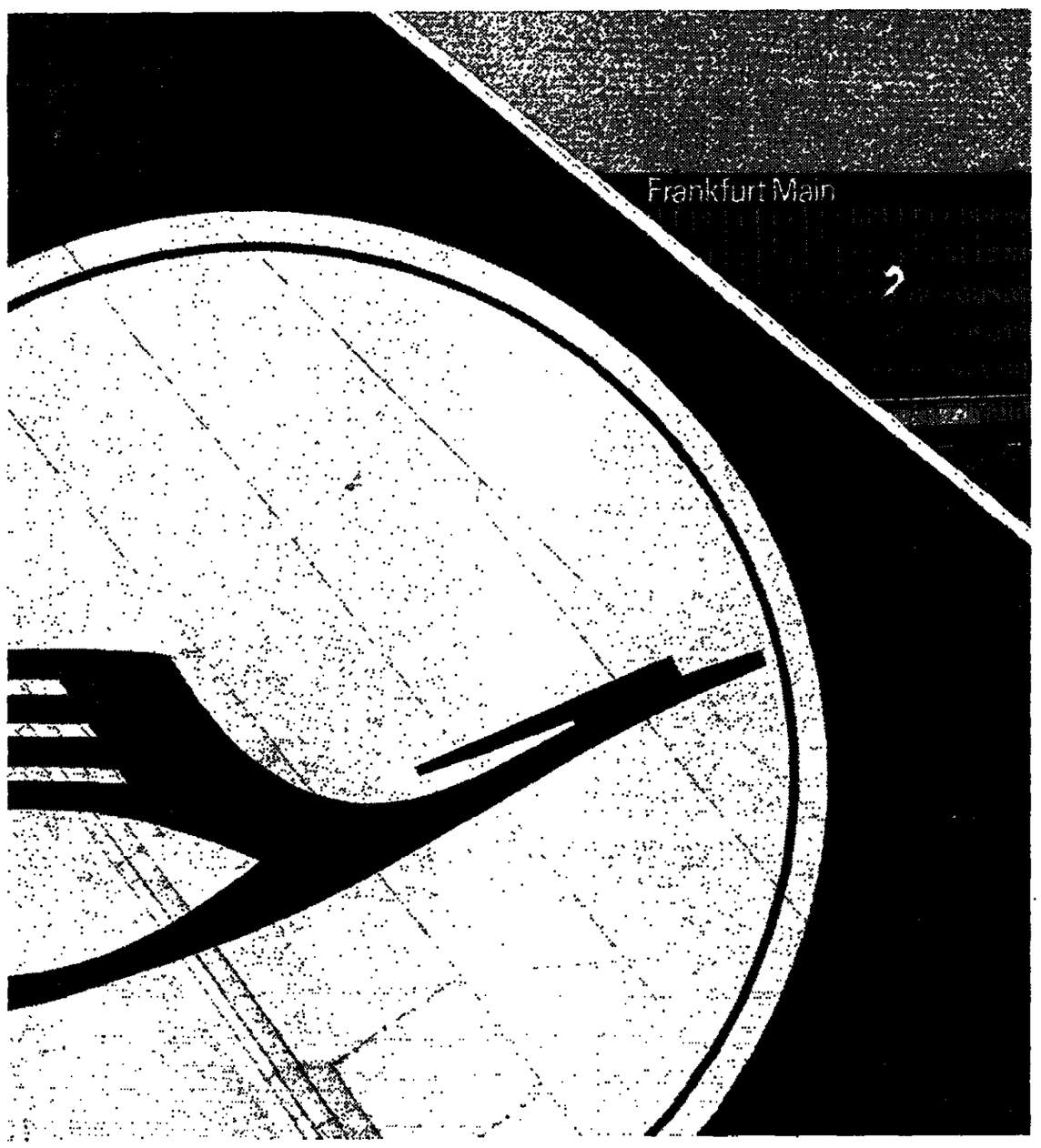
After four years of legal battles, Ellison, who had attacked the network for plagiarism, was awarded $375,000 — "the largest amount awarded by a jury on a plagiarism suit in the history of Los Angeles," declared Ellison, who has written many television scripts and is the author of two volumes of TV criticism. "It was a long, involved case. *In 1970 Ben Bova and I published a* short story called 'Brillo' about a robot cop. This was Ben's pun on Brillo, 'metal fuzz.' The story was *proposed to ABC which rejected it* and later televised a story about a robot policeman called "Future Cop."

One of Ellison's specialties is writing stories in bookshop windows. He performed this stunt six days running at The Change of Hobbit, Los Angeles' best known science fiction bookshop, producing a story a day, and he is scheduled to do it tomorrow at Temps Futurs, a sci-fi bookstore in the Latin Quarter of Paris.

"Most stories want to stay unwritten and this is Harlan's way of getting it out under pressure," Sheckley said. "He's also the best showman in the business."

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(Continued on Page 10)

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 9 Wednesday, May 14, 1980

USINESS NEWS BRIEFS

...el 'Disturbed' by U.S. Loan to Murdoch

...HINGTON, May 13 (NYT) — There is "no evidence" that the ...House intervened to help Rupert Murdoch, publisher of the New ...ost, obtain a low-interest government loan shortly before the news... ...ndorsed President Carter's renomination, Sen. William Proxmire, ...m of the Senate Banking Committee, said yesterday.
...he committee did say it was "deeply disturbed" by the way in which ...loore, president of the U.S. Export-Import Bank, "rushed" to ap... ...$290 million loan to an Ansett Airlines of Australia, which is ...ed by Mr. Murdoch. Mr. Moore, who was appointed to his post by ...nt Carter, categorically denied any political impropriety in the han... ...f the loan.
...Moore acknowledged that the interest rate of 8.1 percent is well ...the average interest rate the bank has offered on other airplane sales. ...t approval took only 10 days, as opposed to the three or four weeks ... required to process such loan applications. However, he said that ...ns of the loan were intended to match a financing offer from Airbus ...ie, which was competing with Boeing for the lucrative sale.

...l Leads Europe in Commercial Vehicles

...DON, May 13 (AP-DJ) — Ford Motors said yesterday its sales of ...rcial vehicles in Europe ran at record levels in the first quarter of ...making it the industry leader with 15.1 percent of the overall market.
...said it sold 53,500 commercial vehicles in Europe in the January... ...period, up 19.4 percent from a year earlier. March sales alone, it ...totaled a record 19,100 units, or 10.4 percent higher than the com... ...previous record month of May, 1979.
...is particularly strong in the medium-sized vehicle segment of the ..., where its Transit model line has about 19.6 percent of the market, ...ng to company calculations. Sales of Transit models in the first ...totaled 34,400 units, up 31 percent from a year earlier.

...W's January-April Production Rises 5%

...NICH, May 13 (Reuters) — Bayerische Motoren Werke's January... ...ar output was up 5 percent from the same 1979 period, and slightly ...han half of the 127,000 cars built were exported, BMW's managing ...chairman, Eberhard Von Kuenheim, told reporters.
...W's production rise this year contrasted with an average 7.4 percent ... in production in the West German auto industry. But BMW ex... ...s 1980 car output to at best equal last year's record of 336,981, Mr. ...uenheim said.
...said BMW plans to increase its capital spending to more than 700 ... Deutsche marks this year from 472.8 million DM in 1979. The ...ny increased spending last year by 55.1 percent from 1978.

...Approves Lloyds Bank Purchase of Firm

...HINGTON, May 13 (Reuters) — The Federal Reserve has an... ...d its approval of Lloyds Bank of Britain's purchase of James Tal... ...ctors, a commercial financing firm.
...ds' purchase is being made jointly with the Royal Bank of Scotland ... and the Royal Bank of Scotland. Talcott has total assets of $147 ... and total receivables of $125.3 million, the board said.

...ish Sugar Rejects Berisford Bid

...DON, May 13 (AP-DJ) — The board of British Sugar Corp. has ...nously rejected the proposed offer for all of its ordinary shares by S. ...risford Ltd., British Sugar announced today.
...sford, a food, forest products and financial concern, yesterday of... ...three of its ordinary shares plus £3.83 cash for every four ordinary ... of British Sugar, valuing the beet sugar refiner at about £124.5 mil... ...r 207.5 pence a share. Berisford already owns about 9.99 percent of ...n Sugar's equity.
...ish Sugar said that there is no commercial logic in the two companies ...g together. The board also said that a combination of the two com... ...would create an unhealthy situation which British Sugar would ...ly oppose and would expect to see referred to the Monopolies Com... ...n.

...W to Seek Seats on GM, Ford Boards

...KFORD, Ill., May 13 (Reuters) - The United Auto Workers plans ...representation on the boards of General Motors and Ford Motor in ...t round of labor negotiations in 1982, UAW President Douglas ...said today.
...Fraser, who was elected to Chrysler's board at the company's annu... ...ling here, told a press conference preceding the assembly that he ...d a Chrysler merger "with a company that has a massive amount of ..." would be better for the automaker than federal loan guarantees. ...ever, he expressed confidence that Chrysler could survive as a res... ...ed company with fewer product lines and a reduced work force of ...100,000.

...nd Drilling Confirms North Sea Reserves

...O, May 13 (Reuters) — Exploratory drilling of a second well in the ...gian sector of the North Sea confirmed tests from a first well that ...ld contains estimated natural gas reserves of an 800 billion to 1.5 ... cubic meters, an oil and energy ministry official said today.
...said the field, due west off Floroe, Norway, compares with the com... ...Norwegian and British Frigg field reserves of about 200 billion cubic ... He said the well was drilled by an affiliate of Royal Dutch-Shell.

...rysler Survival Hinges on K-Car Sales

By Peter Behr

...HINGTON, May 13 (WP) ...ysler will have to sell virtual... ...ry 1981 model front-wheel... ...compact and subcompact it ...ild to survive financially, the ...ment's loan guarantee board ...cluded.
..."board, in approving $1.5 bil... ...federally guaranteed loans to ...er, has taken what it called a ...ted gamble that the auto... ...can achieve the sales goals.
...board's detailed analysis of ...er's prospects and the $2 bil... ...in non-federal assistance ...er has obtained, was released ...lay by the Treasury Depart... ...nd sent to Congress.
...sury Secretary William Mil... ...airman of the Chrysler loan ...is expected to be questioned ...closely by Congress about the auto company's survival prospects and the economic assumptions on which the aid plan rests.

"The assumption is they will sell every last K-car they can produce," said a high-ranking Treasury official who briefed reporters yesterday on the board's findings. Chrysler will probably have to sell its full-size cars and trucks at cost, or with little profit, in order to move them, the official said.

The K-car is a four-cylinder, front-wheel-drive compact that is expected to be rated at 35 miles per gallon. It will compete directly with General Motors's X-cars, the Chevrolet Citation, the Buick Skylark, the Pontiac Phoenix, and the Oldsmobile Omega.

Chrysler's profitability depends upon its ability to sell the K-cars at a relatively high price, comparable to General Motors' prices. And this, in turn, depends on a strong, continuing demand for light, fuel-efficient cars by U.S. car buyers, the board acknowledged.

The board estimated that Chrysler will sell 973,000 cars in 1980, and 1.36 million in 1981 in the United States and Canada, slightly less than the assumption by Chrysler. The first-year production of K-cars is estimated at 550,000.

There is some breathing room in the Chrysler operating plan approved by the board, the Treasury official said. The board estimated that Chrysler will require $1.1 billion in federally guaranteed loans, leaving $400 million in loan authority unused.

If the economy deteriorates from the moderate recession the administration forecasts into a deep slump like that in 1974-75, the remaining $400 million would be available to help Chrysler stay in business, the loan board said.

Chrysler Celebrates With Rebates

DETROIT, May 13 (Reuters) — Chrysler said it will offer rebates of $200 to $1,000 on new 1979 and 1980 models under a "new Chrysler Corp. celebration sale" to be launched later this week.

Other offers under the sale, to celebrate the granting of federal loan guarantees to the company, include continuation of Chrysler's $50 test drive and 30 day/1,000 mile money-back guarantees, and financing help at 10.97 percent annually at many dealers for 1979 models.

...wer Rate Rise ...ds Japanese ...ces Soaring

...YO, May 13 (AP-DJ) — A ...rise in electricity and gas ...nd in the prices of steel mate... ...curred Japan's wholesale pric... ...April to a jump of 2.7 percent ...March and 24 percent from a ...efore, the Bank of Japan an... ...ed today.
...month-to-month and year-to... ...creases both were the sharp... ...nce the current round of ...ale price increases began in ...nber, 1978. Bank of Japan of... ...said the April upsurge had ...largely anticipated and ex... ...d hope that the rate of in... ...will slow down from May on. ...power and gas rate hikes ac... ...d for 1.2 percent of the 2.7 ...t gain on the month, central ...fficials said.
...arately, the Ministry of Inter... ...al Trade and Industry an... ...ed that Japan's certified ex... ...fell 3.8 percent in April to ... billion from $11.18 billion in ... But the April shipments ...p 30.6 percent from $8.24 bil... ...year earlier.

...ontinued on Pa...

Gasoline Prices Don't Slow Down Europeans

PARIS (AP-DJ) — Since the 1973-74 Arab oil embargo, the price of gasoline in France has almost tripled to the equivalent of $3.17 a gallon. The cost of running even a small car on the scale of Renault's Le Car adds up to 45 cents a mile. And filling up the tank of a big Citroen costs about $61.

Yet there are 22 percent more cars on the roads of France today than there were before the embargo. Gasoline and diesel-fuel consumption was up by 21 percent last year over 1973. The average French driver is putting 8,400 miles a year on his car, up from 7,800 in 1973. And 1.2 million cars fight their way into Paris every working day.

Across Europe, motor-fuel consumption is increasing, despite prices that are about double those in the United States. Between 1976 and 1979, consumption of gasoline and diesel fuel rose by about 16 percent in West Germany and 10 percent in Britain.

Between 1977 and 1979, automobile ownership increased by 10 percent in Belgium and Italy, by 12 percent in Austria and by 13 percent in Germany and Norway. Meanwhile, gasoline is selling for the equivalent of $2.32 for a U.S. gallon in London, $2.45 in Frankfurt, $2.53 in Geneva and $2.90 in Brussels.

Europe's experience is instructive for those who believe that gasoline consumption and auto use will fall as gasoline prices climb: In Europe, at least, the theory does not seem to work. "The French cannot imagine life without their car, whatever it costs them," says Louis Leger, director of L'Argus, a French newspaper devoted to the automobile industry. "The rest of Europe feels pretty much the same way."

It is true that in the United States, gasoline prices have nearly doubled since the beginning of 1979, and that consumption declined 5 percent last year over 1978, and so far this year consumption is down by 8 percent.

But analysts at the International Energy Agency, or IEA, an organization of 22 Western oil-importing countries, point out that U.S. drivers still burn up between three and four times as much gasoline as do drivers in France, Britain and Germany. Thus, Americans have more opportunities to eliminate gasoline waste than do Europeans.

Having done much already to conserve through efficiency, Europeans clearly are not prepared to cut back on gasoline consumption simply because of the price.

Indeed, a recent poll found Frenchmen declaring that gasoline would have to cost from six to 10 francs a liter — a staggering $5.25 to $8.70 a gallon — before they would change their driving habits.

How do Europeans afford gasoline that already is between $1 and $2 a gallon more than U.S. motorists are paying? The answer is by driving small cars, by charging cars to business expense accounts, by working and shopping close to home, and, as Americans are learning to do, by grinning and bearing it.

Gasoline prices have always been considerably higher in France than in the United States, partly due to high taxes, which have provided the government with an important source of revenue. About 68 percent of the pump price of gasoline in France is tax, compared with about 10 percent in the United States.

Gasoline prices in France remained fairly steady until 1974 when OPEC's increases in the price of crude oil caused the French pump price to jump by 40 percent. Since then, further increases have been frequent, although mostly small, until January, 1979, when prices began soaring again, rising by 32 percent, or 77 cents a gallon.

As gasoline prices were rising, so were hourly wages — by about 15 percent a year since 1974. Moreover, while prices at French gas pumps increased by 120 percent between 1973 and 1979, the real price, taking France's annual inflation rate of over 9 percent into account, increased just 23 percent, L'Argus estimates.

Likewise, in Germany pump prices increased by 36 percent over the years while the real price went up only 3.7 percent, the IEA says. And in Britain, where pump prices soared by 120 percent, the real price actually fell by 8 percent.

Even though the price of gasoline increased, the French apparently never saw that as a reason to cut consumption permanently. Gas use did drop after the 1974 round of increases, but it began to rise again the next year and has been going up an average of 3.3 percent a year ever since.

'Hit List' Foreshadowed Goldsmith Bid for Diamond

By Robert J. Cole

NEW YORK (NYT) — When Sir James Goldsmith made an unfriendly takeover bid for the Colonial Stores food chain of Atlanta some two years ago, one of the more intriguing documents to turn up in the lawsuits that followed was a secret "hit list" of sorts — complete with code names. One of the names was "Mozart." Another was "New New World."

The document, which provided a detailed description of several U.S. corporations in which Sir James might be investing, clearly showed that Mozart meant Colonial.

The other code name, according to sources close to the situation, was Diamond International, a diversified forest products company.

Today, Colonial is owned by Grand Union, one of the fastest-growing supermarket chains in the world and one of a string of companies operated by Sir James under a Paris-based corporate umbrella called Generale Occidentale. Sir James, a 47-year-old millionaire with dual British and French citizenship, owns 64 percent of Occidentale.

He also controls nearly 6 percent of Diamond and announced last Friday night that he was interested in buying 35 percent more — but only under certain conditions.

Although even now most Diamond executives are not aware of the two-year-old document, its contents — disclosing Sir James's long-standing interest in Diamond — will play a key role in Diamond's annual meeting today (Wednesday) in Bangor, Me., where William Koslo, president and chief executive of Diamond, will ask stockholders to approve a merger with Brooks-Scanlon, a lumber company.

Sir James, however, in a hotly contested proxy fight against Diamond, is asking stockholders to postpone their vote on the merger until Aug. 15. His contention is that Diamond is offering to swap its shares, with a book value of $47.24, for those of Brooks-Scanlon, which has a book value of only $21.25.

If that merger is rejected or postponed, Sir James said, he would offer to buy 4.5 million shares of Diamond stock, or 35 percent, and that he would pay $45 a share, or $202 million, in cash.

At $45 a share, Sir James would be offering a premium of 38 percent over Friday's closing price for Diamond stock of $32.63. The offer is valid, however, only if he can vote his shares later in opposition to the Brooks-Scanlon merger. If not, the $45-a-share offering price would become $40.

With the 750,000 shares, or 5.9 percent, of Diamond he already owns, he would have more than enough to control the company.

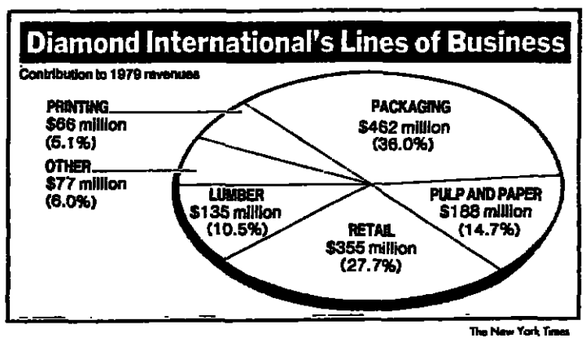
Secret Interest

Sir James's secret interest in Diamond, although known in Atlanta as an outgrowth of the Colonial takeover, did not become public until early last year, when he told the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission, in compliance with federal law, that he intended to purchase in excess of $15 million worth of the company.

By last week, Sir James told the Securities and Exchange Commission, also because of federal requirements, that he intended to make an offer for between 25 percent and 49 percent.

Wall Street professionals argued that Sir James, who unabashedly calls himself a grocer, sees Diamond as a stepping stone to new riches in natural resources. His objection to the Brooks-Scanlon merger is that it could defeat his bid for control.

It would mean the issuance of as many as 2.6 million additional shares of Diamond stock. Besides diluting Sir James's current holding, the new issue mostly would go to investors friendly to Diamond. This is particularly true of the 1.75 million new shares issued to Brooks-Scanlon officers in exchange for their stock. These shares could only be sold under rigid contractual arrangements among the parties to prevent an unwanted takeover.



Goldsmith Seeks Koslo Meeting

NEW YORK, May 13 (Reuters) — Cavenham Holdings said today Sir James Goldsmith, the chairman of its parent company Generale Occidentale, is prepared to meet Diamond's chairman, William Koslo.

Cavenham, acting for Generale Occidentale, said it is preceding with its tender offer for 4.5 million Diamond shares, which would bring Cavenham's total holdings to 41 percent.

Diamond Way is Clear

WILMINGTON, Del. May 13 (UPI) — U.S. Federal Judge James Latchum refused yesterday to block the purchase of Brooks-Scanlon by Diamond at the annual meeting tomorrow.

Morgan Leads Wave Of Prime Rate Cuts

By Art Pine

WASHINGTON, May 13 (WP) — In a further response to the fast-worsening recession, several of the largest U.S. banks dropped their prime lending rates again yesterday, this time to 16½ percent, from 17½ percent.

The drop, the latest in a series of declines since the prime peaked at 20 percent a few weeks ago, was led by Morgan Guaranty of New York. The prime is the interest rate banks charge their most credit-worthy customers.

[Other major U.S. banks followed the move today by announcing even larger drops in their prime rates, some to 16 percent and at least one to 15½ percent.]

The declines reflect a reduction in banks' own borrowing costs and a continued falloff in business loan demand in the face of deteriorating economic conditions across the nation.

Meanwhile, the Commerce Department reported that business inventories rose 0.6 percent, or $2.55 billion in March, following an 0.8 percent, $3.55 billion increase the previous March.

The closely watched inventory-to-sales ratio also edged up, showing businesses have sufficient stocks on hand to cover 1.42 months' sales, compared to 1.40 months in February. Analysts say inventories are not yet excessive.

The White House denied that officials are actively studying a tax cut for 1981, reiterating that the administration will reassess the situation at some point, but not before the budget is balanced.

Congressional conservatives have rallied behind a bill by Rep. James Jones, D-Okla., and Rep. Barber Conable, R-N.Y., to provide faster depreciation write-offs for business, but Congress seems content to put off any action.

Oils Spark NYSE Rally

From Agency Dispatches

NEW YORK, May 13 — Strength in oils and some glamour and growth issues sparked a broad stock market rally in active trading as interest rates continued to edge lower.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average rose 11.69 points to close at 816.89 and advances swamped declines five to two as volume expanded to 36 million shares from 28.22 million yesterday.

Analysts said investors were encouraged by the refusal of the market to give much ground yesterday to profit-taking. The broadening of market leadership to include interest rate-sensitive and glamour and growth issues, as well as the energy and natural resource issues that led the market earlier, also supported buying.

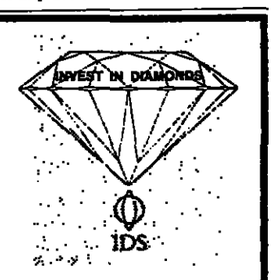
Investors were encouraged as well that several major banks have cut their prime lending rate to 16½ percent from 17½ percent and others lowered their broker loan rates to 15 percent from 16½ percent. Mortgage rates have started to decline significantly.

Prices were higher in moderate trading of American Stock Exchange issues.

The oils were aided by Congressional leader Thomas O'Neill, who said that if a measure to roll back President Carter's oil import fee reached the House of Representatives, it would pass.

After the close, Chrysler announced that it would omit second-quarter dividends on common and preferred stock.

Active Texaco gained ¾ to 33⅜, Mobil 2⅜ to 68, Gulf Oil ⅜ to 37¼ and Standard Oil (Indiana) 1¾ to 93¾.



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Poehl Defends Monetary Policy

HAMBURG, May 13 (AP-DJ) — Bundesbank President Karl Otto Poehl defended again the central bank's tight monetary policies today, emphasizing that West Germany needs a strong currency both for domestic and international reasons.

Speaking before the Association of Life Insurance Firms, Mr. Poehl said that there is no longer a conflict between the central bank's domestic and international policies, referring to past years when Bundesbank's tight money policy was useful domestically to hold back inflation but was criticized internationally for pushing the Deutsche mark upward at the expense of other currencies.

CURRENCY RATES

Listed below are the interbank foreign exchange rates for May 13, 1980. These rates do not include bank service charges:

	$	£	D.M.	F.F.	H.L.	Gldr.	B.F.	S.F.	D.K.
Amsterdam	1.974	4.498	110.22 *	47.15 *	0.2335	—	6.849 *	119.00 *	35.14 *
Brussels (a)	28.88	65.72	14.10	6.83	3.4135 *	14.611	—	17.395	5.1215
Frankfurt	1.7908	4.091	—	42.70 *	2.119 x	90.78 *	6.20 *	107.75 *	31.66 *
London (b)	2.2803	—	4.8925	9.579	1.929.50	4.5045	65.87	3.7925	12.825
Milan	842.05	1.926.65	471.93	201.80	—	426.20	29.313	509.93	150.36
New York	—	2.2838	0.5586	0.2384	0.1183 *	0.5065	0.0346	0.6027	N.A.
Paris	4.2035	9.5925	238.87 *	—	4.9595 x	212.26 *	14.531 *	252.72 *	74.51 *
Zurich	1.6588	3.7928	92.6748 *	39.6594 *	0.1968	83.0949 *	5.7638 *	—	29.578 *
ECU	1.4034	0.6133	2.5048	5.8593	1.181.46	2.7598	40.3555	2.3194	7.842

Dollar values

$ Equiv.	Currency	Per U.S.$	$ Equiv.	Currency	Per U.S.$	$ Equiv.	Currency	Per U.S.$
0.0339	Belgian fin. franc	29.475	0.2046	Hong Kong $	4.887	0.3003	Saudi Riyal	3.3303
0.8514	Canadian $	1.1746	2.075	Irish £	0.4819	0.0782	Schilling	12.795
0.1781	Danish krone	5.6137	0.0225	Israeli £	44.425	0.4622	Singapore $	2.163
0.0234	Drachma	42.70	3.7051	Kuwaiti dinar	0.2699	0.2369	Swedish krona	4.2215
0.0284	Escudo	49.328	0.2034	Norw. krone	4.9145	0.2686	U.A.E. dirham	3.7225
0.2707	Fin. mark	3.6945	0.0141	Peseta	71.09	0.0044	Yen	227.65

£ Sterling: 1.1623 Irish £.
(a) Commercial franc. (b) Amounts needed to buy one pound. (*) Units of 100. (x) Units of 1,000.

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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices May 13

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

(Continued from Page 8)

12 Month High	Low	Stock Div.	In $	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
28⅞	19⅛	Mattl pf2.50		11.		16	23	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅛
27⅛	18	MayDS 1.54		6.9	6	293	22⅝	22¼	22⅜	
4⅞	2¾	MaysJW			4	9	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	21½	Maytg 1.80a		7.3	7	98	25	24½	24⅝	— ⅛
36½	15⅞	McDrm 1.40		5.9	40	588	23⅝	22⅞	23⅜	+ ⅝
28⅞	21¼	McDr pf2.20		8.4		40	26⅛	25⅝	26⅛	+ ⅛
29½	17½	McDr pf2.60		10.		100	25½	25½	25½	+ ⅜
51⅞	36¼	McDnld .56		1.2	9	1919	46⅛	44⅞	45⅝	+1¼
52⅞	20	McDonD .90		3.3	5	1649	27⅞	26	27⅛	+1⅛
37¼	21⅞	McDonh 1.32		4.8	5	111	29	26	27⅝	+2
31⅜	20⅛	McGEd 1.80		7.3	6	33	24¾	24½	24¾	+ ⅛
31	23½	McGrH 1.52		5.1	9	549	29⅝	28⅞	29⅝	+1
89	35½	McIntyr g				78	46	44¼	46	+1⅜
16½	7⅛	McLean .64		7.5		17	8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅛
12	5⅜	McLout			28	167	6⅛	d 5⅜	5⅝	— ⅛
58	23¼	McMorO .16		.4	103	39	36	34¾	36	+1⅛
29	19⅝	Mead 1.80		7.9	4	42	23	22¾	22¾	
48⅛	20¾	Measrx .50		2.0	9	37	25⅝	25⅜	25½	+ ⅛
72¾	37¾	Medtrn .60		1.0	14	143	60⅞	60⅛	60⅛	+ ⅛
31½	23½	Melville 1.60		5.5	7	239	29⅛	28⅝	29⅛	+ ⅝
34	10	Memorex			5	178	12	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
41	30⅝	MercSIr 1.25		3.7	5	2	33⅝	32⅞	33⅝	+ ⅞
29⅛	18½	MerTr s1.32		5.6	6	41	24	23½	23½	— ½
75⅝	58⅛	Merck 2.30		3.3	13	452	69½	68⅝	68⅞	
41⅞	27½	Merdith 1.32		3.6	5	6	36	36	36¼	
26⅜	15½	MerrLy .96		4.0	6	745	22⅜	20⅞	20⅞	+ ⅜
70⅞	34¾	MesaPet n			3	405	54⅜	53¼	54¼	+1¼
42⅛	27¼	MesaRoy n.87e		2.4		88	36½	36⅛	36½	+ ⅛
18¼	13⅝	Mesab 1.35e		9.2	10	40	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	— ⅛
20½	13⅝	Mesta			4	14⅜	14½		14⅜	
23½	14½	MGM .60b		2.9	11	328	21⅛	20¼	21	+ ⅜
74½	51⅜	Mefrm 3.20		5.1	7	19	62⅞	62⅛	62⅞	
35	22	MtE pfC3.90		15.		z90	26½	26½	26½	—1¼
71	41	MtE pfF8.12		15.		z180	55	54	55	+2½
15⅞	11	MchGs 1.30		11.	10	16	12	12	12	— ⅛
28½	20¼	MhWI pf2.67		10.		x12	25½	24¾	25½	+ ⅜
25⅞	19¾	MhWI pf2.12		9.6		x6	22	20⅝	22	+ ⅞
22⅝	16	MdCTel 1.68		9.4	6	36	18¼	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
27½	19¼	MdCT pf2.06		9.1		8	22¾	22¼	22¾	+ ⅛
16⅛	10¼	MidSUt 1.58		12.	7	1874	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ½
4¼	2	MidIndM			2	17	2½	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
30½	18	MidRos 1.30		5.9	6	236	22⅛	21⅞	21⅞	+ ⅜
26	16¼	MillerW 1.20		5.7	8	182	21¼	20	21⅛	+1⅛
41⅞	24½	MillBrd 1.20		4.3	6	200	28⅛	26⅝	28	+2
16⅛	14⅛	MillR s .40		2.6	11	71	15½	15	15⅛	
25⅛	17⅛	MinnGs 1.94		9.2	5	7	21	20⅞	21	+ ½
58¼	46¼	MMM 2.80		5.1	10	853	54½	53⅝	54½	+1¼
21⅛	15¼	MinPL 2.04		11.	8	25	18¼	18⅛	18⅛	
15⅛	10½	MirroCp .96		8.2	6	1	11¾	11¾	11¾	
33¼	24⅝	Missins 3.80		2.7	7	59	30	28	30	+1
62⅞	45½	MPacC 3		5.5	4	449	54½	53⅝	54½	+1⅛
13⅛	9⅛	MoPSv 1b		8.4	7	x9	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	+ ⅛
23½	16	MoPS pf2.44		13.		x3	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	+ ⅛
25	17	MoPS pr2.61		14.		x10	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	
59½	36½	Mobil 3.40		5.0	6	3301	68	65⅝	68	+2⅜
2⅞	1⅝	MobileH			11	26	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	
15¼	7½	MdMer .20		2.1	6	15	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	+ ⅛
13⅛	7	Mohasco .221			7	64	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝	
20¼	9⅛	MohkDta			10	253	14½	14⅛	14½	+ ⅜
32¼	14¼	Monrch 1.60		5.7	5	15	28	27⅜	28	+ ⅛
50⅛	31½	Monogr .65e		1.8	4	13	35½	35⅛	35⅛	
62⅞	42¼	Monsan 3.60		7.6	5	708	47⅜	47	47½	+ ⅜
22⅝	15⅞	MntDU 1.80		9.1	7	47	20	19⅞	19⅞	
24⅞	18	MonPw 2.12		8.8	9	146	24¼	23⅞	24	+ ⅛
20⅛	14⅛	MonSt 1.80a		10.		52	17⅞	17⅛	17¼	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	MONY 1.02e		13.	9	18	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
58	27	MoorM 1.28		3.3	5	365	39⅝	38⅞	39⅝	+ ⅜
54⅞	39⅜	Morgan 2.80		5.7	7	1318	48⅞	48¼	48⅞	+ ⅜
47½	23¼	MorKn 1.84		4.4	7	13	42⅛	42	42⅛	+ ⅛
19	10	MorseSh .72		6.9	4	27	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝	
8⅞	5⅞	MtgTrAm			3	57	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛

Because of technical problems, closing prices for the following issues are not available for this edition. These are 3 pm prices:

Here and 3 pm prices. The following are closing prices. The IHT regrets the inconvenience.

Sales figures are unofficial. d—New yearly low. u—New yearly high. Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. i—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. j—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

x—Ex-dividend or ex-rights. y—Ex-dividend and sales in full. z—Sales in full. cld—Called. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. ww—With warrants. xw—Without warrants. xdis—Ex-distribution.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. Yearly highs and lows reflect the previous 52 weeks plus the current week, but not the latest trading day. Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid, the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

Floating Rate Notes

Closing prices, May 13, 1980

Banks

Non Banks

Prices supplied by Credit Suisse-First Boston Ltd., London.

ARNOLDO MONDADORI EDITORE S.p.A

Publishers with Head Office in Milan (Italy) - Capital Lit. 7,507,500,000

Annual General Meeting of 30th april 1980

The Meeting of the Company's Shareholders was held in Milan on the 30th April 1980 in order to approve the Balance-Sheet as at 31st December 1979.

In its Report the Board of Directors emphasized the following items:
- the balance-sheet closed with a *net profit* of Lit. 5,300 million (as against a profit of Lit. 5,100 million in 1978);
- *the turnover for the year* amounted to Lit. 305,200 million (+ 24.1%);
- *the exports*, already included in the total turnover, amounted to Lit. 80,100 million (+ 36.1%);
- *the turnover of the controlled companies* stood at Lit. 137,000 million; thus *the Group's turnover* reached Lit. 442,000 million;
- *the fixed assets in machinery* added up to Lit. 58,500 million;
- *the depreciations* for the financial year totalled Lit. 6,400 million, Lit. 1,200 million of which were calculated over and above the normal aliquots. The depreciation fund reached Lit. 37,900 million;
- *the reserves* shown in the accounts went up to Lit. 20,700 million;
- *the personnel* employed by the Company at 31st December 1979 numbered 5,492. The Group's employees, including the controlled companies' staff, were 6,992.

The Shareholders' Meeting approved the distribution of a dividend of Lit. 140 (as against Lit. 120 in 1978) for each preference share, and of Lit. 120 (as against Lit. 100 in 1978) for each ordinary share of Lit. 1,000, by drawing Lit. 970 million from the profit.

The rest of the profit, amounting to Lit. 4,300 million, was brought to reserves.

At the Extraordinary Meeting the Board decided:
- the merger by incorporation of the Companies Isedi, General Promotion, Immobiliare Sate
- the free capital increase from Lit. 7,507,500,000 to Lit. 10,010,000,000 by drawing from available reserves. To Shareholders will be assigned one free new share for three shares held. The capital will then be brought down to Lit. 10,000,000,000 by the purchase and annulment of 10,000 preference shares.

★

The dividend is payable as of 5th May 1980 upon presentation of coupon No. 15, for the ordinary shares at the Securities Department of the Company's administrative office at Segrate (Milan), while the dividend for preference shares is payable also at the counters of the usual appointed Banks.

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May 13, 1980

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DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-Dividend; ** — New; N.A. — Not Available; BF — Belgium Francs; LF — Luxembourg Francs; SF - Swiss Francs; + — Offer prices; a — Asked; b — Bid Change P/V $10 to $1 per unit. S/S — Stock Split; ** — Ex RTS; "S" — Suspended; N.C. - Not communicated; • — • - Redempt price -Ex-Coupon. ☐ Yield on US$1-00 UNIT.

D.G.C. Dossier de Gestion Collective S.A.H.

24, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg.

The annual general meeting held on May 5, 1980, has decided to distribute a stock dividend of one share for 20 shares held, against remittance of coupon N° 3 at the counters of BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS (Luxembourg) S.A., 24, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg, up from May 6, 1980.

D.G.C. Dossier de Gestion Collective S.A.H.

Quotations in Canadian funds. All quotes cents unless marked $

Toronto Stocks

Closing Prices, May 12, 1980

European Gold Markets

May 13, 1980

Official morning and afternoon fixings for London and Paris, opening and closing prices for Zurich.

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Gold Options (prices in $/oz.)

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Montreal Stocks

Closing Prices, May 12, 1980

Quotations in Canadian funds. All quotes cents unless marked $

Canadian Indexes

May 13, 1980

هكذا من الأصل

...pper Scrap Signals ...S. Economic Slide

By H.J. Maidenberg

...W YORK (NYT) — Cop...er's traditional role as a sen...barometer of economic ac...vas put in question earlier ...r when wild speculation in ... badly distorted the cash ... this senior nonferrous base. The reason the cash price ...lected was because key do...producers base their prices ...per futures traded on New ...Commodity Exchange.

...y, many copper traders look ... to the price of No. 2 copper ...s a more accurate gauge of ...rket's health because scrap ...are usually the first to detect ...s in the economic pulse rate.

...re's no question that No. 2 ... scrap, or any other base ... scrap, are now more respon... market conditions than the ... metals," observed Irving ...Jr., senior vice president of ... Halsey Stuart Shields and ...s large physical metals divi...

...Wakesberg, vice president of ...tional Association of Recy... Industries concurred last ... "Although it requires far less ... to process scrap than prima... from ores," Mr. Wakes... noted, "fabricators invariably ... their orders for scrap at the ...nt of a decline in business. ...When business picks up, they order scrap first and primary metals next."

In the case of copper, for example, fabricators can cut back orders for scrap far more easily than primary metal, which normally is ordered many months in advance. Thus, the feast-or-famine pattern of scrap buying makes its prices more sensitive to changing market conditions.

Drastic Cutback

M.J. Mighdoll, executive vice president of the recycling association, added: "Looking at our markets for recycled metals today, one can only see the making of a severe recession. In practically all scrap metals, there has been a drastic cutback in domestic demand, fall-offs in foreign buying, and a resultant severe drop in prices."

What this means, Mr. Mighdoll said, "is that there is now less incentive to recover these important metallic wastes." The slump in the demand for scrap copper and other metals comes at a time when many recyclers are still working off high interest inventory financing contracted last January and February, and face rising costs for transport and processing, which now require costly antipollution systems.

About the only positive factor they find, the recycling group's executives said, was that few among their thousands of members have any sizable stocks of scrap metals on hand because of the mounting cost of bank credit since last summer, which was the case at the onset of the 1974-75 recession.

While Mr. Louis agreed with this assessment, he also ticked off some bullish factors that are being created by the current situation, particularly for copper. "On one hand," Mr. Louis said, "we find a number of fabricators not only canceling orders for primary copper and other base metals, but also trying to sell what they consider to be excessive stocks in the light of the business outlook.

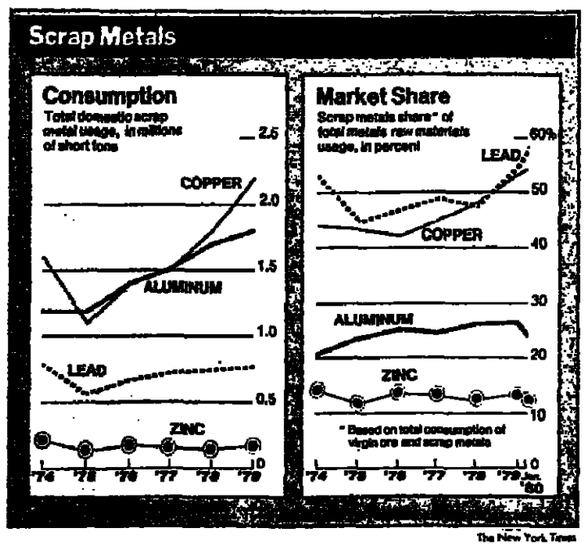
Still, there are many bright spots in copper's future, Mr. Louis said. One is the low level of inventories for primary and scrap copper, which accounted for roughly 53 percent of the output of copper last year. Then there is the technical situation involving taxes that fabricators pay on a last-in-first-out (LIFO) inventory accounting basis.

The LIFO sytem is measured by weight. Unless fabricators replace the metal used in this accounting system before the end of their fiscal year, deficits are considered as sales of products and valued for taxation accordingly.

"It is logical to assume that the fabricators will replace copper and other metals on a pound-for-pound basis sometime before the end of the year," Mr. Louis said. "Exactly when depends on their fiscal periods."

As for the much-discussed possibility of a strike by copper miners when their contracts expire June 30, the recycling executives and the Bache metals chief agreed that the overall economic situation on that date would determine whether there would be a strike or how long it would last.

Copper producers have been preparing for a strike by "preshipping" as much metal as they can to fabricators and other customers. Under the practice of preshipping, the customer receives the metal now and agreed to pay for it at some future date. The price paid is usually the current market values on that future date.



China Claims Boise Pay-Out Plan Is Unfair

By Fox Butterfield

PEKING (NYT) — China has initiated an unusual protest against the way the Boise Cascade, which owns a controlling interest in the defunct Shanghai Power Co., has agreed to pay off some of the old company's Chinese shareholders.

Under a settlement worked out in a Delaware court, holders of preferred stock and a few owners of debentures of Shanghai Power have until May 26 to apply for their payments from Boise Cascade, the Idaho-based forest-products company. Those who do not come forward by that date lose any chance for compensation.

Boise Cascade acquired Shanghai Power in 1969 when it merged with the company's former owner, Ebasco Industries. But Boise Cascade could not lay claim to Shanghai Power's assets until last November, when the court settled a legal battle over how much the preferred stock was worth. It also had to await settlement last year of the long-delayed frozen claims and assets issue between the United States and China.

In a series of articles over the past two weeks, the official New China News Agency has charged that the court agreement was unfair because Chinese shareholders of Shanghai Power were not consulted and have not been given enough time to register their claims.

May Lose Badly

"The Chinese share and debenture holders have demanded that Chinese government officials take up the matter with the Americans to ensure a fair and reasonable settlement," an article last week said. "They fear that they may lose badly as a result of the scope of litigation now before the court of chancery in the State of Delaware."

Diplomats here considered it unusual for Peking to cite the reported grievances of individual Chinese in the official press. This suggested, the diplomats said, that the Chinese government might now move to challenge the May 26 deadline and the court settlement.

China has reportedly contacted the special master appointed by the Delaware court to handle the payments, Victor Bataglia, and advised him that the Chinese government, rather than the individual Chinese shareholders, was authorized to collect all the money. In a letter to the court, the Government said the funds should be paid to the Bank of China.

If the court agreed to this, it would enable China to obtain a sizable amount of valuable foreign exchange.

Largest Claimant

Ironically, most of the money for the settlement comes from China itself, as part of Peking's payments to the United States for the frozen assets and claims agreement. The Shanghai Power Co. was the largest U.S. claimant against China, with $53.7 million, or 28 percent of the total United States claim of $197 million.

Under the frozen assets settlement, Boise Cascade could realize $20 million to $25 million. Of that, between $6 million and $6.6 million would go to the minority individual holders of the preferred stock and debentures, according to the court agreement.

Although the case is complex and obscure, the diplomats believe it is significant. Besides involving the largest American claimant against China, it concerns at the same time the only U.S. firm in the frozen assets issue that had Chinese as well as American stockholders.

Moreover, the articles in the Chinese press also suggest that Peking itself did not understand the legal process in the Delaware court and reacted very slowly even after Boise Cascade tried to inform Chinese officials of what was happening.

Bureaucratic Fault

"The case is already out of our hands," David Almond, associate general counsel for Boise Cascade, said, since the court has mandated a settlement and Boise Cascade has given $1.6 million of its own funds to the court as part of the agreement. Almond said he recognized there was room for misunderstanding because of cultural differences. But, he added of the Chinese, "It is their own bureaucratic fault."

Mr. Almond recalled that last December, soon after the court agreement between Boise Cascade and a number of non-Chinese minority shareholders, he and two other lawyers for the company had gone to Hong Kong and tried to meet with representatives of the Bank of China to explain what had happened. "But they refused to meet with us," he said.

At the time, Boise Cascade placed legal advertisements informing the shareholders of the May 26 deadline in newspapers in New York, London, Taipei and Hong Kong. The company also tried to put an ad in the Wen Hui Bao in Shanghai but was turned down. The ad finally appeared in Shanghai on March 22, Mr. Almond said.

Mr. Almond said the court had originally proposed a 30-day or 60-day time limit, but Boise Cascade had pushed for five months to give the Chinese more time.

The lawyer noted that Boise Cascade had also mailed notices to between 6,000 and 7,000 shareholders in China advising them of the settlement. The Chinese press agency complained last week that these letters "created a big headache for officials at the Shanghai post office" because the names and addresses were based on the 1949 list of stockholders.

EEC Split on Strategic Metal Stockpiling

LONDON, May 13 (AP-DJ) — Members of the Common Market are divided on the issue of building up reserves of strategic minerals at a time when the United States is aiming for an $18.7-billion stockpile to withstand a three-year war.

Of the nine Common Market governments, "six are saying they don't intend to do anything," said one top-level official in Brussels. Only France, West Germany and Britain are seriously studying the issue. He said there was some awareness about the question of building strategic reserves of such defense-oriented minerals as chromium, cobalt and manganese, and added that the issue was psychologically linked to the Iran and Afghanistan crises.

But so far only France and West Germany have taken definite steps to ensure that supplies are on hand for an emergency. The French government's stockpile, begun in 1975, is valued at about $100 million. France is introducing plans to boost the value to almost $400 million within two years with the assistance of stockpile bonds that can be purchased by the public. Experts believe cobalt, chromium, manganese and vanadium are among the key acquisitions.

These metals, plus "blue" asbestos, produced in South Africa, make up the list of minerals West Germany intends to begin stockpiling, perhaps by year's end, according to officials in Bonn. The country's central bank has made $325 million available for this purpose.

"It's probable that something is taking place in the United Kingdom," a Common Market official said, though he suggested that the government's hands could be tied by its close trade relations with South Africa. A spokesman for Britain's Department of Industry, however, said securing longer-term mineral requirements was industry's responsibility.

A report recently issued by Britain's Royal Institute of International Affairs, said "chromium shortfalls would be disastrous for the extremely important stainless-steel division of the British Steel Corp. at Sheffield, as well as private sector special-steel producers."

A report commissioned by the West German government said a 30 percent fall-off in chrome imports eventually could cut the gross national product by 25 percent.

Robert Perlman, managing director of London-based Commodity Research Unit Ltd., a consulting firm, said he has detected no serious concern among British users of strategic metals. He dubbed strategic stockpiling a "fashionable area of research for the moment."

U.S. Trade Surplus Up For High Technology

WASHINGTON, May 13 (AP-DJ) — The U.S. trade surplus in high-technology electronic equipment increased last year to $2.6 billion, the Commerce Department said today.

It said exports rose 27 percent to $14.5 billion, while imports increased 12 percent to $11.9 billion. The equipment includes calculating and accounting machines, radios and televisions, electronic computing and telephone and telegraph equipment, electronic measuring and testing instruments and electronic parts.

Incentive for Exploration Reduced

...eru Alters Contracts of 2 U.S. Oil Firms

By Juan de Onis

...A, May 13 (NYT) — Peru ...posed a contract revision on ...oil companies operating in ... that substantially increases ...revenues but reduces incen... for exploration.

... companies affected are the ...ental Petroleum — the only ...n developer to find commer... mounts of oil in Peru's eastern ...on jungle — and the Belco Pe..., a small developer of ...re properties that escaped na...ization after the military took ... in 1968.

...e revision of contracts that ... signed in 1971 with the two ...anies alters the tax system. ...companies previously gave half ...l they produced to Petroperu,

...the state oil company, but paid no taxes on their share of production. Now, the companies will have to pay a tax of up to 68 percent on profits.

The effect is to increase state revenues by an estimated $300 million a year on production of about 117,000 barrels a day by Occidental and 32,000 barrels a day by Belco.

Tax Credits Sought

Armand Hammer, chairman of Occidental, and Arthur Belfer, the chairman of Belco, came here for final stages of talks on the contract revision, trying unsuccessfully to include a clause allowing tax credits for investment in exploration and development.

Although Occidental has a contractual obligation to drill one more exploratory well in the jungle region, the further development of the eastern fields by foreign companies will not be attractive under the new terms, according to oil officials in Lima.

Peru's oil consumption, now at about 140,000 barrels a day, has been rising at close to 10 percent a year, while output has remained at 200,000 barrels a day. Unless new reserves are found, the surplus oil available for export, which earned Peru $650 million last year, will be absorbed locally.

Much of the additional revenue generated by the tax will be kept by Petroperu, and the state company may take on a larger role in exploration.

The revised contracts provide higher payments to the foreign companies for the oil they sell to local refineries. A formula has been established that allows some flexibility above a base price of $26 a barrel.

The contract revision came as the military prepared to end 12 years in power by handing over the government to civilian authorities to be elected Sunday.

When the military took power in 1968, one of the reasons for ousting President Fernando Belaunde Terry was nationalist sentiment against the principal foreign oil company then operating in Peru, a subsidiary of the Exxon Corp. The company's facilities were taken over by Petroperu.

Subsequently, the military invited foreign companies to explore in the jungle region and offshore. Only Occidental and Belco remain from more than a dozen other companies that explored for oil in the eastern region.

...ajor Recession ...pected in U.S.

...EL, Switzerland, May 13 ...J) — The U.S. Federal Re... believes the recession proba... ill not be short or moderate, ...h it is too early to say whether ... be extremely severe, well-... monetary sources said today. ... U.S. economic outlook was ...y part of an intensive eco... review undertaken when the ...l bank governors of the major ...trialized nations met in Basel ...day for their regular monthly ...ng of the Bank for Interna... Settlements.

... Fed request last month in ... to help the United States fight ...on through credit restraint ...also discussed.

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Sears Holdings Limited

Results for the year ended 31st January, 1980

	1979/80	1978/79
	£m	£m
Turnover	1,258	1,103
Group profits before taxation	92.8	92.0
Group profits after taxation	64.8	54.0
Dividend	17.9	12.9
Added to reserves	44.6	40.1

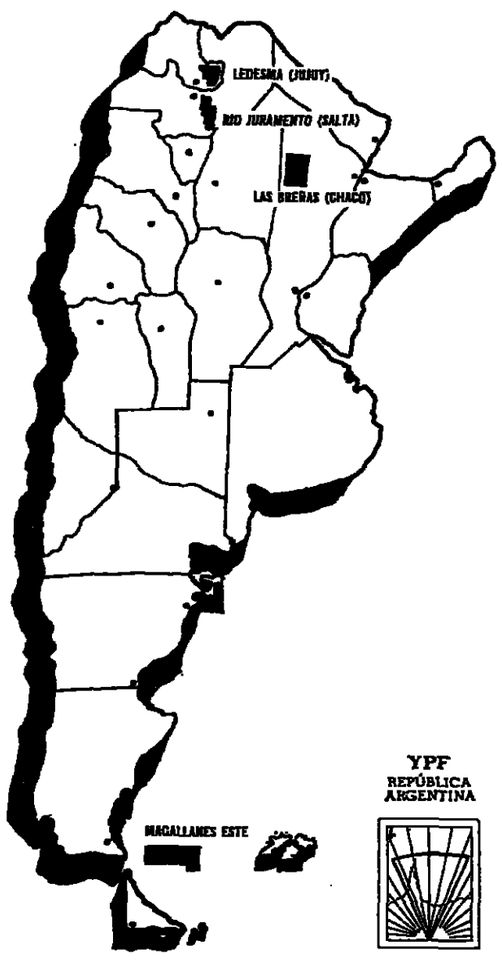
■ Turnover exceeded £1.25 billion, an increase of 14% over 1978/79.

■ Earnings per share 7.0p (5.9p).

■ Dividend up from 1.44p to 2.0p per share, an increase of 39%, covered 3.5 times.

Copies of the 1979/80 Annual Report and Accounts will be available from 30th May 1980 and may be obtained from The Secretary, 40 Duke Street, London W1M 6AN.

Technical information of biddings for Risk Contracts (Law N° 21.778) 1980 period – to be delivered in advance



Technical information on the areas to be called for bidding during the current year under the Risk Contract system is available.
The purchase price for the Technical information covers the later withdrawal of the Special and General Conditions of each tender, with no additional charge.
Tender condition set value: The equivalent of u$s 15.000 in argentine pesos, payable according to the seller rate of exchange of the Banco de la Nación Argentina in force on the day before the purchase.
The parties interested can purchase the Conditions at the GERENCIA DE LICITACIONES Y NEGOCIACIONES Suite 832 — 8th. floor. at Esmeralda 255, Buenos Aires, Mondays through fridays from 08:45 to 12:30 a.m. and from 14:15 to 15:15 p.m.
The information can also be obtained at our Technical and Commercial Office in the U.S.A. — Argentine Government Oilfields, 5 Greenway Plaza, Suite 210, Houston, Texas, USA.

AREA	Technical information	Special and General Conditions date of delivery	Opening date
RIO JURAMENTO (Northwest basin — Prov. de Salta)	Available	April 22nd. 1980	September 22nd. 1980 — 10:00 a. m.
LEDESMA (Northwest basin Prov. de Jujuy)	Available	June 3rd. 1980	November 24th. 1980 — 10:00 a.m.
LAS BREÑAS (Northeast basin — Prov. de Chaco y Santa Fé)	Available	August 5th. 1980	March 2nd. 1981 10:00 a.m.
MAGALLANES ESTE (Austral basin — Argentine Continental Platform)	Available	October 7th. 1980	April 21st. 1981 10:00 a.m.

YACIMIENTOS PETROLIFEROS FISCALES
SOCIEDAD DEL ESTADO

AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices May 13

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div.	Yld.	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
		— A—A—A —								
15⅝	9¼	AAR s	.40	4.1	6	15	9¾	9½	9¾	+ ⅜
5⅞	3⅛	AAV	.20	5.7	4	4	3½	3½	3½	
4⅞	3⅜	AIC Ph	n.12	3.0	3	22	4	3¾	4	+ ¼
9¼	6½	APS	.48	6.4	3	4	7½	7½	7½	
3⅞	1⅜	ATI			25	2	1¾	1¾	1¾	
15	4½	AZL			8	63	10	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
17	10½	AcmeU	.34	2.5	12	7	13¾	13½	13½	— ¼
		— C—C—C —								
31½	12¾	CK Pet	.16		.8	25 255	19¾	18¾	19¾	+ ⅞
11⅛	5⅛	CDI			3	19	6½	6¼	6½	+ ¼
39	15¼	ChiefDv	g s			334	23½	21¾	23½	+ 1⅞
3	1½	Gaylrd	.05e	2.7	8	1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
47	14⅜	LoewT	wt			229	46¼	41⅝	42½	— 3¼

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(Continued on Page 13)

Chicago Futures

May 13, 1980

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
WHEAT 5,000 bu.; dollars per bu.					
May	4.10	4.11	4.06	4.10	+.05¼
Jul	4.14	4.19	4.12	4.18¾	+.04¾
Sep	4.26	4.32	4.25	4.31¾	+.06¼
Dec	4.45½	4.49½	4.42¼	4.49	+.06½
Mar	4.58½	4.63½	4.57	4.63	+.07½
May	4.66	4.69	4.65½	4.69	+.06

Sales Mon. 21,102. Total open interest Mon. 41,468, off 765 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
CORN 5,000 bu.; dollars per bu.					
May	2.69½	2.70½	2.69	2.70	+.01½
Jul	2.78¼	2.79½	2.77½	2.79¼	+.02½
Sep	2.86¼	2.89¼	2.86¼	2.89	+.03¼
Dec	2.94½	2.97	2.94½	2.96¾	+.03¼
Mar	3.06¼	3.09¼	3.06½	3.09	+.03¼
May	3.14¼	3.16¾	3.14¼	3.16¾	+.03¼

Sales Mon. 42,872. Total open interest Mon. 151,804, off 1,403 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
SOYBEANS 5,000 bu.; dollars per bu.					
May	6.04	6.08½	6.03	6.08½	+.06½
Jul	6.18	6.23¾	6.17	6.22¾	+.06¾
Aug	6.28	6.32	6.26	6.31¾	+.06¼
Sep	6.36½	6.41	6.35½	6.39	+.05½
Nov	6.52	6.55	6.49	6.53¼	+.05¾
Jan	6.64	6.69½	6.64	6.69	+.06½
Mar	6.80	6.85	6.79½	6.83¾	+.06¼
May	6.92½	6.97½	6.90½	6.96½	+.06½

Sales Mon. 35,614. Total open interest Mon. 99,428, off 81 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
SOYBEAN MEAL 100 tons; dollars per ton					
May	168.50	169.50	168.50	169.10	+1.40
Jul	172.00	174.20	172.80	174.10	+1.50
Aug	175.50	176.60	175.50	176.20	+1.50
Sep	178.20	179.50	178.10	178.80	+1.20
Oct	180.70	181.50	180.50	181.40	+ .80
Dec	184.70	185.80	184.70	185.60	+1.10
Jan	188.00	188.00	187.60	187.90	+ .80
Mar	193.00	193.00	191.70	192.30	+ .30
May	196.50	196.50	196.00	196.00	+1.50
Jul				199.50	+1.50

Sales Mon. 8,462. Total open interest Mon. 45,327, off 499 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
SOYBEAN OIL 60,000 lbs.; dollars per 100 lbs					
May	20.55	20.87	20.55	20.82	+ .28
Jul	20.93	21.24	20.90	21.17	+ .24
Aug	21.25	21.48	21.20	21.40	+ .22
Sep	21.50	21.75	21.50	21.58	+ .14

London Metals Market

(Figures in sterling per metric ton) (Silver in pence per troy ounce)

May 13, 1980

	Today Bid	Today Asked	Previous Bid	Previous Asked
Copper wire bars:				
Spot	893.00	895.00	887.00	889.00
3 months	919.00	919.50	913.00	914.00
Cathodes: spot	878.00	880.00	870.00	873.00
3 months	900.00	901.00	891.00	894.00
Tin: spot	7,440.00	7,460.00	7,455.00	7,470.00
3 months	7,395.00	7,400.00	7,425.00	7,430.00
Lead: spot	333.00	335.00	340.00	340.50
3 months	341.50	342.00	347.00	347.50
Zinc: spot	297.50	298.50	290.00	292.00
3 months	309.50	310.00	302.00	303.00
Silver: spot	559.00	560.00	560.00	561.00
3 months	579.00	580.00	580.00	582.00
Aluminium: spot	783.00	785.00	784.00	785.00
3 months	771.00	772.00	770.00	771.00
Nickel: spot	2,600.00	2,610.00	2,585.00	2,590.00
3 months	2,690.00	2,695.00	2,680.00	2,685.00

London Commodities

(Figures in sterling per metric ton)

May 13, 1980

	High	Low	Close (Bid-Asked)		Previous (Close)	
SUGAR						
May	342.50	333.00	335.00	340.00	348.00	349.00
Aug	362.00	341.50	354.65	354.75	358.25	358.50
Oct	365.00	348.50	356.00	356.50	360.25	361.00
18,923 lots of 50 tons.						
COCOA						
May	1,197	1,189	1,192	1,283		
Jly	1,220	1,200	1,205	1,206		
Sep	1,230	1,212	1,222	1,224		
Dec	1,275	1,259	1,263	1,264	N.A.	N.A.
Mar	1,318	1,300	1,302	1,304		
May	1,335	1,330	1,324	1,325		
Jly	1,360	1,355	1,355	1,365		
2,735 lots of 10 tons.						
COFFEE						
May	1,485	1,476	1,476	1,480	1,488	1,490
Jly	1,740	1,722	1,729	1,730	1,740	1,741
Sep	1,785	1,768	1,778	1,779	1,787	1,789
Nov	1,802	1,793	1,801	1,802	1,806	1,807
Jan	1,808	1,793	1,803	1,804	1,805	1,810
Mar	1,770	1,759	1,767	1,770	1,770	1,775
May	N.T.	N.T.	1,730	1,735	1,755	1,775
4,027 lots of 5 tons.						

Paris Commodities

(Figures in French francs per metric ton)

May 13, 1980

	High	Low	Close (Bid-Asked)		Ch.
SUGAR					
Jly	N.T.	N.T.	3,150	3,200	— 90
Aug	3,265	3,135	3,230	3,235	— 45
Oct	3,325	3,190	3,315	3,320	— 20
Nov	N.T.	N.T.	3,300	—	— 10
Dec	3,335	3,260	3,350	—	— 20
Mar	3,480	3,400	3,400	—	— 20
May	N.T.	N.T.	3,420	—	— 20
Jly	N.T.	N.T.	3,446	—	— 20
1,650 lots.					
COCOA					
May	N.T.	N.T.	1,115	1,150	— 5
Jly	N.T.	N.T.	—	1,195	— 5
Sep	1,190	1,190	1,180	1,200	— 20
Dec	1,250	1,250	1,190	1,205	— 24
Mar	N.T.	N.T.	—	1,230	— 28
May	N.T.	N.T.	—	1,250	— 30
16 lots					

Old Court
DOLLAR COMMODITY TRUST
Prices on May 7, 1980
U.S. $42.60 Bid; U.S. $45.31 Offer.
Next dealing date May 21, 1980
N.M. ROTHSCHILD ASSET MANAGEMENT (C.I.) LTD.
P.O. Box 58, Guernsey C.I.
Tel.: Guernsey 26741. Tlx.: 4191673.

U.S. Commodity Prices

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
Oct	21.80	21.90	21.20	21.75	+ .18
Dec	22.00	22.30	22.00	22.15	+ .18
Jan	22.10	22.40	22.10	22.30	+ .18
Mar	22.50	22.70	22.50	22.60	+ .20
May	22.80	23.05	22.80	22.95	+ .22
Jul	23.05	23.30	23.05	23.25	+ .20

Sales Mon. 11,490. Total open interest Mon. 57,070, up 1,749 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
OATS 5,000 bu; dollars per bu.					
May	1.57	1.58	1.56½	1.57¾	+.02¾
Jul	1.58	1.62¼	1.58	1.62	+.04¼
Sep	1.64¼	1.67¼	1.64¼	1.67½	+.04½
Dec	1.73½	1.76½	1.73½	1.76¼	+.03¾
Mar	1.80½	1.82¼	1.80½	1.82¼	+.03¾

Sales Mon. 1,269. Total open interest Mon. 3,925, off 53 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
LIVE BEEF CATTLE 40,000 lbs.; cents per lb.					
Jun	67.00	67.00	66.22	66.72	— .42
Aug	66.90	66.95	66.15	66.35	— .55
Oct	64.85	64.90	64.20	64.45	— .32
Dec	65.10	65.25	64.85	65.00	— .45
Jan				65.75	— .45
Feb	66.15	66.20	65.45	65.85	— .50
Apr	66.20	66.50	66.10	66.15	— .50

Est. sales 26,426; sales Mon. 26,147. Total open interest Mon. 37,817, off 1,148 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
FEEDER CATTLE 42,000 lbs.; cents per lb.					
May	72.00	72.00	71.00	71.67	— .83
Aug	73.50	73.80	72.70	73.05	—1.25
Sep	73.65	73.65	72.40	72.42	—1.20
Oct	73.15	73.20	72.15	72.52	—1.13
Nov	74.00	74.00	73.02	73.62	— .85
Jan	74.70	74.70	74.25	74.70	
Mar	75.00	75.00	75.00	75.00	
Apr	75.05	75.05	75.00	75.06	+ .10

Est. sales 5,345; sales Mon. 4,877. Total open interest Mon. 12,596, off 126 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
LIVE HOGS 30,000 lbs; cents per lb.					
Jun	34.00	34.30	33.75	34.12	— .43
Jul	36.00	36.17	35.75	36.00	— .42
Aug	35.50	35.62	35.25	35.42	— .53
Oct	36.10	36.30	35.80	36.07	— .40
Dec	39.20	39.40	39.00	39.42	— .23

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
Feb	42.20	42.50	42.00	42.20	— .30
Apr	41.65	42.00	41.65	41.88	+ .15
Jun	44.75	44.95	44.70	44.75	— .37
Jul	45.00	45.40	45.00	45.40	— .30

Est. sales 8,447; sales Mon. 4,650. Total open interest Mon. 24,391, up 309 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
PORK BELLIES 38,000 lbs.; cents per lb.					
May	32.00	32.00	31.20	31.75	— .70
Jul	33.20	33.20	32.32	32.82	— .48
Aug	32.70	32.77	32.00	32.72	— .43
Feb	47.10	47.10	46.27	46.97	+ .35
Mar	46.80	46.95	46.30	46.95	+ .05
May	47.05	47.40	47.05	47.30	— .50
Jul	48.00	48.50	48.20	48.30	— .22
Aug	47.55	47.80	47.30	47.30	— .30

Est. sales 6,827; sales Mon. 7,444. Total open interest Mon. 22,954, up 484 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
FRESH BROILER CHICKENS 30,000 lbs.; cents per lb.					
Jun	43.10	43.20	42.85	43.05	— .27
Jul	44.00	44.15	43.95	44.15	— .05
Aug	44.00	44.00	43.60	43.65	— .45
Oct				43.95	— .15
Dec				43.95	— .32

Est. sales 39; sales Mon. 14. Total open interest Mon. 911, up 14 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
SHELL EGGS 22,500 doz.; cents per doz.					
May				37.50	
Jun	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50	— .40
Jul				48.00	
Sep	57.50	57.50	57.50	57.50	— .45
Oct				55.45	
Dec				60.00	
Jan				58.50	

Est. sales 4; sales Mon. 8. Total open interest Mon. 57, up 3 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
LUMBER 100,000 bd. ft.					
May	152.60	152.60	151.10	151.90	—3.10
Jul	181.00	181.50	177.70	177.70	—5.00
Sep	194.00	194.00	189.70	189.70	—5.00
Nov	195.00	195.50	190.50	191.80	—3.70
Jan	197.00	197.00	187.80	187.00	—5.00
Mar	198.20	198.70	195.30	195.70	—4.60
May	204.00	205.00	202.30	202.50	—3.50
Jul	209.00	209.50	207.70	208.00	—3.90

Est. sales 3,772; sales Mon. 3,569. Total open interest Mon. 11,452, up 246 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
PLYWOOD 76,032 sq ft; dollars per 1,000 sq ft.					
May	182.30	184.50	181.80	182.50	—1.20
Jul	187.50	188.50	185.30	186.60	—1.00
Sep	191.50	192.80	189.60	190.90	— .90
Nov	193.80	195.00	192.30	193.00	— .70
Jan	196.00	198.30	196.00	197.00	—1.50
Mar	201.50	202.00	200.50	210.50	— .20
May	204.20	204.70	203.00	204.00	
Jul	206.50	206.50	205.10	205.10	— .40
Sep				207.60	— .40

Sales Mon. 375. Total open interest Mon. 6,241, off 33 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
U.S. TREASURY BILLS $1 million; pts. of 100 pct.					
Jun	91.39	91.72	91.28	91.68	+.22
Sep	91.35	91.95	91.29	91.85	+.33
Dec	91.33	91.65	91.29	91.44	+.18
Mar	91.12	91.42	91.04	91.38	+.16
Jun	90.99	91.18	90.87	91.15	+.13
Sep	90.78	90.98	90.71	90.92	+.07
Dec	90.65	90.72	90.57	90.47	—.17
Mar	90.45	90.45	90.34	90.38	—.35

Est. sales 15,186; sales Mon. 14,053. Total open interest Mon. 25,626, up 285 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
GNMA (8 pct. $100,000 prin.; pts. & 32nds of 100 pct.)					
Jun	78-20	79-18	78-03	79-12	+13
Sep	78-15	79-17	78-07	79-10	+11
Dec	78-07	79-15	78-03	79-06	+09
Mar	78-07	79-08	77-31	79-01	+09
Jun	78-00	78-30	78-00	78-30	+11
Sep	77-20	78-23	77-20	78-22	+10
Dec	77-23	78-17	77-23	78-17	+11
Mar	77-15	78-10	77-15	78-10	+10
Jun	77-09	78-03	77-09	78-03	+10
Sep				77-30	+11
Dec	77-02	77-25	77-02	77-25	+12

Sales Mon. 18,377. Total open interest Mon. 60,513, off 216 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
90-DAY COMMERCIAL PAPER LOANS ($1 million, annualized discount rate)					
Jun	89.96	90.77	89.86	90.77	+ .02
Sep	89.92	90.11	89.86	90.11	— .04
Dec	89.90	90.04	89.90	90.04	— .08
Mar				90.02	— .16

Sales Mon. 54. Total open interest Mon. 339, off 14 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
LONG TERM TREASURY BONDS (8 pct.—$100,000 prin.; pts & 32nds of 100 pct.)					
Jun	79-09	80-20	79-20	80-11	+20
Sep	79-05	80-22	79-25	80-14	+20
Dec	79-04	80-22	79-25	80-13	+20
Mar	79-02	80-16	79-24	80-10	+18
Jun	78-30	80-14	79-24	80-06	+18
Sep	78-25	80-02	78-21	80-02	+19
Dec	78-22	79-30	78-12	79-30	+19
Mar	78-16	79-26	78-15	79-26	+19
Jun	78-14	79-22	78-13	79-22	+18
Sep	78-11	79-18	78-09	79-18	+17
Dec	78-11	79-04	78-07	79-14	+16

Sales Mon. 25,200. Total open interest Mon. 80,999, up 198 from Fri.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
BRITISH POUND, $ per pound					
Jun	2.2690	2.2780	2.2620	2.2745	+ 20
Jul				2.2670	+ 85
Sep	2.2440	2.2495	2.2275	2.2405	+ 20
Oct	2.2300	2.2390	2.2270	2.2350	
Dec	2.2300	2.2325	2.2240	2.2325	— 70
Mar	2.2225	2.2200	2.2225	2.2300	

Est. sales 4,331; sales Mon. 4,181. Total open interest Mon. 9,174, up 197 from Fri.

Net change quoted in points, 1 point equals $0.0001.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
CANADIAN DOLLAR, $ per dlr.					
Jun	.8475	.8500	.8473	.8497	+25
Jul				.8485	+30
Sep	.8466	.8490	.8465	.8490	+30
Dec	.8480	.8490	.8465	.8490	+27
Mar	.8480	.8484	.8465	.8482	+17
Jun	.8460	.8480	.8460	.8480	+29

Est. sales 2,819; sales Mon. 2,468. Total open interest Mon. 9,815, up 176 from Fri. Net change quoted in points, 1 point equals $0.0001.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
DEUTSCHEMARK, $ per mark					
May	.5565	.5565	.5565	.5565	— 29
Jun	.5587	.5590	.5565	.5597	+ 01
Sep	.5615	.5622	.5590	.5610	— 04
Dec	.5635	.5650	.5636	.5653	— 02
Mar	.5675	.5675	.5670	.5675	

Est. sales 2,819; sales Mon. 2,329. Total open interest Mon. 8,842, off 315 from Fri. Net change quoted in points, 1 point equals $0.0001.

DUTCH GUILDER, $ per guilder. No open contracts

FRENCH FRANC, $ per franc. Jun .23400

Est. sales 0; sales Mon. 0. Total open interest Mon. 30, unchanged from Fri. Net change quoted in points, 1 point equals $0.00001.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
JAPANESE YEN, $ per yen					
May	.004384	.004384	.004384	.004384	+19
Jun	.004384	.004402	.004376	.004399	—14
Jul				.004402	—08
Sep	.004382	.004404	.004378	.004399	—13
Dec	.004370	.004420	.004388	.004414	—09
Mar	.004420	.004420	.004420	.004420	—16

Est. sales 2,318; sales Mon. 1,329. Total open interest Mon. 8,840, up 370 from Fri. Net change quoted in points, 1 point equals $0.000001.

	Open	High	Low
SWISS FRANC, $ per franc			
Jun	.6047	.6056	.6010
Jul			
Sep	.6135	.6140	.6090
Dec	.6215	.6225	.6180
Mar	.6300	.6300	.6260
Jun			

Est. sales 2,673; sales Mon. 1,915. Total open interest Mon. 10,772, up 4[illegible] Net change quoted in points, 1 point [illegible] $0.0001.

New York Futur[es]

May 13, 1980

	Open	High	Low
MAINE POTATOES 50,000 lbs.; cents per lb.			
Nov	7.27	7.27	7.20

Est. sales 70; sales Mon. 128. Total open interest Mon. 1,202 off 18

	Open	High	Low
COFFEE 'C' 37,500 lbs.; cents per lb.			
May	193.00	194.49	192.10
Jul	198.40	199.00	197.50
Sep	205.40	205.95	204.70
Dec	198.25	199.25	197.00
Mar	190.00	190.50	189.90
May	190.25	190.45	189.90
Jul			
Sep			

Est. sales 7,318; sales Mon. 7,275. Total open interest Mon. 12,898 up 4

	Open	High	Low
SUGAR NO. 11 112,000 lbs.; cents per lb.			
Jul	32.95	33.85	32.53
Sep	32.80	33.10	32.50
Oct	32.90	33.25	32.50
Jan	32.90	32.93	32.53
Mar	33.00	34.15	33.40
May	33.50	34.25	33.45
Jul	33.48	33.85	33.15
Sep	33.40	33.80	33.20
Oct	33.00	33.85	33.00

Est. sales 17,446; sales Mon. 18,447. Total open interest Mon. 72,925 up

	Open	High	Low
COCOA 30,000 lbs.; cents per lb.			
May	119.00	120.25	117.00
Jul	115.75	116.15	112.50
Sep	117.50	117.90	118.00
Dec	2,460	2,450	2,400
Mar	2,457	2,487	2,470

Est. sales 1,538; sales Mon. 1,115. Total open interest Mon. 7,170 up 5. 2-New contracts 10 metric ton. ch[illegible] per metric ton.

	Open	High	Low
ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lbs.; cents per lb.			
May	87.75	89.00	87.45
Jul	89.00	90.10	88.70
Sep	89.80	91.20	89.80
Nov	91.80	91.80	90.80
Jan	93.55		
Mar	94.00	94.00	93.25
May			
Jul			

Est. sales 350; sales Mon. 300. Total open interest Mon. 4,304 up 1

	Open	High	Low
COTTON No. 2 50,000 lbs.; cents per lb.			
Jul	84.10	84.40	83.55
Oct	78.90	80.25	79.20
Dec	74.20	74.82	75.75
Mar	76.90	77.25	76.71
May	78.10	78.50	77.80
Jul	79.80	79.00	79.00
Oct	79.25	79.40	78.25

Est. sales 11,550; sales Mon. 10,550. Total open interest Mon. 41,764 Fri.

	Open	High	Low
COPPER 25,000 lbs.; cents per lb.			
May	87.70	88.85	87.20
Jun	88.20	89.20	88.20
Jul	89.20	90.50	89.00
Sep	91.00	92.30	90.70
Dec	93.00	94.20	92.85
Jan	94.55	94.60	94.55
Mar	95.10	95.80	95.00
May	96.30	97.40	96.30
Jul	97.80	98.40	97.80
Sep	99.20	99.70	99.20
Dec	101.60	101.70	101.60
Jan			
Mar	102.50	103.50	102.50

Est. sales 2,400; sales Mon. 2,700. Total open interest Mon. 30,903 of

	Open	High	Low
SILVER 5,000 troy oz.; cents per troy oz.			
May	1270.0	1313.0	1268.0
Jul	1275.0	1315.0	1270.0
Sep	1300.0	1339.0	1300.0
Dec	1331.0	1372.0	1320.0
Jan			
Mar	1390.0	1406.5	1388.0
May	1410.0	1420.5	1403.0
Jul	1425.0	1454.5	1425.0
Sep	1460.0	1488.0	1460.0
Dec			
Jan			

Est. sales 2,000; sales Mon. 1,025. Total open interest Mon. 24,713 of

	Open	High	Low
PLATINUM 50 troy oz.; dollars per troy oz.			
May	548.50	556.00	548.50
Jul	561.00	570.10	555.00
Oct	565.00	586.40	564.00
Jan	572.00	594.40	572.00
Apr	594.00	602.10	589.00
Jul	610.10	610.10	610.10

Est. sales 1,872; sales Mon. 751. Total open interest Mon. 5,440 up

	Open	High	Low
GOLD 100 troy oz.; dollars per troy oz.			
May	513.00	513.00	512.80
Jun	515.80	522.00	521.80
Aug	524.00	533.00	522.50
Oct	533.00	542.00	532.00
Dec	541.50	554.00	541.50
Feb	550.00	568.00	550.00
Apr	561.00	571.00	561.00
Jun	572.50	582.00	568.50
Aug	585.00	589.50	585.00
Oct			
Dec	602.00	610.20	602.00
Feb			

Est. sales 22,005; sales Mon. 18,4[illegible] Total open interest Mon. 102,41[illegible] Fri.

Market Summary

NYSE Most Actives

May 13, 1980

	Sales	Close	Chg.
IUInt Cp	1,500,700	16	+ ⅛
Texaco Inc	793,600	33⅝	+ ⅜
Sony Corp	749,500	9⅞	
IBM	439,600	53⅝	+ ⅜
Gen Motors	391,400	44¼	+1⅜
US Home	359,100	14⅛	— ⅛
Mobil	330,100	68	+2⅝
FederDStr	307,400	27⅝	+ ⅜
PepsiCo	301,400	25⅝	+ ⅜
Gulf Oil	282,800	37½	+ ⅜
Exxon	277,700	60	+1
QuakStOil s	274,800	13¼	+1⅛
KerrMcG	252,200	72½	+2¼
East Kodak	250,600	52⅝	+1¼
Pfizer	243,200	40	+ ½

	Today NYSE Close	Prev. Nationw Close
Volume (in millions)	35.46	32.19
Advanced	1,063	721
Volume Up (millions)	26.13	14.44
Declined	440	783
Volume Down (millions)	5.51	10.80
Unchanged	351	358
Total Issues	1,854	1,862
New highs	18	10
New lows	10	24

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
30 Ind	806.23	820.39	803.07	816.89	+11.49
20 Trn	250.57	255.75	249.32	253.83	+4.04
15 Utl	108.49	109.34	107.51	108.59	+0.37
65 Stk	292.37	297.24	290.80	295.57	+3.78

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Composite	60.54	59.94	60.54	+0.76
Industrials	68.20	67.46	68.20	+0.96
Transp.	50.53	49.95	50.53	+0.95
Utilities	37.30	37.11	37.30	+0.22
Finance	61.04	60.77	61.04	+0.38

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

	Shares Buy	Sales	*Short
May 12	128,956	240,757	1,029
May 9	123,150	222,850	1,345
May 8	133,817	244,749	987
May 7	134,533	270,305	1,298
May 6	137,467	283,978	1,332

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

American Most Actives

	Sales	Close	Chg.
TubosMex s	107,400	8⅝	+ ⅛
DomePetr g	97,600	57⅝	+3⅝
DelhiOil s	68,500	44⅝	+1½
HouOilM	59,900	21¼	+ ½
RangerOil s	59,300	24⅛	+ ⅜
MitchlED s	49,700	25⅝	— ½
GulfCan g	47,800	123½	+7⅝
GifCanG wt	46,900	24⅝	+1⅛
BowValley g	43,700	36	+1½
DorchstrGas n	37,000	27⅝	+ ⅜

	Today AMEX Close	Prev. Nationw Close
Volume (in millions)	3.07	N.A.
Advanced	343	254
Volume Up (millions)	2.10	0.94
Declined	199	267
Volume Down (millions)	0.58	1.15
Unchanged	201	216
Total Issues	743	737
New highs	N.A.	4
New lows	N.A.	8

AMEX Index

High	Low	Close	Chg.
251.42	248.72	251.42	+3.44

Tokyo Exchange

May 13, 1980

	Yen		Yen
Asahi Chem.	206	Mitsubi Hvy Ind.	192
Asahi Glass	361	Mitsubi Chem.	234
Canon	647	Mitsubi Corp.	491
Dai Nip. Print	506	Mitsubi Elec.	200
Fuji Bank	415	Mitsui Co.	325
Fuji Photo	583	Mitsukoshi	416
Hitachi	257	Nippon Elec.	411
Honda Motor	381	Nippon Steel	148
C. Itoh	415	Sharp	548
I.H.I.	144	Sony Corp	2,030
Japan Air L.	2,330	Sumitomo Bank	415
Kansai El. Pwr.	895	Sumitomo Chem.	138
Kao Soap	403	Sumitomo Metal	171
Kawasaki Steel	149	Taisho Marine	242
Kirin Brewery	422	Takeda	505
Komatsu	388	Teijin	137
Kubota	306	Tokyo Marine	494
Matsu El. Ind.	717	Toray	220
Matsu E. Wks	580	Toyota	834

New Index: 446.87; Previous: 446.43. Nikkei-DJ Index: 6,566.94; Previous: 6,586.94

Cash Price[s]

May 13, 1980

Commodity and unit
FOODS
Coffee 4 Santos, lb.
TEXTILES
Printcloth 48" New York yd...
METALS
Steel billets (Pitt.), ton
Iron 2 Fdry. Phila., ton
Steel scrap No 1 hvy Pitt.
Lead Spot, lb
Copper elect., lb
Tin (Straits), lb
Zinc, E. St L. Basis, lb
Silver N.Y., oz
Gold N.Y., oz
New York prices.

Commodity Ind[exes]

May 13, 1980

	Close
Moody's	1,132.00 f
Reuters	1,720.50
Dow Jones Spot	430.94
D.J. Futures	440.72

Moody's: base 100: Dec. 31, 1931. [illegible] inary; f—final. Reuters: base 100: Sep. 18, 1931. Dow Jones: base 100: Average 1924.

Tuesday's New Highs and [Lows]

NEW HIGHS—[illegible]

AnheusrB n	IUInt pf
Disney W	IUInt 1.34pf
Dravo 3pf	Kirsch Co
Esterline s	MacyRH s
Gulfwst s	NevadPwr s
IUInt Cp	Oneida s
IUInt A	

NEW LOWS—[illegible]

Allis Chalm	McLouth Stl
AmFamily	PennEP wt
Bakerint wt	Peabodyint
Gould pf	

Dividends

May 13, 1980

INCREASED

Company	Per.	Amt.
Lear Siegler	Q	.31
St Joe Minerals	Q	.37½

USUAL

Company	Per.	Amt.
Colonial Life Accid	Q	.18
Electro-Protect Am	Q	.03
Fischbach & Moore	Q	.37½
Hutton (E F) Group	Q	.18
Nation Real Est	Q	.27
NewYorker Mag	Q	.50
Pay'N Save	Q	.21½
Pitney-Bowes	Q	.35
Quality Care Intl	Q	.12½
Star Supermarkets	Q	.20
UGI Corp	Q	.44
Varniron	Q	.06
Washington Water	Q	.54
Williamhse-Regan	Q	.17½

May 12, 1980

INCREASED

Company	Per.	Amt.
Amvet Inc	Q	.25
Harcourt Brace Jov	Q	.40
Internorth	Q	.45
Knoxvls Brands	Q	.10
Northwest Ind	Q	.57

USUAL

Company	Per.	Amt.
Chas. Pneumatic	Q	.50
Hammermill Paper	Q	.37½
Interpublic Group	Q	.40
Stone Container	Q	.15

Bondtrade In[dex]

May 13, 1980

	Medium
Today	90.791
Previous	90.782

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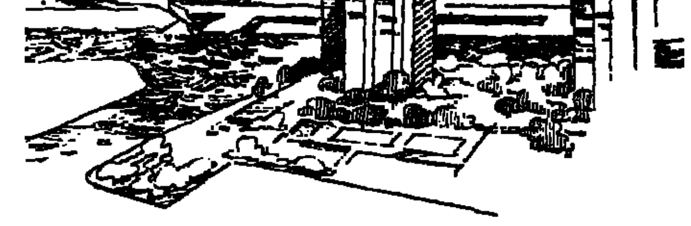
THESE ARE THE SPECIAL RATES AFTER REDUCTION OF THE INTRODUCTORY DISCOUNT.

		12 months	6 months	3 months
Aden (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Afghanistan (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Africa, Ex-Community (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Africa, Others (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Algeria (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Austria	Sch.	2,100.00	1,050.00	580.00
Bahrain (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Belgium	B.Fr.	4,050.00	2,025.00	1,125.00
Burma (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Bulgaria (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Canada (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
China (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Cyprus (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Czechoslovakia (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Denmark (air)	D.Kr.	660.00	330.00	180.00
Egypt (air)	$	171.00	85.50	47.00
Ethiopia (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Finland (air)	F.M.	600.00	300.00	165.00
France	FF	520.00	260.00	145.00
Germany	DM	278.00	139.00	75.00
Great Britain	£St.	46.00	23.00	12.00
Greece (air)	Dr.	4,200.00	2,100.00	1,170.00
Hong Kong (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Hungary (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
India (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Indonesia (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Iran (air)	$	171.00	85.50	47.00
Iraq (air)	$	171.00	85.50	47.00
Iceland (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Ireland	£Ir.	56.00	28.00	15.00
Israel (air)	$	171.00	85.50	47.00
Italy	Lire	91,200.00	45,600.00	25,000.00
Japan (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Khmer Rep. (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Korea (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Kuwait (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Lebanon (air)	$	171.00	85.50	47.00
Libya (air)	$	171.00	85.50	47.00
Luxembourg	L.Fr.	4,050.00	2,025.00	1,125.00
Malagasy (air)	$	195.00	97.50	54.00
Malta (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Malaysia (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Mexico (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Morocco (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Nepal (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Netherlands	Fl.	300.00	150.00	82.00
New Zealand (air)	$	292.00	146.00	81.00
Norway (air)	N.Kr.	578.00	289.00	161.00
Pakistan (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Philippines (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Poland (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Polynesia French (air)	$	195.00	97.50	54.00
Portugal (air)	Esc.	5,000.00	2,500.00	1,350.00
Romania (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Saudi Arabia (air)	$	171.00	85.50	47.00
Singapore (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
South America (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Spain (air)	Ptas.	8,800.00	4,400.00	2,420.00
Sri Lanka (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Sweden (air)	S.Kr.	520.00	260.00	145.00
Switzerland	S.Fr.	300.00	150.00	82.00
Thailand (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Tunisia (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Turkey (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
United Arab Emirates (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
U.S.S.R. (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
U.S.A. (air)	$	195.00	97.50	54.00
Vietnam (air)	$	273.00	136.50	75.00
Yugoslavia (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50
Zaire (air)	$	228.00	114.00	63.00
Other Eur. Countr. (air)	$	145.00	72.50	40.50

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Turnberry Isle Yacht and Racquet Club

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This is not intended as a full statement. For complete details refer to the prospectus or related documents available to purchasers

We are pleased to announce that

Ronald H. Grierson

has joined our firm as a Vice Chairman of A.G. Becker Incorporated and Warburg Paribas Becker Incorporated

A. G. BECKER INCORPORATED
WARBURG PARIBAS BECKER INCORPORATED
55 Water Street, New York, N.Y. 10041/Tel. (212) 747-4000

May 1980

هكذا من الأصل

AMEX Nationwide Trading Closing Prices May 13

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

(Continued from Page 12)

Stock	Div.	Yld.	P/E	Sls 100s	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
LeadvEl			4	19	9¼	9	9	+ ⅛
Lydall	.70	11.	7	12	6⅝	6½	6½	
LynchCp			3	4	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
— M—M—M —								
MCO Rs wt				20	8¾	8½	8½	— ⅛
Macrod			44	194	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝	+ ⅛
ManrC s	.50	3.8	10	43	13⅝	12¾	13¼	+ ½
Marinda			4	171	1 9-16	1 7-16	1½	—1-16
Marm pf	2.25	11.		12	19¾	19⅝	19⅝	+ ⅛
MartPr	.60	4.6	14	3	13	13	13	— ⅛
Masind				38	4⅛	5	5¼	+ ⅛
Masters			10	5	8½	8½	8½	
MfRsh	.12	.5	16	22	22	22⅝	22	
Matrix	s		19	3	17	16¾	16¾	
MaulTec	.14	3.1	6	50	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
McCulO			4	328	9⅝	9⅜	9¼	+ ⅛
McKeon			5	28	3⅞	3¾	3¾	
Means	1.32	8.3	5	18	16⅛	16	16	— ⅛
Medalst	.36	8.7	4	77	4⅛	4	4	
MediaG	.84	3.5	7	6	24	23⅝	24	+ ⅛
Meenan	1.24	7.8	8	8	14¾	14½	14½	
Megalnt	.28	5.2	5	16	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
MercSL	.50b	5.1	5	7	10	9⅞	9⅞	
MetPro	s.20	2.3	9	18	9¼	9⅛	9¼	+ ⅛
Metpth	.22	1.1	40	47	20⅝	20⅛	20⅝	+1
Metrocar			7	23	5	5	5	— ⅛
MichGen			5	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
MchSug	.40a	2.1	9	221	19⅛	18⅞	19⅛	+ ⅛
Micklbry	.16	2.4	3	26	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
MidlaCo	.30	3.4	3	3	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
MidlGls	.40b	4.4	12	14	9¼	8⅞	9⅛	+ ⅛
MissnIT			2	9	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
MichIE	s.28	.8	15	497	26⅛	25⅛	25⅝	— ⅛
MileCo	.60	4.8	5	11	12⅝	12	12	
Moog	.48b	2.4	7	9	16⅜	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
MtsGth	.77e	8.8	14	18	11	11	11	+ ⅛
MorinSh	.08i		10	15	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
Movielab	.32r	8.4	6	130	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	
— N—N—N —								
NFC	.20	1.3	15	219	16⅛	16	16	
Nardo	.28	2.2	8	71	12¾	12⅜	12¾	+ ⅛
NCnvGs	.40	4.7	7	38	8⅝	8½	8½	+ ⅛
NatEdu	1.05i	10.	6	12	10¾	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
NIGasO	n		5	3	16½	16	16	— ⅛
NHIRE			8	3	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
NKinney				102	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
NIPatent				112	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
NtSilvr				19	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
NtSpinn	.30	5.1	4	7	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
NelsLB	.42i	6.2	6	29	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
NestLM	.15e	5.0	13	2	3	3	3	

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div.	Yld.	P/E	Sls 100s	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
28⅛	17⅛	NHome	1.20	4.9	6	7	24½	24¼	24½	+ ⅛
3⅜	1¾	Nidriq	.06e	4.4	10	7	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
38⅛	10⅛	NMxAr	.30	1.3	40	14	22⅛	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	7½	NPinRl	.96	10.	11	4	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
8⅝	5½	NProc	.60	9.2	8	64	6½	6	6½	+ ⅛
27	18	NYTim	.90	4.2	7	27	21⅝	20⅞	21⅜	+ ⅛
17⅛	5⅜	NewbE	.50	4.5		16	11	10⅞	11	— ⅛
16⅛	10⅛	Newcor	.66	5.8	5	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
5	2⅛	Nexus				17	4	7⅛	7⅛	
30⅛	17	NiopPSv	.94	5.4	4	9	17⅜	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Nolex			34	16	3⅛	3⅛	3¼	+ ⅛
29⅛	9⅛	Norlo	.60	2.0	9	5	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	+ ⅛
14⅞	9⅛	Norl pf	1.50	10.		41	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
9⅛	4⅛	Nortek	.08	1.5	5	22	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
30⅛	15⅛	NoAtRey	.24	1.1	9	7	22	22	22	+ ⅛
24⅛	9⅛	NoCdO	n		21	99	13⅝	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
44⅛	29	NIPS pf	4.25	11.		z70	38⅝	38¼	38¼	—1⅛
14⅛	7½	NuclDIa			6	17	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
46	21⅛	Numac	a.20			294	33⅛	30⅞	32¾	+2⅛
— O—O—O —										
12⅛	3⅛	OEA	.20e	2.0	13	3	10	10	10	+ ⅛
18⅛	10⅛	Oakwd	.12b	.8	6	3	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
13⅛	8	OhSealv	s.72	8.7	5	51	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	7⅛	Oilgind	.40e	4.7	4	1	8½	8½	8½	
72⅛	31⅛	OOkiep	.31e	.7	12	z550	45½	44½	45½	+2
15⅛	8⅛	OriolepH	1a	7.3	3	8	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Ormand			12	14	4⅛	4	4⅛	
8	4⅛	Orrox	n		9	5	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
7⅛	2	OxfordFi			3	10	4⅛	4⅛	4⅝	+ ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	OzarkA				118	4	3⅞	4	
— P—Q —										
14	10⅛	PGEpfA	1.50	12.		15	12⅛	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	PGEpfB	1.37	11.		2	12	12	12	
13⅛	8⅛	PGEpfD	1.25	12.		4	10⅛	10	10⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	8⅛	PGEpfE	1.25	12.		3	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
13	8⅛	PGEpfG	1.25	12.		4	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
27⅛	17	PGEpfW	2.57	12.		15	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
25⅛	15⅛	PGEpfV	2.32	12.		4	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
27⅛	17⅛	PGEpfT	2.54	12.		64	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
27⅛	17⅛	PGEpfS	2.62	12.		4	22	22	22	
12⅛	7⅛	PGEpfH	1.12	12.		34	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
23⅛	15⅛	PGEpfR	2.37	12.		3	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	13⅛	PGEpfQ	2.05	12.		19	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
21⅛	13⅛	PGEpfO	2	12.		1	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
21⅛	12⅛	PGEpfM	1.96	12.		1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	—1
23⅛	14⅛	PGEpfL	2.25	12.		1	19	19	19	— ⅛
22⅛	13⅛	PGEpfK	2.04	11.		16	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
45⅛	29⅛	PacLt pf	4.36	11.		z10	40	40	40	+1
46⅛	31	PacLt pf	4.50	12.		z410	39	38⅛	38⅛	+3
29	17⅛	PacTrst	1.20	5.3	11	3	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
31⅛	17	PoesP			9 n	126	18⅛	17⅛	18	+ ⅛
36⅛	26	PallCp s	.44	1.3	19	17	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
3	1⅛	PalomrF				2	2	2	2	

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div.	Yld.	P/E	Sls 100s	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
4⅝	2¼	Panlast	.30	10.	8	10	3⅛	3	3	— ⅛
25½	18⅛	Paradyn	s		23	53	23⅝	23¼	23⅜	+ ⅛
14⅝	4⅝	ParkEl			7	2	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
42⅝	22	Parsons	s 1	3.5	9	70	28⅝	28	28⅛	
6⅛	5⅛	PatFash	.10e	1.5	4	4	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛
14	9	Patagon	.50t	4.7	5	172	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	
14¼	6⅛	PeerTu	.40	4.8	5	5	8⅛	8¼	8⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	13⅛	PenEM	.80a	4.1	7	18	19⅝	19½	19⅝	+ ⅛
16	11⅛	PenTr	1.20	9.1	4	18	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	1⅛	PECp	.73t	31.	48	x26	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	17⅛	PenRE	1.90	9.3	9	8	20½	20⅛	20½	
14⅛	8⅛	Penril n	.15	1.5	8	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	1	Pentron			7	2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
35⅛	25⅛	PepBoys	1.00b	3.9	5	16	27⅛	27	27⅛	+1⅛
23⅛	12⅛	PepCom	.80	3.3	9	135	u24⅛	23⅛	24⅛	+1
21⅛	11⅛	Perini	.40	2.9	7	20	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
11⅛	9⅛	PerryDr	n.28	2.7	6	8	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
25⅛	11⅛	PetLew	s2.16t	12.	11	92	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	10	PetLe pf	1.65	13.		49	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
10⅛	7⅛	PhilLD	.52r	6.7	4	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
3⅛	2	Phoenix			56	11	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
17⅛	7⅛	PicNPay	.32	3.7	5	10	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	PionrSys			7	27	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
4⅛	2⅛	PionTx	.28t			3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
6⅛	4⅛	PitWVa	.56a	11.	6	15	5	4⅛	5	
44⅛	38⅛	PIIDM	1.60	4.2	4	1	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Pizzain			7	12	4	4	4	
74	27	PiaerDv	a1.80			30	37½	35½	37½	+2½
12⅛	6⅛	Planlind			22	3	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	PlyGm	.40	5.2	4	29	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	15⅛	PneuSc	1a	4.5	10	2	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Poloron			1	7	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	15⅛	PrairieO	p			1	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	11⅛	PratlLmb	1.10	9.1	7	2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	16½	PronHo	1.40	7.3	7	x27	20⅛	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	PresRIB	.05e	1.7	2	1	3	3	3	— ⅛
12½	8⅛	ProvGas	1	10.		2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
6½	3	PrudBld	.24	6.9		1	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
26	17⅛	PsSP pfD	2.34	13.		18	18	18	18	—1⅛
18⅛	9	PulteH	.32	2.3	3	116	14	13⅛	14	+ ⅛
11⅛	4⅛	PumaG			4	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
13⅛	8	Punta pf	1.10	10.		3	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6	Quollnn	n.50	7.0	3	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
13½	6⅛	Quebcr	g.25e	2.9	3	4	8½	8	8⅛	
— R—R—R —										
9	3⅛	REDM			8	8	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
6	2⅛	RET				19	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
46⅛	37⅛	RET pf	4.38	10.		12	43⅛	43	43	— ⅛
21⅛	11⅛	RHMed	.20a	1.3	7	6	16	16	16	
4½	2⅛	RSC	.10	2.9	9	1	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
8⅛	5	Ragon	.15e	2.1	8	23	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
28⅛	15	Rnch s	.25	1.6	12	36	16⅛	15⅛	16	— ⅛
30⅛	15⅛	RanerO	s			592	24⅛	23⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div.	Yld.	P/E	Sls 100s	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
29⅞	21½	Ronsbrg	s1	3.5	7	51	28¼	28⅛	28¼	+ ⅛
5⅛	2	RapAm wt				172	4½	4⅛	4½	+ ⅛
8¼	2	RatnP			44	96	4	3⅞	4	
34⅝	15¼	Raylnd	.44	1.6	15	20	26¼	25⅝	26¼	+1¼
23¼	17	REInv	2	8.9	10	8	22½	22½	22½	+ ⅛
12¼	5⅜	RlincT	1.10e	15.		6	7⅜	7¼	7⅜	+ ⅛
3½	3⅛	ReevesT	3.20c			113	31	3½	3⅜	— ⅛
6⅛	4	RelgTr	.32	6.6	3	14	5	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
14⅞	13⅜	RegalB	5.64	4.4	8	54	u15¼	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
9⅛	4⅜	RepGyp	.24	4.6	4	6	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
55	35½	RepNY	2.52	5.2	4	3	48½	48	48½	
20	11⅛	ReshCot	.32	2.4	12	32	13½	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
51½	20⅛	Resrt A			5	336	31⅜	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	7½	Resrt wt				66	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
75	29	Resrt B			6	z200	37⅛	36⅛	36⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	2	RestAssc			5	29	2⅝	2½	2½	
12	5½	RexNore			7	14	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+ ⅛
38⅛	14¼	RioIOil n			19	10	31⅛	31	31	
13⅛	3⅛	Robntch				4	5	5	5	— ⅛
10⅛	5¼	Roblin	.12	1.9		16	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
20½	11½	Rockwy	1b	7.8	9	x1	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅛
28⅛	17	Rogers s	.12	.5	14	106	23⅛	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
3¼	1½	RoyPalm				2	1½	1½	1½	
3	1½	Rusco				25	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	
4⅞	1⅞	RBW Cp			5	15	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
16⅛	10	Russell	.56	4.3	5	37	13⅛	13	13	
— S—S—S —										
6⅛	3½	SFM	.24	5.4	6	23	4½	4¼	4⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	8⅛	SGL	.30b	2.5	6	5	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	4	SGP			2	8	6½	6¼	6½	
18⅛	12⅛	Salem	.40a	2.7	9	5	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	
7⅞	2	SCarlo	.07r	1.1		26	6½	6½	6½	— ⅛
9⅛	6	SDgo pf	.90	12.		1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
76½	51	SDgo pf	7.80	12.		z100	64	64	64	— ½
72	44	SDgo pf	7.20	12.		z50	60¼	60¼	60¼	— ¾
25½	19⅛	SFrRE	1.76	7.1	15	12	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	+ ⅛
3	11-16	SFRE wt				13	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
10⅞	4⅞	Sandate	.50	8.3	8	10	6	6	6	+ ⅛
7	3	Sargent	n		65	4	3⅛	3¾	3¾	
6⅛	2½	ScheibE			5	19	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
28	16⅛	Schnuir	1a	3.8	4	71	26½	26⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
17½	7⅛	Schiller	.10e	.8	8	14	13	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅛
7⅛	4	SchoolP	.40	9.7		1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
3½	2¼	Schrodr			7	2	2¼	2¼	2¼	
9⅛	6¼	Schwab	n.30	4.5	6	5	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
93⅞	29¼	ScurryR	g		12	z150	65	65	65	+3
17⅛	8⅛	Sealctro	.94t	7.4	6	28	12¾	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
1½	⅝	Seaport				1	13-16	13-16	13-16	
7	4	Searsind			4	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
5	2⅛	SecCap			10	27	3⅛	3½	3⅛	+ ⅛
19⅛	10⅛	SelsDel	s		11	175	15½	14⅞	15⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	5	Selas	.40	5.8	6	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
13	5⅛	Semtch	.34b	4.1	13	15	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	3¼	Servo			14	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	4⅛	ShaerS	.60e	9.4	4	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
11⅛	5	Sharon	s.30b	5.0	10	26	6	5⅞	6	
6	4½	Shawin	.40	8.2	4	10	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
4⅛	2⅛	SheltrR			5	43	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
6½	3¼	Shopwell	.10e	2.0	8	82	5⅛	4⅛	5⅛	+1
25⅛	14½	Showbr	f	5.8	7	4	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
20⅛	14½	Slerren	s.38	1.8	12	10	16⅞	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
12	6⅛	Silco	.32	4.0	8	3	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛
19⅛	10¼	Sigma	.40	3.1	7	8	12⅞	12½	12⅞	+ ⅛
7⅛	3½	Silvrcst				1	5½	5½	5½	— ⅛
8⅛	3	Solitron			12	52	5¼	5	5¼	+ ⅛
11⅛	6⅛	SCEd pf	1.02	11.		2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
13	7⅛	SCEd pf	1.08	11.		1	9½	9½	9½	
100	63	SCEd pf	8.96	11.		1	79	79	79	
9⅛	6½	SwFIBk	.60	7.2	5	13	8⅜	8¼	8⅜	+ ⅛
25⅛	17½	SwFIB pf	2.18	10.		4	21½	21½	21½	
15	6¾	Spector	.43e	5.8	6	1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
8⅛	3⅛	Spectro	.19t	3.2		2	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	SpedOP	.20r	6.2	8	3	3¼	3¼	3¼	+ ⅛
7¼	3⅛	Spencer	.20	3.3	8	177	6⅛	5⅞	6	— ⅛
27½	19⅛	StdAlln	1	5.4	4	59	18⅛	d18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
28⅛	18⅛	StCoasa	1.60	6.1	8	45	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	10⅛	StProd	1	9.0		1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
33	21⅛	StdShr	2.14t	8.4	5	6	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝	— ⅛
9⅛	4⅛	Stange	.20	2.7	10	54	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
4⅛	3⅛	Stanwd			4	15	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
15⅛	10⅛	StarSup	s.80	7.4	3	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
8⅛	2½	StarrtHo			4	9	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
12⅛	6⅛	Steelmt	.28	3.6	3	6	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
23½	17¼	StepnCh	.92	4.9	8	3	19⅛	18⅞	18⅞	
1⅛	⅛	SterlBcp	wt			21	⅛	13-16	⅞	
2¼	1	SterlEl			7	15	1¼	1⅛	1¼	+ ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Steyknit				6	1⅛	1½	1⅛	+ ⅛
28½	11½	StrutW	.30b	1.4	25	1	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	
3½	2⅛	SueAnn	.24	9.1	4	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
5	3¼	SunCitvl	.25	7.4	8	1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
15⅛	8⅛	Sunair	.70e	6.8	5	7	10½	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
96⅛	25¼	Sundnc	.16b	.2		121	70	69	70	+1¼
10	7¾	SunJr s	.40	4.9	6	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	10¼	SupFdS	.40b	3.0	7	2	13½	13¼	13½	+ ⅛
12⅛	3¼	Supind	s.06t			121	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
11½	6½	SupSurg	.36	4.5	5	9	8	7⅞	8	
54⅛	29½	Supron s	.30	.6	27	66	48¼	48	48¼	+ ½
6⅛	2½	Susqueh			25	15	3¼	3	3¼	+ ¼
10	6¼	Susan pf	1	14.		34	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
10¼	4¼	Synloy	.12b	3.7	7	4	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
44⅛	30⅛	Syntex	1.30	3.3	10	99	39¼	38½	39⅛	+ ¼
25½	18⅛	Sysco s	.52	2.4	7	16	22	21½	22	+ ⅛

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div.	Yld.	P/E	Sls 100s	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
22⅛	10⅛	SystEng			10	38	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
6½	3½	SysPln	.24	4.4	4	8	5½	5⅛	5½	+ ⅛
— T—T—T —										
9⅛	3¼	TEC	.08	2.1	7	11	3⅞	3¾	3¾	
4	1⅛	TFI			6	47	2	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
11½	9⅛	TIE Com	n		23	50	11⅛	10⅝	11⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	12⅛	TabPd	.20	1.1	7	19	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
14	8	TandB	.40	3.6	5	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
9	3⅛	Tannet	.28b	6.4	4	5	4⅜	4¼	4⅜	+ ⅛
13⅛	9½	Tasty	1.20b	9.4	10	1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	2	TechSym			9	12	3½	3½	3½	
13⅛	7	TecnOp			8	18	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
2½	1¼	TechTp			42	4	1¼	1¼	1¼	
9⅛	4½	Tectrol	.28	4.0	7	14	7	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
84⅛	37½	TejonR			48	5	50½	50½	50½	+ ⅛
35⅛	18⅛	TeHlex	.50	2.2	8	14	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
21	7⅛	Telscl			18	30	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Tennev	s		18	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
4⅛	2¼	Tensor			16	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
10⅛	5⅛	TerraC			9	36	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
12⅛	5¼	TeIraT			10	8	8	8	8	+ ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	TexlAir	.16	1.9	1	90	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	10¼	Textron wt				4	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
2⅛	⅝	ThorCp			11	5	1½	1½	1½	— ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Thoretor	.08e	2.6		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	19½	Thrifim	1.40	5.9	3	3	23⅛	23½	23⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	Tidwell			6	142	6½	5⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
41½	28½	TolEd pf	4.25	13.		z125	32½	31½	32½	+1½
98⅛	65	TolEdpf	10	14.		z80	75	74	74	+1
7⅛	2¼	TotesG				34	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
17½	12⅛	TorinCp	1	7.1	4	7	14	13⅛	14	— ⅛
31⅛	16¼	TotlPet	s.48		11	148	21⅛	20⅛	21½	+1⅛
21⅛	10⅛	TotPet wt				38	13	11⅛	13	+1⅛
3⅛	2¼	TownCtry			6	2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	12⅛	Towner	s.67e	5.0	46	200	13⅛	12⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
8½	4⅛	TrasLux	.10e	1.7	5	49	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	8¼	TranOil	.05e	.5		60	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
11½	5⅛	TrnsTec	n.24	3.3	10	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
8⅛	5¼	Tredwy	.28	4.9	7	11	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
13	7¼	TriSM	.80	9.7	4	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
15⅛	6½	TriaCp	.20	2.5	53	16	8⅛	7⅞	8	+ ½
24⅛	8½	TriOil	n		36	201	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	+ ⅛
41⅛	21	TriOil pf	1.96	5.4		5	36½	36½	36½	+ ⅛
10⅛	5⅛	TuboMx	s		13	1076	8⅛	8½	8⅛	+ ⅛
7½	3½	TwinFr	.20	5.3	5	47	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
— U—U—U —										
15½	8½	U&I			49	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
7¼	3½	UNA	.28	6.2	3	1	4½	4½	4½	
12⅛	5¼	URS	.40	3.8	9	76	10⅛	10½	10½	
7⅛	4	Unimax			4	14	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	12½	UAirPd	.68	4.4	11	8	15⅛	15½	15½	— ⅛
5⅛	4	UnAsbsl				29	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
2½	1⅛	UnFoods	.15e	9.2	20	7	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
7⅛	4	UNatCp			38	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	7⅛	UnRIIT	.99e	11.	9	43	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
7⅛	5⅛	URepln	.23r	5.0		2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
16⅛	10	USFIltr	.36	2.6	6	267	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	USRdium			8	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
11⅛	5	UnitryB			8	26	7	6⅞	6⅞	+ ⅛
27½	13⅛	UnivRs	.32	1.5	13	167	21⅛	21	21	— ⅛
10⅛	7⅛	UnivRu	.72	8.0	6	10	9	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
— V—V—V —										
9⅛	3⅛	Valle's			19	12	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
18½	11½	ValiyRs	n1.08b	9.2	5	5	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
14⅛	7⅛	Valmac	.20t		6	11	11	11	11	
10	6½	Valspar	.44	6.2	5	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
4⅛	2½	ValueL	.07e	2.2		7	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
2½	1⅛	Verit			5	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	14⅛	VermiA	.32b	2.1	6	18	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Vernitrn	.10	1.1	6	48	9	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
11⅛	7½	Vicon	n		6	22	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	
15½	6¾	Vishay	.53t	4.8	9	8	11⅛	11	11	+ ¼
7½	4½	VisualG	.20	2.7	15	88	7½	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
6½	3½	VolMer	.12e	2.0	3	8	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	+ ⅛

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div.	Yld.	P/E	Sls 100s	High	Low	Close Quot.	Ch'ge Prev Close
7⅛	4⅛	VulcCp	.24	4.1	3	1	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
— W—W—W —										
6⅛	2	WTC				10	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
9⅛	6⅛	Wackint	.40b	4.8	7	6	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	14½	Wainoco	.12	.4	43	247	28⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
33⅛	13⅛	Waibr	n.16e	.6	9	21	24⅛	24½	24⅛	+ ⅛
25	13	Walco	.80b	4.0	5	18	20¼	19⅞	20	+ ⅛
7⅛	4	WaltcS	.28	4.9	6	33	5⅛	5½	5⅛	+ ⅛
40	17	Wang B	s.16	.5	10	145	31⅛	31	31⅛	+ ⅛
40½	18⅛	Wang C	s.06	.2	19	6	31⅛	31½	31⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	8⅛	WardsCo	.20	2.2	3	10	9	9	9	
2⅛	1⅛	WshHm			41	7	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
25⅛	15⅛	WshPost	.44	2.4	6	13	17	16⅞	17	
31⅛	24⅛	WRIT	2.32	7.4	15	3	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Watsco	.30	5.2	6	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
29⅛	14⅛	Wthfrd	n1.17t	4.9	11	25	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
5⅛	2⅛	Welman	.06e	1.3		2	4½	4½	4½	
24⅛	8⅛	WeldTu	s.30	3.0	4	11	10	9⅞	10	
5⅛	4	Wellco	.12e	2.8		8	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
10	6½	WescoFn	.42	5.4	5	5	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
36⅛	15⅛	Wstbrn	g s.70	2.8		61	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
38⅛	12⅛	WstFin	.52	2.9	2	47	18	17⅛	18	+ ⅛
7⅛	3⅛	WhitCbl	.20	5.9		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	4⅛	Whitehall			9	46	6⅛	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
18⅛	6⅛	Wichito	.45t	2.9	32	99	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
2⅛	1⅛	WillcxG	n		2	24	1⅛	1½	1⅛	+ ⅛
24⅛	13⅛	Wmhous	.70	4.2	6	9	16⅛	16⅛	16½	
2½	1⅛	WilsnB				2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Wdstrm	.40	7.3	4	4	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	5⅛	WkWear	.44	4.8	5	32	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	+ ⅛
24	9⅛	WwEngy	n		29	168	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
24½	12	Wrathr	.05e	.3		13	14½	14	14½	+ ¼
6½	⅝	WrightH			9	46	2 13-16	2⅛	2 11-16	+1-16
18	11	Wynns s	.48	4.0	5	40	12⅛	12	12⅛	
15	9⅛	WymBn	.72b	6.0	6	9	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
— X—Y—Z —										
10⅛	4⅛	Zimmer	.36	5.6	7	11	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛

Sales figures are unofficial. d—New yearly low. u—New Yearly high. Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. i—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split-up. j—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

x—Ex-dividend or ex-rights. y—Ex-dividend and sales in full. z—Sales in full.cld—Called. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. ww—With warrants. xw—Without warrants. xdis—Ex-distribution.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. Yearly highs and lows reflect the previous 52 weeks plus the current week, but not the latest trading day. Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

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European Stock Markets

May 13, 1980

(Closing prices in local currencies)

Amsterdam

	Close	Prev.
	69.50	70.00
	25.80	24.60
	67.10	67.00
	292.50	292.00
	97.80	98.00
	63.10	62.50
	3.35	3.35
	91.40	90.60
	214.00	216.00
	62.50	61.50
	25.50	25.50
	231.00	226.00
	132.50	132.50
	23.20	21.20
	27.70	27.30xd
	58.00	58.10
	42.80	42.00
	16.30	16.40
	14.80	14.80
	61.90	62.50
	117.30	117.60
	87.40	86.60
	119.60	118.50
	10.90	10.90
	42.00	41.50
	18.00	17.90xd
	160.10	160.50
	109.20	109.40
	143.50	143.50
	111.00	111.80
	152.70	151.60
	33.20	34.20
	111.40	111.50
	244.00	243.20
	30.00	31.90
	98.50	90.00

Brussels

	Close	Prev.
	2,890	2,890
	296	296
	1,925	1,945
	N.A.	5,700
	2,360	2,390
	1,264	1,252
	2,500	2,540
	5,210	5,010
	1,068	1,068
	1,340	1,340
	3,210	3,210
	2,590	2,480
	N.A.	2,480
	734	728
	1,340	1,322

Frankfurt

	Close	Prev.
	78.80	76.00
	375.00	374.00
	143.60	142.50
	123.00	122.70
	235.50	232.00
	274.80	274.80
	168.50	169.50
	58.20	58.00
	261.50	261.90
	222.00	222.50
	127.00	127.00
	215.50	212.50
	267.20	265.80
	179.30	178.30
	131.80	131.50
	208.00	206.50
	68.80	69.00
	295.00	290.80
	123.80	123.70
	27.80	26.90
	383.00	381.80
	132.50	132.50
	154.00	153.50
	241.90	240.20
	185.20	184.50
	218.00	219.80

	Close	Prev.
Kloeckner	42.50	42.00
Krupp	55.00	54.90
Linde	305.50	306.00
Lufthansa	79.00	80.00
MAN	189.00	188.50
Mannesmann	117.10	117.20
Metallgesell.	264.00	267.00
Muench. Rock	510.00	508.00
Neckermann	131.50	132.00
Preussag	194.00	194.80
RWE.new	172.50	172.00
Schering	190.50	188.80
Siemens	267.20	266.90
Thyssen	71.80	71.10
Varta	146.00	147.00
Veba	128.50	129.80
VEW	108.00	109.00
Volkswagen	186.50	186.80

Siemen Index: 135.36
Previous: 135.29

London

	Close	Prev.
Allied Brew	0.76½	0.76½
AA Co	$12.00	N.A.
Anglo-Am	8.78	N.A.
Babcock-Wil	0.91	0.96
Barclays Bnk	4.31	4.36
BAT Ind.	2.40	2.38
Beecham Gp	1.18	1.17
BICC	1.16	1.16
BOC Int'l	0.66	0.66
Boots	1.87	1.87
Bowater	1.70	1.70
B.P.	3.32	3.28
Burmah	2.13	2.16
Coats Patons	0.48½	0.43½
Charter Cons	1.46	1.44
Cadbury Sc.	0.61	0.61
Cons. Gold Fds	4.60	4.60
Courtaulds	0.67	0.67
De Beer.	$8.93	8.88
Distillers	2.00	1.98
Dunlop	0.70	0.70
Free St Ged	47½	N.A.
GEC	3.07	3.07
GKN	2.48	2.47
Glaxo	1.90	1.92
GUS	3.92	3.92
Guinness	0.86	0.86
Hawker-Sidd	1.24	1.20
ICI	3.90	3.88
Imps	0.78	0.78
Lonrho	0.81	0.80
Lucas	2.38	2.38
Marks-Spenc	0.86	0.86
Metal Box	2.80	2.80
Plessey	1.40	1.42
Randfontein	$41.00	41.00
Rank Org.	1.90	1.90
Reed	1.87	1.86
Rolls Royce	0.47	0.48½
Royal Dutch	34.38	33¾
R.T.Z.	3.62	3.56
Shell	3.54	3.58
Thorn (A)	2.90	2.88
Trafalgar H	0.68	0.67
Tube Invest.	3.62	3.64
Ultramar	3.30	3.38
Unitd Biscuits	0.73	0.73
Vickers	1.17	1.16
War Loan 3½	22¼	22¼
W. Deep	$36.38	N.A.
W. Driefein	$74.60	N.A.
W. Holding	$38¼	N.A.
Woolworth	0.57	0.57
ZCI	0.38	N.A.

F.T. 30 Index: 434.90
Previous: 434.20

Milan

	Close	Prev.
ANIC	8.58	8.60
Bastogi	581.00	609.00
Centrale	9,381.00	9,300.00
ERBA	3,080.00	3,180.00
EricMorelli	335.00	335.00
Fiat	1,786.00	1,811.00
Finsider	74.00	72.25
Generali	51,400	51,500
IFI	2,241.00	2,250.00
Italcementi	20,150	20,355
Italgas	805.00	807.00
Italsider	315.50	N.A.
LaRinas	131.75	132.00
Montedis	162.00	163.25
Olivetti	2,032.00	2,052.00
Pirelli	1,883.00	1,913.00
Snia Visco	700.00	710.00

BCI Index: 93.39
Previous: 94.13

Paris

	Close	Prev.
Air Liquide	534.80	534.00
Alsthom Atl.	54.80	54.20
BIC	N.A.	503
Bouygues	633.00	630.00
BSN	965.00	955.00
Carrefour	1,725.00	1,724.00
Cim Lafarge	257.90	252.20
Club Mediter	343.00	349.00
Cofimeg	N.A.	153.00
Cie Bancaire	307.00	300.10
CFP	246.50	248.00
CGE	373.00	375.00
CCF	144.00	146.00
Creusot Loire	N.A.	43.30
CSF	N.A.	488.00
Dumez	N.A.	655.00
Ed-Aquitaine	1,270.00	1,285.00
Ferodo	359.40	361.00
Gen Occident	N.A.	299.00
Hachette	252.00	253.00
Imetal	109.00	107.00
Legrand	1,413.00	1,410.00
L Oreal	679.00	669.00
Mach Bull	62.00	62.00
Matra	N.A.	9,118.00
Michelin	886.00	876.00
Moet Henn	529.00	529.00
Moulinex	78.00	78.00
Nord-Est L.	34.00	33.20
Paribas	234.80	234.00
Penarroya	N.A.	90.50
Pernod Ric	300.00	303.50
Perrier	240.00	244.20
Peugeot	215.00	217.00
Poclain	243.00	241.10
Printemps	118.50	117.10
PUK	110.90	110.50
Radiotech.	260.30	265.00
Redoute	455.00	455.00
Rh Poulenc	129.00	132.10
Roussel Uclaf	235.00	233.00
Saclior	24.50	24.80
St Gobain	130.00	138.10
Skis Rossignol	647.00	650.00
Suez	279.00	280.00
Telemecan	N.A.	832.00
ThomsonBr	209.50	206.50
Usinor	13.80	13.00

Agefi Index: N.A.
Previous: 131.51

Zurich

	Close	Prev.
Alusuisse	1,225x	1,150
Buehrle	2,675	2,680
B Boveri	1,820	1,785
Ciba Geigy	1,045	1,065
Cr Suisse	2,345	2,340
Elektrowatt	2,290	2,300
Fisher	805	800
Hoff-Roche B	5,375	5,350
Interfood	5,125	5,125
Jelmoli	1,365	1,360
Landis Gyr	1,370	1,370
Nestle	3,375	3,365
Sandoz	3,630	3,600
Schindler	1,315	1,300
Ste B. Suisse	367	367
Sulzer	2,740	2,760
Swissair	760	756
Swiss Volksbk	1,750	1,750
U.B. Suisse	3,300	3,320
Winterthur	2,500	2,500
Zurich Ins.	13,000	13,100

SBC Index: N.A.
Previous: 367.30

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

May 13, 1980

	Dollar	D-Mark	Swiss Franc	Sterling	French Franc
1 M.	9⅝ - 9⅞	9⅝ - 9⅞	5⅜ - 5⅝	17⅜ - 17⅝	12⅞ - 12⅛
2 M.	10 9/16 - 10 11/16	9⅝ - 9⅞	5⅜ - 5⅝	17¼ - 17½	12¾ - 13
3 M.	10⅞ - 11	9 9/16 - 9 11/16	5⅞ - 6	17 - 17¼	12¾ - 13
6 M.	11⅛ - 11¼	9 5/16 - 9 7/16	5⅞ - 6	15⅞ - 16⅛	12⅞ - 13⅛
1 Y	11⅛ - 11¼	9 - 9⅛	5⅜ - 5⅝	14⅞ - 15	13⅛ - 13⅜

Selected Over-the-Counter

Closing Prices, May 13, 1980

NEW YORK (AP) — The following list is a selected National Securities Dealers Assn., over the counter Bank, Insurance & industrial stocks.

Stock	Bid	Asked
AELInd	7⅛	7¾
AFAProt	5⅛	6⅛
AVMCp	2⅞	3⅛
Accuray	6½	7
AddisnW	7⅛	8
AdvRoss	4	4⅛
AlexAlex	30¼	31
Alicainc	30	32
AllynB	10	11
Altex	4⅛	4⅞
Amarex s	25	26¼
AFinCp	28⅛	29¼
AForn	3¾	4
AGreet	18⅛	11⅝
AIntGp	58½	59½
AMicros	13⅛	13⅞
ANatins	13⅛	13⅞
AQuasar	18	28½
AResMo	41	42
AWeldns	34¼	35¼
Amterr	3⅛	3½
Anadite	8⅛	9⅛
AngSA	11¼	12⅛
AngAGd	77½	79½
AntoCp	8⅛	9⅛
ApidMill s	18¼	19
ArdenGp	3⅛	4⅛
AsdCola	23⅝	24½
AtGsLt	15⅛	15½
BairdCp	9	9½
BallyPkP	13	12⅛
BancHE	11⅛	12
BkemRt	17⅛	18⅛
BasicRs g	10⅛	10⅞
BssetFr	16	16¾
BaylsMk	13⅛	13¾
Beeline	13⅛	13⅞
BetzLab	35	35⅛
BibbCo	14	15
BirdSon	18½	20
Birtchr	2⅛	2⅛
BlkHillP	24	24¾
Blyvoor	14⅛	14⅞
Bonanza	3⅛	3⅛
BrookS	43	48
BrwTom	42⅝	43
Buckbee	6⅛	6⅛
Buckeye	23⅛	22⅞
Buttels	34⅜	35⅛
BurnupS	9	9⅝
CalWtSv	32	33½
Commirl s	32½	39
ConradH	1⅛	1⅝
CapSwC	16¼	16⅛
CapInAir	1⅝	2⅛
CareCp	8	9
CnVtPS	15⅛	15⅛
ChmLea	24⅛	26½
ChesUtl	12	12½
Chubb	38⅛	39
Cirtico	5⅛	6⅛
CitzUtA	36	36½
CitzUtB	23⅛	30
ClarkJL	25	26⅛
ClowCp	4⅛	5⅛
ColrTle s	17⅛	18
ComCIH	28⅛	29⅛
CmiSIr	14½	16
CmwTel	16	18
ConPap	48⅛	48⅛
CroyRes	46	47
CrosTre	30⅛	38⅛
CollrFed	1⅛	2⅛

Stock	Bid	Asked
Cyclirop	8⅝	9⅜
DanlyM	30	31½
DiaDes	14½	15
DaytMal	16	17½
DBeer	8⅞	9⅛
DeklbAg	29¼	30
DelConT	10¾	11¼
DeweyEl	2¾	3⅛
DiaCrys	22⅞	23⅞
DixnCru	26	29
Docutel	11⅛	11⅞
DolirGn	8½	9
DeytDB	23⅝	24
DunkinD	10⅝	11¼
Duriron	15⅛	16⅛
ERCCp	63½	64½
EsDriet	22⅝	23
EatnVnce	5⅜	6½
EconLab	19¼	19⅞
ElPasEl	9⅞	10⅛
ElderBe	5⅝	5⅞
EleNucl	7	7½
ElModul	8	9½
EnrDev	18½	19⅛
EnRsv	11¼	11⅞
Entwistl	3¼	4
EqtOil	37	38¼
FarrIx	1⅜	1⅞
FarmGo	26½	27
FtBkSys	37⅞	38¼
FtBostn	17	18
FtEmpS	12¾	13½
FtWnFin	5⅛	5⅝
Flickgr	10¼	10⅞
FloatPnt	15¼	16
FlaWatU	7⅞	1¾
ForestO	24¼	25¼
Formiall	2	2¼
FrankCp	8⅛	8⅜
FrankEl	12⅜	13
FreeSG	46¼	47¾
GalaxyO	12½	12⅞
GnRiEst	10	11½
GnReins	82	84
GenRad	38¼	39¼
GlobeLf	30⅛	30⅞
GovEFn	8	8⅝
GreenM	11⅛	12
GrevAdv	43	45
Gifintsf	21½	23½
Gyrodyn	6	6½
HahnEW	47¼	48⅛
Hardwke	6⅞	7¼
HrpRow	7⅜	8⅛
HarpGp	30½	40¼
HartfNt	15	15½
HendrF	25⅛	26
Holobm	2⅝	2⅞
Hoover	13⅛	13⅞
HortzRs	3⅛	3⅝
HyattInt	23	23
IMSInt s	13	13⅛
Intraind	5⅛	6⅛
IntelCp	63	64
IntrcEnr	5	6
IntmtGs	12	12⅞
InBkWsh	12	12⅝
Intersil	17	17½
IwaSoUt	21⅞	22½
Jamsby	17⅛	18¼
Jerrico	16½	17
JiffyFd	1¾	2
JostynM	18⅛	19
KaisSt pf	17⅛	18
Kalvar	2⅛	2½

Stock	Bid	Asked
Koman	19¼	20
KmpAm	10¼	10⅞
KateGre	⅝	⅞
Kaysam	3	4
KellySv s	25½	27
Keuffel	16⅛	17⅛
Kimball	12½	13
Kinoint	4⅛	5⅛
KlealG	27½	28⅛
KnapeV	16½	17½
Kratos s	11½	12½
Kulicke	18⅛	19⅛
Lancain	20¼	21½
LandRes	2⅞	3⅛
LaneCo	20½	21½
LibNILf	17⅛	18⅛
Lilnvs	20⅛	20⅞
LtdStor	6	7½
LinBcst	43¼	44⅛
Lagetrn	12½	13½
MCIC	5⅛	5⅞
MGFOil	16⅛	16⅝
MSIDat	6	6½
MadsGE	15¼	15⅞
MagnlPet	8½	9
MairRt	1⅛	2¼
Mallkrt	32	33
Marion s	13¼	13⅝
MaulLP	21⅛	23
MayPet	23⅛	24⅛
MaynOil	11⅞	12⅛
McCorm	26⅛	26⅛
McForlE	11¼	12
McQuay	9⅛	10⅛
MeyerF	22⅛	22⅞
MidsxW	16⅛	17⅛
MdldCap	8½	9⅛
MidlRes	13-16	17-16
MidlBks	26⅛	27⅛
Millier	26⅛	27⅛
MissVIG	13⅛	14⅛
Molex	34¼	35
Molex wt	27	27⅛
MontCol	3⅛	4
MoorePd	23⅛	24½
MoranB	25⅛	26¼
MoreRes	3⅛	1⅛
Morsfin	11	11½
MotClub	2¼	2⅝
Mueller	28½	30
NNCp	34⅛	35⅛
NorgCp	24	26
NDtaCp	15⅛	16⅛
NwldRE	16⅛	17⅛
NJNGas	15⅛	16⅛
NickOG	23½	24¼
NielsnA	24⅛	24⅞
NielsnB	24⅛	24⅞
NbleAf s	33⅛	34⅛
NoCarGs	13⅛	13⅞
NoEOil un	69	71
NwtNGs	13⅛	13½
NwstPS	15⅛	16⅛
Noxell	17⅛	17⅛
OglivyM	23½	24½
OhioCas	35½	36
OhFerro	15½	16½
OtterTP	19¼	20½
PCAInt	6⅞	7⅜
PabstB	12	12½
PcGaR	21⅛	22⅛
PauleyP	17	17⅛
PeerMf	12⅛	11⅛
PenaEnt	12⅛	13⅛
Petrolit	45	46
Pettibon	22⅛	23½

Stock	Bid	Asked
PierceSS	8⅛	8⅞
Pinkrtn	35½	37
PionHiB	20¼	20⅞
Plastine	¾	1⅛
Possis	3⅝	4⅛
PresGM	34½	35½
PreSleyn	30½	31½
Progrp	¾	1⅛
PbSvNC	12⅛	13
PurlBen	16½	17⅛
PulDCap	10¼	11⅛
QuakrCn	12⅛	13⅛
RagenPr	6	6½
Raychm	53	55
Raymnd	29½	30½
RepNLIe	20	20½
RoadEx	25¼	26½
RobbMy s	23½	25
Roselon	2⅞	3⅛
Rouse	16⅛	17⅛
RusStov	13	13⅛
Sadlier	3½	4
Safeco	33⅛	34⅛
StHolGd	30⅛	31⅛
StPaul	35½	35⅞
ScanDI	1⅛	1⅝
ScrippH	57	62
Sensor	28¼	28⅛
SvcMer	10⅛	10⅞
Svcmst s	21⅛	22⅛
ShMed s	17	17½
Shawmt	38⅛	39⅛
SolidSIS	8⅛	9
SColWtr	12⅛	13⅛
SwElSv	12⅛	13⅛
SwnEnr	27⅛	28⅛
Standyn	20¼	21
StdMicro	2	8½
StdRegs	25⅛	26½
StanHP	25	26
SterlSt	4⅛	5⅛
StrawCl	22	23½
SuperEI	9⅛	9½
TIME DC	4¾	5½
Tampax	28	28⅛
Tandem	47¼	48⅛
TecumP	53	55
TelCmA	21⅛	22
Tennant	26	27½
Tiprary	17⅛	17⅛
TomisOil	14⅛	14⅛
TricoPd	27½	30½
TroyGld g	4⅝	5⅛
TysonFd	8	9
UnMcGil	11½	12⅛
USEnr	14½	15½
USSurg	27¼	28
USTrck	13⅛	14⅛
UVaBsh	24½	25
UpPenP	13⅛	14⅛
VaalRe	54	55
ValBkAr	31⅛	31⅞
ValtecCp	19½	20⅛
VanDus	10½	11⅛
Velcro g	7⅛	8
VictraSt	7⅛	7⅛
VideoCp	4	4½
VaNBsh	12⅛	13⅛
WshEnr	16⅛	16⅛
Weldtrn	2	2⅛
WellsGa	6⅛	7⅛
Wendys	12⅛	13⅛
WstDref	74	75
WDeep	36½	37½
WHold	57⅛	58⅛
WinMtg	3⅛	3⅛
WmorC	28	20⅛
WoodLot	19¼	20½
WrightW	3⅛	3⅝
ZionUta	24¼	25¼

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- **NET PROFIT:** 5.506 million lire (4.897 million lire in 1978) of which 2 billion lire were allocated to shareholders and 3.450 million lire to ordinary reserve.
- **DIVIDEND:** 200 lire per share (180 lire in 1978).
- **DEPOSITS:** 2.200 billion lire, of which 1.864 billion lire were customers' deposits.
- **INVESTMENTS:** 1.300 billion lire, of which 850 billion lire for customers.
- **SECURITIES PORTFOLIO:** 673 billion lire, with an employment index of 2,33 and profits of 13.152 million lire, including the trading with customers.
- **ACTIVITIES:** the activity of Foreign Department was considerably increased (+29% in foreign currencies; +70% for loans in foreign currencies; +38% import-export forms); dealing activity in securities was also increased (securities in administration were 650 billion lire).
- **"POOL" OPERATIONS:** 38 operations in lire and 16 in foreign currencies-16 loans as agent and disbursing bank.
- **CUSTOMERS' LIABILITIES:** the liabilities were increased to 178 billion lire; banker's acceptances service has been very active also on secondary market.
- **STAFF:** the number of people employed is 1.763 with an increase of 8,69% compared with 1978.
- **MAJORITY SHAREHOLDER:** the Monte dei Paschi di Siena Group, as at 31.12.'79, had in administration customers' deposits for more than 16.000 billion lire.

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SOME MEANINGFUL FIGURES OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31.12.'79:

	(in billion lire)
DEPOSITS	
• customers' deposits	1.864
• banks' deposits	302
ASSETS	
• loans to customers	862
• due from banks at sight	216
• funds on deposit with Banca d'Italia for required reserves	273
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES	77

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(Continued from Page 15)

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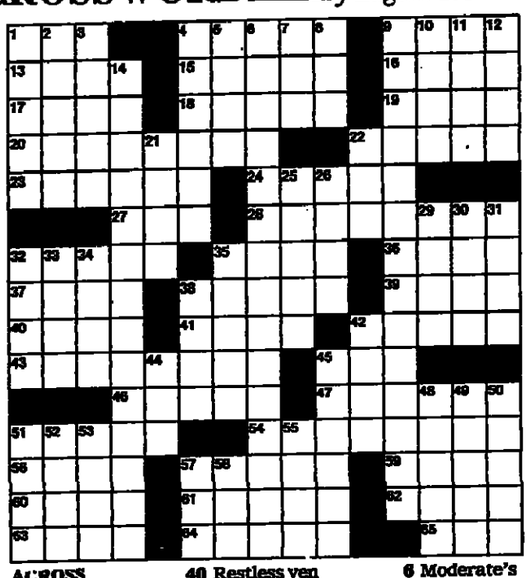
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46 Flexible
47 Confined one
51 Antitoxin
54 Loosed
56 Poet of the East
57 Tangled
59 For boxers, it's square
60 Flat, circular object
61 Distress signal
62 Welles role
63 River in a Coleridge poem
64 American choreographer
65 "Little Men" character

DOWN

1 Corvettes
2 Attacks
3 Former queen of Italy
4 Expert in law
5 Fit to —
6 Moderate's position
7 Yalie
8 But: Lat.
9 "Bull's-eye!"
10 "There — peace . . .": Isa. 48:22
11 British meals
12 Actor-comedian Johnson
14 Abandoned
21 Cabinet member: 1961-69
22 Dickens boy
25 U.S. landscape painter: 1825-94
26 Slicks or pulps
29 — avis
30 Collar or college
31 Bestow excessive affection
32 Zip around
33 O.T. book
34 Suffix with suffer
35 Dam for catching fish
38 It's behind the horse
42 In sound condition
44 Position a gun
45 Author of "A View from the Bridge"
48 One from the East
49 Shade of orange
50 Trimmed the rim
51 Pop
52 Jannings
53 Grating sound
55 Combining form for a continent
57 Position on a ship
58 Swine —

Solution to Previous Puzzle

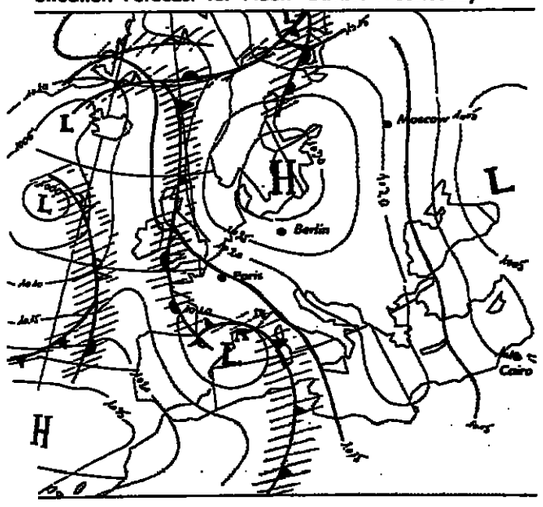
G	E	L			D	A	T	E	R		A	S	T	O
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D	E	G	R	A	D	E	S			W	I	N	D	Y
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B	A	S	H	E	D		U	N	A	L		P	T	A
A	B	L	E	S		K	N	E	A	D		R	E	P
R	E	A	R		M	O	D	E	L		M	O	T	O
A	N	N		F	U	R	O	R		M	A	J	O	R
L	A	D		A	L	E	I	F		L	A	T	E	N	T
		S	C	R	E	A	M		A	L	E	C		
B	R	O	O	M			U	N	D	E	R	T	O	W
L	O	U	T		B	A	S	I	L		I	O	T	A
A	U	N	T		A	L	I	K	E		A	R	I	D
B	E	D	E		D	I	C	E	D		S	S	E	

WEATHER

	C	F			C	F	
ALGARVE	16	61	Cloudy	MADRID	11	52	Rain
AMSTERDAM	21	70	Fair	MIAMI	27	81	Cloudy
ANKARA	15	59	Cloudy	MILAN	21	70	Fair
ATHENS	18	64	Overcast	MONTREAL	19	66	Cloudy
BEIRUT	21	70	Foggy	MOSCOW	4	39	Showers
BELGRADE	16	61	Fair	MUNICH	17	63	Fair
BERLIN	14	57	Fair	NEW YORK	20	68	Cloudy
BRUSSELS	22	72	Fair	NICE	20	68	Cloudy
BUCHAREST	17	63	Cloudy	OSLO	16	61	Overcast
BUDAPEST	16	61	Fair	PARIS	25	77	Fair
CASABLANCA	20	68	Cloudy	PRAGUE	15	59	Fair
COPENHAGEN	11	52	Fair	ROME	21	70	Fair
COSTA DEL SOL	17	63	Stormy	SOFIA	—	—	N.A.
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EDINBURGH	12	54	Fair	TEHRAN	28	82	Fair
FLORENCE	24	75	Fair	TEL AVIV	35	95	Foggy
FRANKFURT	21	70	Fair	TOKYO	22	72	Overcast
GENEVA	18	64	Fair	TUNIS	20	68	Cloudy
HELSINKI	3	37	Rain	VIENNA	14	61	Fair
HOUSTON	28	82	Rain	WARSAW	12	54	Fair
ISTANBUL	14	57	Cloudy	WASHINGTON	28	82	Cloudy
LAS PALMAS	21	70	Cloudy	ZURICH	18	64	Fair
LISBON	14	57	Cloudy				
LONDON	25	77	Fair				
LOS ANGELES	28	82	Cloudy				

(Yesterday's readings U.S. and Canada at 1700 GMT. Houston and Las Angeles at 2000 GMT; rest others at 1200 GMT.)

Situation Forecast for Noon G.M.T. Wednesday



Omaha Mayor's Election Message Was Rude Awakening for Voters

OMAHA, Neb., May 13 (UPI) — Residents were not too pleased when they were awakened by the throaty voice of Mayor Al Veys in the middle of the night.

"I'm sorry to inconvenience you," Mayor Veys' recorded voice said in urging groggy listeners to vote "yes" in today's election for extending the city's half-cent sales tax.

The mayor said calls were made automatically and randomly at a rate of 3,500 for every 12-hour period. The messages were supposed to run from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

However, dozens of residents complained yesterday about being awakened before dawn.

"It goofed," Mayor Veys said. "It played all night long."

PEANUTS



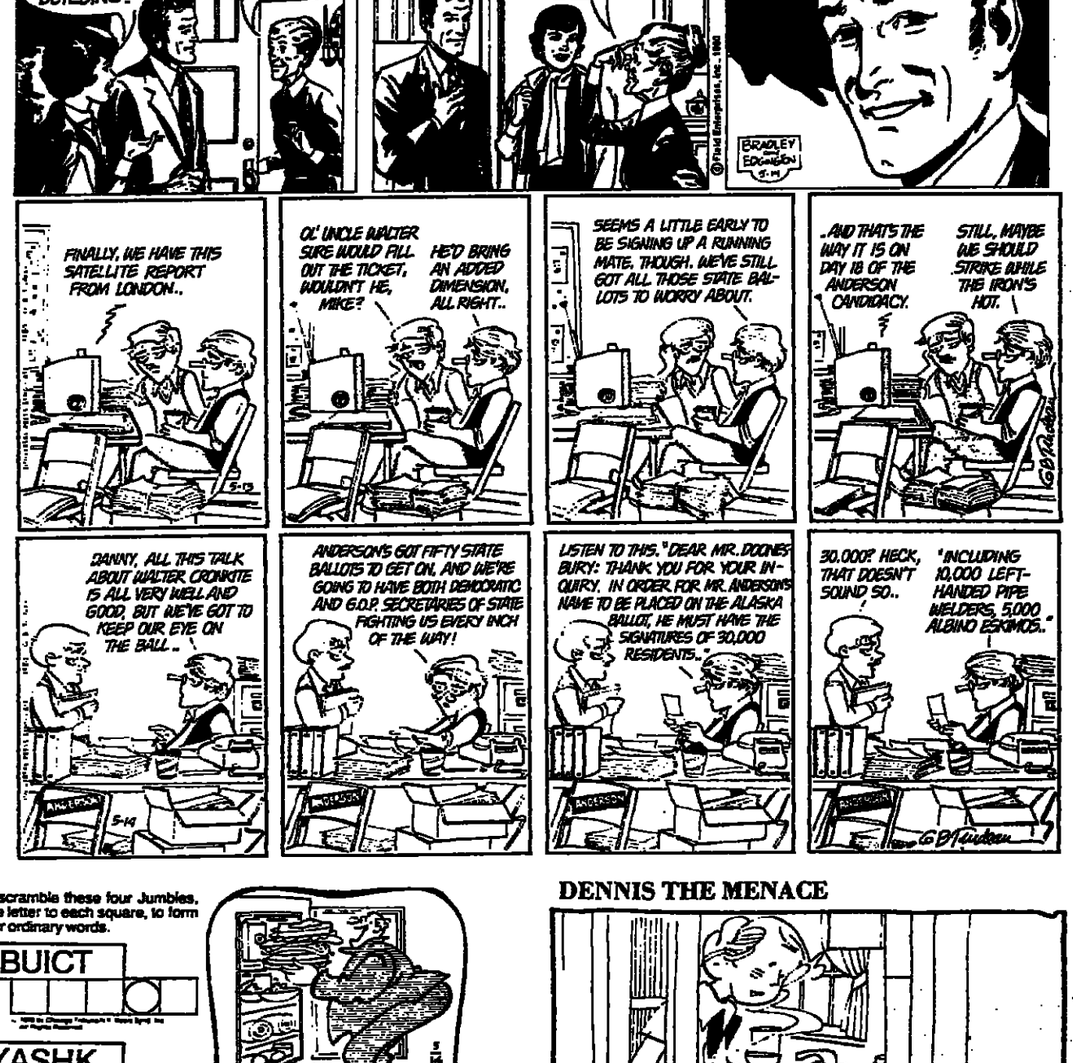
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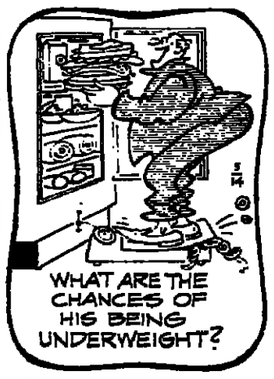
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

BUICT

YASHK

IMBAGT

GLABEN



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

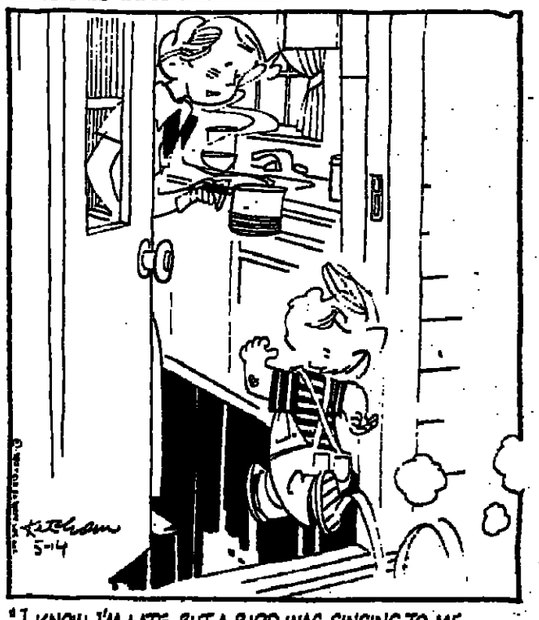
Print answer here: ○○○○

(Answers tomorrow)

Monday's Jumbles: TARDY SIEGE UNWISE JACKET
Answer: Out for the count!—A CENSUS TAKER

Imprimé par P.I.O. - 1, Boulevard Ney 75018 Paris

DENNIS THE MENACE



"I KNOW I'M LATE, BUT A BIRD WAS SINGING TO ME AN' IT WASN'T POLITE TO LEAVE BEFORE HE FINISHED."

BOOKS

INNOCENT BLOOD

By P.D. James. Scribner's. 311 pp. $10.95.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

"HE ought to be writing thrillers," reflects the heroine of "Innocent Blood" about the novel's putative villain. "He had the mind of a thriller writer, obsessive, guilt-ridden, preoccupied with trivia. He had lived too long with thoughts of death." Whether or not this derogatory judgment is shared by the author of "Innocent Blood," it is certainly consistent with what she has done in her latest novel. For after writing seven detective thrillers featuring Adam Dalgliesh of Scotland Yard, establishing her as one of the most esteemed practitioners of the genre in the English-speaking world, Phyllis Dorothy James White, pen-named P.D. James, has burst the bounds of her territory.

In "Innocent Blood" she has gone far beyond the conventional limits of the whodunnit — or in this case the willhedoit — and written a novel that is subtle, rich, allusive and positively Shakespearean in its manipulation of such symbols as blindness, bastardy and flowers, and in its preoccupation with Guilt and Innocence, Good and Evil, Justice and Revenge and the competing claims of Blood and Environment. Indeed, one can easily imagine future English Lit seminar papers devoted to "The Rose as Evolving Symbol in P.D. James' 'Innocent Blood' " — that is, if education escapes the deplorable future that one of James' more articulate characters envisions.

Which is not to say that "Innocent Blood" isn't plotted. Most cunningly is it plotted. Philippa Rose Palfrey is the adopted 18-year-old daughter of an urbane London sociologist, Maurice Palfrey, and his second wife, Hilda. Philippa has been told that she is the illegitimate child of a deceased woman. But, dissatisfied with what Maurice and Hilda have given her and determined in any case to learn her blood identity so that she may "know who she is," Philippa exercises her rights under the Children Act of 1975 and demands to know who her real parents are.

To her considerable shock she discovers, first, that she is not illegitimate; second, that it is her father who is dead and not her mother; third, that her father and mother are respectively the notorious rapist and the murderer of a 12-year-old girl named Julie Scase; and, finally, that her mother, one Mary Ducton, is about to be released from prison. Yet, partly as a "histrionic gesture" in defiance of her adoptive parents and partly because she really believes that her mother holds the key to her identity, Philippa writes to her mother in prison and offers to share a flat until she enters Cambridge in the fall.

Switch now to an office party in honor of a 57-year-old government accounts clerk named Norman Scase, who is of course the father of the murdered Julie. The mysterious and reclusive Scase is retiring three years before his pension is due to begin in order to fulfill the deathbed promise he has made to his late wife, Mavis, whose happiness ended and health broke down with the death of their daughter. Norman intends to remove the sense of guilt that has burdened him ever since the deaths of his daughter and wife. He knows through a detective he has hired over the years that Mary Ducton is about to be released from prison. He means to hunt her down and execute her.

Does this plot "work"? Of course it does — not only in terms of raw suspense, but also in its subtle manipulation of the reader's conflicting sympathies for Norman Scase and Mary Ducton, who turns out not to be quite the monster she first appears. True, James' prose is too persistently analytic to permit the sort of accelerated pace that brings a thriller to its climax. "Innocent Blood" has a fault, it is that the characters too much like one another ularly disconcerting in the Philippa's mother, who ev spending 10 years in jail s if she's about to take her English literature.

But if the pace of the bo ond half is somewhat slow amply compensated by the and elegance with which Ja dles the parallel develop Philippa and Norman Sca all is said and done, we h held in tingling suspense can sentimentally be desc young woman's discovery heart.

In short, P.D. James has fully exploited the conve the thriller to produce a n far transcends our expect the genre. And if that demeaning of the genre, let ly be added that it is pre tension between form and that counts for so much o cess of "Innocent Bloo thriller lives — even if onl to a story that all but conse

Christopher Lehmann-Ha the staff of The New York T

Best-Sellers

The New York Times

This list is based on reports from 1,400 bookstores throughout the U Weeks on list are not necessarily co

FICTION

This Week		Weeks
1	THE BOURNE IDENTITY, by Robert Ludlum	
2	PRINCESS DAISY, by Judith Krantz	
3	THE DEVIL'S ALTERNATIVE, by Frederick Forsyth	
4	THE BLEEDING HEART, by Marilyn French	
5	NO LOVE LOST, by Helen Van Slyke	
6	KANE & ABEL, by Jeffrey Archer	
7	PORTRAITS, by Cynthia Freeman	
8	SMILEY'S PEOPLE, by John le Carre	
9	WHO'S ON FIRST, by William F. Buckley Jr.	
10	CREEK MARY'S BLOOD, by Dee Brown	
11	BACK BAY, by William Martin	
12	THE NINJA, by Eric Van Lustbader	
13	HUNGRY AS THE SEA, by Wilbur Smith	
14	RANDOM WINDS, by Belva Plain	
15	SOPHIE'S CHOICE, by William Styron	

NONFICTION

1	FREE TO CHOOSE, by Milton and Rose Friedman	
2	THE THIRD WAVE, by Alvin Toffler	
3	MEN IN LOVE, by Nancy Friday	
4	DONAHUE, by Phil Donahue	
5	WILL, by G. Gordon Liddy	
6	ALL YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT THE IRS, by Paul Strassels with Robert Wool...	
7	THE BRETHREN, by Bob Woodward and Scott Armstrong	
8	ANATOMY OF AN ILLNESS, by Norman Cousins	
9	THE BOOK OF LISTS #2, by Irving Wallace, David Wallechinsky, Amy Wallace and Sylvia Wallace	
10	JIM FIXX'S SECOND BOOK OF RUNNING, by James Fixx	
11	HOW YOU CAN BECOME FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT BY INVESTING IN REAL ESTATE, by Albert Lowry	
12	THY NEIGHBOR'S WIFE, by Gay Talese	
13	THE PRITIKIN PROGRAM, by Nathan Pritikin with Patrick McGrady	
14	NOTHING DOWN, by Robert Allen	
15	AUNT ERMA'S COPE BOOK, by Erma Bombeck	

BRIDGE — By Alan T.

A DEFENDER who holds four trumps or more should seldom lead a short suit in the hope of a ruff. He usually does better to force the declarer to ruff in the hope of forcing him to lose control of the trump suit. A player who refused to apply this principle had occasion to regret it on the diagramed deal.

East's raise of one diamond to three diamonds purported to be invitational. He did not have the values for this action, but he succeeded in putting pressure on South. A take-out double was unthinkable with such a spade holding, and a pass would have been cowardly.

Rather than bid four clubs South chose three hearts, prepared to run briskly to clubs if he was doubled. But when North raised hearts and West doubled, South was not sure what to do.

"My partner had his bid plus," reports South. "There I was, flying blind in a fog."

A retreat to five clubs would have taken the partnership to an unbeatable contract, but South stood his ground, hoping to find four trumps in the dummy. He would have been defeated if the defense had led diamonds at every opportunity, but West obligingly led the club jack. South won in dummy with the king and led a heart to the king.

West could have won and shifted to diamonds, which would still defeat the contract if carefully followed up. South would have to ruff the second diamond and would do best to play one more round of trumps and start on clubs. West would come out on top by ruffing the fourth round of clubs ing another diamond.

But West chose to allow king to hold and duck when the jack was led. Thi final fatal error and Sout He claimed 10 tricks, as that he would lead black every opportunity.

Clearly South is in co West can do no better two trumps and one diamo

East was willing to co West was stubborn and the ued play. South took his winners and began on clu kept studying and discardi

Finally East could stat longer. "For God's sa snarled, "concede before I an overtrick."

	NORTH ♠AK75 ♡K942 ♢83 ♣K942	
WEST (D) ♠Q104 ♡A873 ♢AQ1087 ♣J		EAST ♠J98 ♡65 ♢KJ4 ♣A73
	SOUTH ♠63 ♡KQJ8 ♢4 ♣AQ10865	

North and South were v

The bidding:

West	North	East
1♢	Pass	3♢
Pass	4♡	Pass
Dbl.	Pass	Pass

West led the club jack.

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

[A]li-Holmes Fight [i]n Limbo; Brazil [A]pparently Out

From Agency Dispatches

[NEW] YORK, May 13 — Negoti[ations] for the $12-million world [heavyw]eight championship fight be[tween] Muhammad Ali and Larry [Holmes], scheduled for Rio de Jan[eiro] July 11, have fallen apart [and the] bout will not be held at that [site] on that date, according to [Gene] Smith, executive director of [Muh]amad Ali Sports Enterprises.

[Smith] cited inability of the pro[moter] of the fight, Prime Sports, to [secur]e the necessary financial ar[rangem]ents, coupled with the other [complic]ations, including legal en[tangl]ements and the impracticability [of hol]ding the fight in Rio's [200,000]-seat Maracana Stadium as [the un]derlying factors in the deci[sion to s]crub the contest.

["It w]on't happen," Smith said, [especi]ally on that date and at that

Ali Not Worried

[I]n training at Deer Lake, Pa., [Holmes said th]at he did not know where or [when] the title bout would take [place, b]ut that he was going to fight [Ali] "somewhere and some[time."]

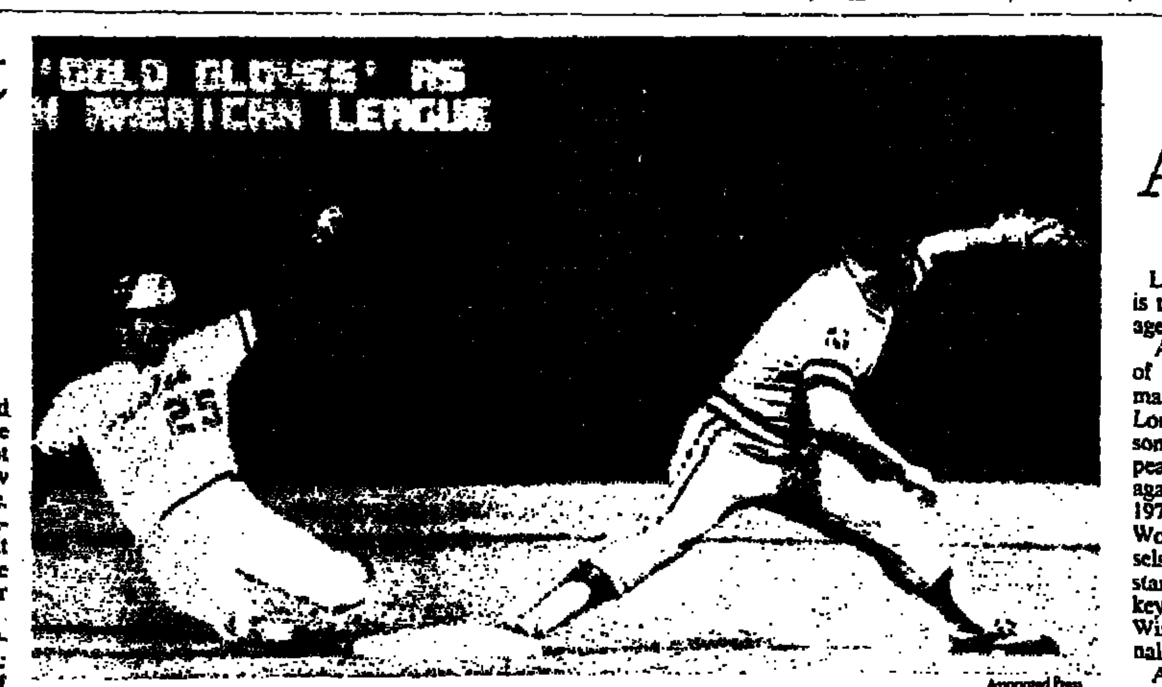
["I d]on't worry about nothing," [said Ho]lmes, who had been promised $6 [million] by Prime Sports. "The fight may not be in Rio, but it'll be held somewhere. The place and time have not been decided yet. It's not for me to worry about. I don't know where or when and I don't care. That's for the promotors and managers to work out, and they'll do it because they're all out to make money. I'm just training for Holmes."

Charles Spaziani, Holmes' lawyer, said today from Easton, Pa.: "It may not be in Brazil but as of last night we're fighting Ali July 11 and Larry's training accordingly."

The promotors held a full scale news conference in New York on April 28 and announced at that time that the July 11 date and the Rio site were "definitely set." But Holmes's manager, Richie Giachetti, said even then that he was "skeptical" about the fight coming off as advertised.

"We won't leave the United States until everything is the way it has been represented to us, and that, of course, includes the money," Giachetti said yesterday.

The organization run by Smith involves Ali's amateur boxing club and is not connected with Ali's own pro fights. Ali has said in the past that Smith does not speak for him.



Rich Dauer of the Orioles is doubled up at first base as the Rangers' Pat Putnam takes a throw from centerfielder Mickey Rivers, who caught a line drive by Mark Belanger. Rangers won, 5-1.

Associated Press

Law Steals 4 Bases for Dodgers

From Agency Dispatches

LOS ANGELES, May 13 — Rudy Law doubled in a run and set up another with the first of his four stolen bases last night, helping the Los Angeles Dodgers to a 2-1 victory over the Chicago Cubs.

In the third inning Davey Lopes led off with a double off Rick Reuschel (2-3) and came home on Law's double. Reggie Smith then walked and he and Law then worked a double steal with Law eventually scoring on Steve Garvey's grounder.

The Cubs took a 1-0 lead in the first inning off Don Sutton (3-0) when the leadoff batter, Lenny Randle, hit his third homer.

Sutton allowed eight hits in six innings with Bobby Castillo pitching the last three innings to get his first save.

Royals 12, Yankees 3

In the American League, at New York, Darrell Porter drove in five runs and scored twice to lead Kansas City to a 12-3 victory over New York in a game delayed 37 minutes by rain in the sixth inning.

Twins 4, Red Sox 3

In Boston, Butch Wynegar's run-scoring double in the ninth inning gave Minnesota a 4-3 victory over Boston. The victory was Minnesota's first in Boston in 15 games since August 26, 1977.

Rangers 5, Orioles 1

In Baltimore, a two-run homer by Richie Zisk capped a four-run Texas rally in the first inning and the Rangers went on to defeat Baltimore, 5-1, behind the nine-hit pitching of Jon Matlack.

Sunday

Phillies 7, Reds 3

In Cincinnati, pitcher Dick Ruthven drove in a pair of runs with a second-inning single as Philadelphia defeated Cincinnati, 7-3.

Braves 6, Astros 4

In Atlanta, Phil Niekro outdueled his younger brother, Joe, pitching a seven-hitter to give Atlanta a 7-4 victory over Houston. It was the eighth time that the brothers had faced each other, and each has won four.

Giants 3, Cubs 0

In Chicago, Larry Herndon, a last-minute replacement for Jack Clark, doubled to trigger a three-run sixth inning and Ed Whitson posted his first victory after five losses as San Francisco defeated Chicago, 3-0.

Dodgers 4, Cardinals 2

In St. Louis, shortstop Garry Templeton bobbled Steve Garvey's two-out grounder for an error, opening the way for a four-run first inning and Los Angeles went on to a 4-2 victory over St. Louis.

Padres 5, Pirates 0

In San Diego, Jerry Mumphrey capped a three-run first inning with a two-run single and Randy Jones picked up his third victory of the year with a six-hitter as San Diego defeated Pittsburgh, 5-0.

Yankees 5, Twins 0

In the American League, at New York, Tommy John pitched a six-hitter for his third shutout of the season and Ruppert Jones drove in three runs to pace New York to a 5-0 victory over Minnesota.

Red Sox 5, Royals 2

In Boston, a two-run homer by Fred Lynn and a run-scoring single by Rick Burleson keyed a three-run third inning that carried Boston to a 5-2 victory over Kansas City.

Mariners 9, Indians 4

In Seattle, Jim Beattie, with relief help from Shane Rawley in the seventh inning, picked up his first victory in a Seattle uniform, beating Cleveland 9-4. Beattie (1-3) worked 6⅔ innings.

A's 12, Blue Jays 1

In Oakland, Mike Norris got his fifth victory with a seven-hitter as Oakland beat Toronto, 12-1. In 50 innings this season, the 25-year-old righthander has allowed only 25 hits and two earned runs for an incredible earned run average of 0.36.

Tigers 4, Angels 0

In Anaheim, Calif., Dan Petry pitched a four-hitter for his first major league shutout as Detroit defeated California, 4-0.

Rangers 5, White Sox 1

In Arlington, Texas, Doc Medich and Sparky Lyle scattered six hits and John Ellis drove in two runs with a single and a sacrifice fly to lead the Rangers to a 5-1 victory over Chicago.

Brewers 5, Orioles 4

In Milwaukee, Dick Davis singled and scored the go-ahead run in the seventh inning on a grounder by Sal Bando, and Larry Hisle hit a two-run homer, leading Milwaukee to a 5-4 victory over Baltimore.

[76]ers Even Series With Lakers

By Sam Goldaper

[PHIL]ADELPHIA (NYT) — Dar[ryl Da]wkins, a showman on and off [the co]urt, and Julius Erving, a [showm]an when a basketball game is [on the] line, put their talents together [in the] second half Sunday and [led the] Philadelphia 76ers to a 105-[102 vi]ctory over the Los Angeles [Lakers] at the Spectrum.

[In the] triumph, in which Dawkins [scored] 26 points and Erving saved [most of h]is 23 points for the final peri[od, tie]d the National Basketball As[sociati]on championship series at [two ga]mes apiece.

[The] four-star performances by [Dawki]ns and Erving came with the [Lakers]' front line in foul trouble [and] with Kareem Abdul-Jabbar [strugg]ling to score. Abdul-Jabbar, [the 7-]foot-2-inch Laker center who [had d]ominated the previous three [games] with 104 points, was limited [to 16] points Sunday. He hit 11 field [goals i]n 27 attempts.

Laying the Blame

[Abd]ul-Jabbar blamed the offici[als fo]r his offensive difficulties.

["I ca]n't be effective when they're [holdin]g my arm and nobody is call[ing a f]oul," Abdul-Jabbar said. ["There]'s not much I can do about [it. The] only way I can keep them off [me is to] get me fouled out."

[Cald]well Jones of the 76ers, who [playe]d very defensively against Ab[dul-Ja]bbar in the second game, [tried t]o keep the Laker center far[ther f]rom the basket. He also got help from Dawkins, who slacked off his man and helped put pressure on Abdul-Jabbar.

"One thing everyone overlooks about Darryl is that he helps out all over, especially against Kareem," Bobby Jones, the 76er forward, said. "When he commits fouls, it's often our mistakes."

Everything that Dawkins did defensively did not impress the capacity crowd of 18,276 as much as his two-and-a-half-minute offensive performance that turned the game in the 76ers' favor.

Not So Easy

The sequence began with the 76ers trailing, 67-61. The 6-11, 250-pound Dawkins, then scored 8 of his team's 10 points and blocked an Abdul-Jabbar shot, not an easy feat.

Dawkins, guarded by Abdul-Jabbar, took the ball inside with authority during his scoring burst.

Jim Chones of the Lakers started the game paired against Dawkins, but he could not handle him Sunday. Chones got into foul trouble and had four personals at halftime, when the the Lakers led, 51-49. Michael Cooper, who has effectively guarded Erving in this series, also had four fouls at halftime, and Abdul-Jabbar had three.

Because of the foul difficulties, the Lakers had to use Mark Landsberger for 17 minutes, and that was a major problem offensively and defensively.

With Abdul-Jabbar on the bench, the 6-9 Landsberger was matched either against Dawkins or Caldwell Jones. Offensively, Landsberger took 11 shots and made three. He missed seven shots in the second half, most of them easy taps.

Paul Westhead, the Laker coach, said of Dawkins's 12-for-23 shooting from the field: "He did a nice job. He was very aggressive inside. I'd hope it was more because Darryl played a power game. It was his advantage more than our sluggishness or foul trouble."

In the Spotlight

After Dawkins finished his theatrics with a two-handed dunk at the start of the fourth period, it was time for Erving to take center stage.

Playing in the backcourt, he began a 10-point run with a shot that brought cheers from the crowd. With 7 minutes 36 seconds left he drove past Landsberger and was forced behind the backboard by Abdul-Jabbar. But Erving used one hand to reach out and around the Laker center and flip the ball into the basket.

Until that stage, Erving had been struggling. He hit nine of 17 shots but only four of 11 in the first half.

"The turning point of the game was when Darryl became effective inside," Erving said. "We struggled until Darryl became the dominant force on the floor. He also was an inspirational leader. I got an opportunity to rest late in the third quarter, and I saw some things on the floor. When I returned to the game I took advantage of the opening that I observed from the bench. You play to daylight. Sometimes it's there and sometimes you take it."

Despite the 76ers' heroics, the game still came down to the last six seconds, when the Lakers had a chance to tie the score.

The Lakers called a timeout to set up a 3-point attempt that could have sent the game into overtime. Earvin (Magic) Johnson threw the ball inbounds to Norm Nixon, who tried to get it to Cooper. But the ball never got there, because Bobby Jones intercepted the pass and ran out the clock.

NBA Playoffs

CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES
Los Angeles vs. Philadelphia
(Best 4-of-7)
(Series tied, 2-2)

May 4 — Los Angeles 109, Philadelphia 102
May 7 — Philadelphia 107, Los Angeles 104
May 10 — Los Angeles 111, Philadelphia 101
May 11 — Philadelphia 105, Los Angeles 102
May 14 — Philadelphia at Los Angeles
May 16 — Los Angeles at Philadelphia
x-May 18 — Philadelphia at Los Angeles
x-If necessary

[Ge]rulaitis Tops McEnroe [t]o Win Champions Event

[NEW] YORK, May 13 (AP) — Vi[tas Ge]rulaitis shook off a first-set [loss an]d a light but steady rain to [beat] John McEnroe, 2-6, 6-2, 6-0, [Sunda]y and win the tennis Tourna[ment o]f Champions at Forest Hills.

[With t]h the victory, Gerulaitis [earne]d the $100,000 first-place [prize.] McEnroe settled for $40,000.

[McE]nroe dominated play in the [openin]g set, breaking Gerulaitis in [the thi]rd and seventh games. But [McEnro]e appeared to lose his concen[tration] and Gerulaitis began play[ing mo]re confidently.

[After] McEnroe held his first ser[vice in] the middle set — the second [time] he failed to hold again the [rest o]f the match as Gerulaitis [beat] the tournament's top seed six [straigh]t times. The only other game [McEn]roe was able to capture was [when] he broke Gerulaitis in the sev[enth g]ame of the second set.

[It w]as the third consecutive time [Ger]ulaitis, seeded No. 3 here at [the W]est Side Tennis Club, has [beaten] McEnroe, ranked No. 2 in [the wo]rld behind Bjorn Borg.

[Wit]h the score tied, 1-1, in the [second] set, Gerulaitis saved a break [point] with a service winner to go to [deuce]. He then moved to advantage [when] McEnroe's backhand was [long.] Another service winner gave [Geru]laitis the game and a 2-1 lead.

[A] backhand cross-court drop [shot i]n the next game gave Geru[laitis] a 40-30 lead and he took the [game] by breaking McEnroe when [the 21]-year-old's backhand ground [stroke] was wide.

[Fro]m then on, it was all Geru[laitis.]

[He] won the next set at love, al[lowing] McEnroe only one point in [the fo]llowing game, then took the [set wi]th well-placed forehands as he [beat] the top seed.

[Mc]Enroe won only three points [in the] next four games as Gerulaitis [raced] to victory.

ite after ousting the defending champion United States last month, defeated Italy, 3-0, yesterday in the final of the Nations Tennis Cup.

Guillermo Vilas and Jose Luis Clerc scooped the $130,000 first prize for the South Americans by capturing the two singles for an unbeatable 2-0 lead, and then won the doubles.

Vilas, who beat Bjorn Borg on Sunday to break the Swede's 49-match victory streak, clobbered Corrado Barazzutti, 6-3, 6-2, to give the South Americans the opening match against the Italians.

Jose Luis Clerc clinched the title with an upset 7-6, 6-3 victory over Adriano Panatta. Vilas and Clerc then rounded off the triumph by dismissing Panatta and Paolo Bertolucci, 6-2, 6-3, in the doubles.

Argentina Beats Italy

[DU]ESSELDORF, May 13 (UPI) — [Ar]gentina, the Davis Cup favor-

NHL Playoffs

FINAL SERIES
Philadelphia vs. N.Y. Islanders
(Best 4-of-7)

—N.Y. Islanders at Philadelphia
—N.Y. Islanders at Philadelphia
—Philadelphia at N.Y. Islanders
—Philadelphia at N.Y. Islanders
[1]2—N.Y. Islanders at Philadelphia
[1]4—Philadelphia at N.Y. Islanders
[1]7—N.Y. Islanders at Philadelphia
[nec]essary

Shero to Reassume Duties on Ice, Ending Coaching Hopes of Nykoluk

NEW YORK, May 13 (NYT) — Fred Shero, the coach of the New York Rangers, has decided to take over completely the jobs he had previously delegated so that he can run a tighter regime next season.

The decision was highly influenced by a meeting Shero had last Tuesday with Sonny Werblin, president of the Madison Square Garden Corp., which owns the Rangers. Werblin said in an interview Friday: "I feel the coach has to give the orders."

An immediate result was the resignation of Mike Nykoluk, Shero's assistant coach, who believed he would be the Ranger coach next year and had turned down a $100,000-a-year offer to join the Toronto Maple Leafs.

"I've given him lots of chances," Shero said of Nykoluk. "I've lost confidence in him."

Haphazard Practices

Shero admitted that the system he employed last season had resulted in a breakdown of discipline. The Rangers, who reached the final series for the Stanley Cup a year ago, finished only six games over .500 this season and were ousted by the Philadelphia Flyers in the second round of the playoffs.

Under Shero virtually every practice was run by Nykoluk, who came to New York with Shero from Philadelphia in 1978. But in midseason, Andre Beaulieu was brought up from the farm system to help Nykoluk run the practices, which some players had complained were leaderless. Shero attended practice but rarely spent time on the ice. As a result, some players arrived late and left at the first opportunity.

Shero is also the Rangers' general manager, but most of those duties have been handled by the assistant general manager, Mickey Keating. In fact, Shero never has negotiated a Ranger contract. It is likely that Shero will also take a firmer hand in the front office.

Demers Resigns Post As Nordiques' Coach

QUEBEC, May 13 (AP) — Jacques Demers, the 35-year-old coach of Quebec Nordiques, resigned yesterday during a director's meeting of the National Hockey League club.

A club official said that a new coach would not be named until after the NHL meetings in Montreal next month. Andre Boudrias, who served as assistant to Demers last season, ranks as a top contender.

Maurice Filion, general manager of the Nordiques, said that Demers had been offered another post within the organization. Demers said that he had not decided whether to accept and would not rush a decision.

Sunday and Monday Line Scores

MONDAY'S GAMES
American League

Minnesota 111 000 001—4 12 0
Boston 100 020 000—3 7 0
Redfern, Corbett (9) and Wynegar; Torrez, Burgmeier and Fisk. W—Redfern, 5-1. L—Torrez, 0-4. HRs—Minnesota, Landreaux (3). Boston, Lynn (3).

Texas 400 000 100—5 7 0
Baltimore 000 000 001—1 9 1
Matlack and Sundberg; Ford, T.Martinez (1) and Dempsey. W—Matlack, 3-0. L—Ford, 1-2. HRs—Texas, Zisk (5), Sundberg (4).

Kansas City 200 040 006—12 12 0
New York 000 003 000— 3 7 1
Gura, Pattin (6) and Wathan; Tiant, Davis (5), Gossage (9) and Cerone. W—Gura, 4-2. L—Tiant, 2-2.

National League

Chicago 100 000 000—1 10 1
Los Angeles 002 000 00x—2 6 1
Reuschel, Tidrow (7) and Blackwell; Sutton, Castillo (7) and Yeager. W—Sutton, 3-0. L—Reuschel, 2-3. HR—Chicago, Randle (3).

SUNDAY'S GAMES
American League

Minnesota 000 000 000—0 6 0
New York 010 010 30x—5 7 0
Zahn, Marshall (7) and Wynegar; John and Cerone. W—John, 6-0. L—Zahn, 2-4.

Kansas City 100 001 000—2 8 0
Boston 013 000 01x—5 5 1
Gale and Wathan; Rainey and Fisk. W—Rainey, 2-0. L—Gale, 0-4. HRs—Boston, Lynn (2), Rice (4).

Baltimore 300 001 000—4 8 0
Milwaukee 200 110 10x—5 10 1
Flanagan, Stewart (5) and Dempsey; Caldwell, Cleveland (6), McClure (9) and C.Moore. W—Cleveland, 2-1. L—Stewart, 1-3. HR—Milwaukee, Hisle (2).

Detroit 020 010 100—4 10 1
California 000 000 000—0 4 2
Petry and Parrish; Aase, LaRoche (6), Montague (8) and Clburn, Donohue (8). W—Petry, 2-0. L—Aase, 3-3.

Toronto 010 000 000— 1 7 2
Oakland 300 342 00x—12 16 2
Lemanczyk, B.Moore (4), Jefferson (5), McLaughlin (7) and Whitt; Norris and Heath. W—Norris, 5-0. L—Lemanczyk, 2-4. HR—Oakland, Heath (1).

Cleveland 000 100 201—4 11 1
Seattle 400 400 01x—9 13 1
Barker, Owchinko (4), Stanton (7), Monge (8) and Hassey, Alexander (8); Beattie, Rawley (7) and Stinson. W—Beattie, 1-3. L—Barker, 4-2. HR—Cleveland, Hargrove (4).

Chicago 000 000 010—1 6 1
Texas 030 011 00x—5 9 1
Wortham, Proly (5) and Kimm, Foley (5); Medich, Lyle (8) and Sundberg. W—Medich, 3-0. L—Wortham, 3-1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

San Francisco 000 003 000—3 9 1
Chicago 000 000 000—0 7 0
Whitson and May; Krukow, Tidrow (9) and Foote. W—Whitson, 1-5. L—Krukow, 3-2.

Los Angeles 400 000 000—4 9 0
St. Louis 000 011 000—2 13 1
Goltz, Howe (6), Reuss (9) and Yeager; B.Forsch, Sorbon (8) and Kennedy. W—Goltz, 3-2. L—B.Forsch, 2-2.

Philadelphia 023 000 110—7 9 1
Cincinnati 000 001 101—3 11 1
Ruthven, Noles (8) and Boone; LaCoss, Moskau (3), Soto (6), Bair (8) and Werner. W—Ruthven, 3-2. L—LaCoss, 3-3. HR—Cincinnati, Spilman (1).

Houston 000 020 020—4 7 3
Atlanta 200 014 000—7 11 2
J.Niekro, Ruhle (6), D.Smith (7) and Pujols; P.Niekro and Benedict. W—P.Niekro, 2-4. L—J.Niekro, 4-2.

Pittsburgh 000 000 000—0 6 1
San Diego 300 000 02x—5 9 0
Candelaria, Tekulve (8) and Nicosia; Jones and Tenace. W—Jones, 3-2. L—Candelaria, 2-2.
New York at Montreal (doubleheader), ppd., rain

The Soccer Scene

Age of the Video Playback

By Rob Hughes

LONDON, May 13 (IHT) — This is the week of the Argentine in the age of the video.

As befits world masters, the sons of Argentina are at the heart of matters international right now. In London tonight, England's blossoming confidence, her rise in European soccer, was being examined against an Argentine amalgam of 1978 World Cup Winners and 1979 World Youth Champions. In Brussels tomorrow, Mario Kempes, the star of the 1978 triumph, holds the key to Valencia's European Cup Winners' Cup Final against Arsenal.

And, as if in reflection of Argentine glory, two other exports from Buenos Aires were yesterday promoted to the English First Division. Claudio Marangoni arrived there as Sunderland won its final Second Division match, and Alex Sabella was transferred there when Leeds United paid Third Division Sheffield United some $900,000 for his suave skills.

And the video? No sooner had Argentina completed the Atlantic crossing than its manager, Cedar Menotti, began studying a tape of England's recent impressive victory over Spain. No sooner had Arsenal checked into its Brussels hotel when its players, weary after defeat in last Saturday's English Cup Final, were plugged into recordings of Valencia's 3-0 weekend victory, featuring two goals by Kempes and one by Rainer Bonhof.

Mustn't Dull the Wits

Indeed, such is the video playback a part of sports preparation, it becomes unusual *not* to indulge. England's manager, Ron Greenwood, is, therefore, the exception.

There is record enough of Argentina's successes, but Greenwood declines to view it with his players. "You should never depart from your natural characteristics," he reasons, "and studying the opposition too much can either make you frightened or over-confident. The game is a battle of wits, and we have to use ours."

The wisdom of Greenwood has rarely been misplaced since he rescued England from the neurosis of huge dossiers handed to players by his predecessor, Don Revie. Those dossiers cowed his men by emphasizing the good points of opponents. Similarly, to show England evidence of 1978, when impassioned Argentines attacked with almost Kamikazi recklessness, could only be misleading.

Six members of the triumph — goalkeeper Ubaldo Fillol, defenders Jorge Olquin, Alberto Tarantini, Daniel Passarella and Americo Gallego, and striker Leopoldo Luque — play at Wembley. It is a challenge savored by players the world over, but the six have already touched their peak.

The Boy Knows

They come now almost in the shadow of the starlet Diego Maradona, the 19-year-old whose breathtaking techniques and dribbling control are packed into an astonishingly beefy 5-foot 5-inch frame. Maradona, and aggressive midfielder Juan Barbas, were part of the Youth Tournament success in Japan last September . . . but Maradona's value is in the midst of a $10-million auction.

Barcelona has offered his small club, Argentinos Juniors, $6 million for his transfer and Maradona himself $2 million to sign on plus $2.5 millions over a five-year contract. It represents, as the boy himself says, security for life for his family. Raised in the backstreets of Buenos Aires, he was ready to go.

Argentina, however, dares not allow it. Already Kempes and Osvaldo Ardiles, the superb midfield generator at Tottenham, are lost to Menotti's team-building. And so the nation, despite its infamous financial problems (or perhaps because of its supersonic inflation), plans to raise the fee for a transfer to River Plate — or Talleres or Cordoba — and the renumeration by subsidy through a government run pool that already pays Menotti's $10,000 per month.

In London, the boy and his father are being met by Barcelona and watched over by Argentine officials. He says, diplomatically, he never wants to leave his country and if the money is the same, will stay. One hopes, selfishly perhaps, the decision does not affect his game.

He visits us as South America's player of the year, with the incredible burden of being cast as a cross between Pele, the most gifted player of all time, and Alfredo Di Stefano, the maestro of stamina and tactical scheming. Having hitherto only seen Maradona on video, but being well aware of mature internationals who keep tapes of the day they opposed him as a lifetime's momento, I found the pulse galloping in rare anticipation of tonight's match.

Lacking the Best

England, alas, was to meet him without two of its own best — Trevor Francis, whose stunning pace and clinical goals are stunted by a severed achilles tendon, and Trevor Brooking, whose midfield guidance and uncharacteristically headed goal for West Ham was seen by 900 million television viewers to defeat Arsenal in the English Cup Final. Brooking may appear as a substitute.

Arsenal, meanwhile, must pick itself off the canvas, find the answer to Kempes's prolific scoring power, and overcome Valencia tomorrow. It has been done before, three years ago, when Liverpool was beaten in the English Final and five days later won the European Cup. But, ironically, a contributing factor to Arsenal's defeat last Saturday was the fatigue it suffered in its seven-hour semifinal marathon with Liverpool. West Ham's positive soccer deserved the Cup, yet undoubtedly it was won against an enemy that had had the physique, if not the heart, pummeled to a standstill in a previous fight.

Will power and stamina pulled Arsenal off the ropes to defeat Juventus in Turin. Yet even the team coach looked punch drunk last weekend, and that is no mood to take on a Valencia team trained by Di Stefano and hungry for the big occasion with Bonhof playing his last game before probably returning to West Germany and the inevitable Kempes claiming his Argentinian reward.

Timing is the essence of Maro Kempes, and he and his countrymen, might just be catching the English at their most vulnerable . . . in the hour when the over-burdened commitments of the British system produces tired and sacrificial representative teams. A pity. England vs. Argentina deserved no excuses.

Watson Takes Nelson Golf For 3d Straight Triumph

DALLAS, May 13 (AP) — Tom Watson outlasted Bill Rogers by a single stroke over the final 36 holes Sunday to capture his third consecutive Byron Nelson Golf Classic title and move close to $2 million in winnings.

The finish was almost a replay of last year when Rogers birdied the final hole to send the tournament into a playoff with Watson, who won on the first extra hole.

Rogers was inches short with a 12-foot birdie putt on the 36th hole and Watson took away the title with a par on the last hole he played.

The 30-year-old Watson, winning his third straight championship on the PGA tour and fifth in 11 tries this year, stalked through the Texas wind, heat and humidity to post rounds of 69 and 71 over the demanding par-70 Preston Trail Golf Club he knows so well.

The 28-year-old Rogers shot 70-67 for a 275.

Watson's 72-hole total of 274 earned him $54,000 and put his winnings at $1,971,958. He also won a golf ball made of silver, gold and diamonds worth $25,000.

The only other golfers ahead of Watson on the all-time money list are Jack Nicklaus with $3 million and Lee Trevino with $2.4 million.

Again, a hole-out was the key to Watson's round, much as it had been on Friday when he holed an eight-iron for an eagle deuce, and on Saturday when he knocked in a pitching wedge for a birdie.

On the second round Sunday, a chip shot he hit from 60 feet away hit the pin and went into the hole for a birdie, leaving his playing partners, Curtis Strange and George Burns, shaking their heads.

Strange, who won the Houston Open last week in a playoff with Lee Trevino, started the day a shot behind in a head-to-head pairing with Watson, shooting 70 in the morning round but soaring to four-over 74 on the second round.

Bill Kratzert finished third with a two-under-par 68 in the morning and a one-over par 71 in the afternoon for a three-under par total of 277. George Cadle was fourth with rounds of 67-72 for 278.

Starting with the seventh hole on the final round, Watson missed the green on four of five holes. He saved par from a bunker with a four-foot putt, chipped in on another, bogeyed a hole, then chipped to within five feet and made the putt.

With Rogers making a run, Watson canned a five-foot putt for the tournament-clinching birdie on the par-3 No. 13 hole.

Saad Muhammad Wins

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, May 1[3] (UPI) — Matthew Saad Muhammad retained his WBC championship here Sunday, decking fourth-ranked Louis Pergand in the fifth round with a crushing punch that glanced off the challenger's chest before finding its way to the chin.

Major League Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

East	W	L	Pct.	GB
Pittsburgh	17	8	.680	—
Chicago	13	13	.500	4½
Philadelphia	12	12	.500	4½
St. Louis	13	14	.481	5
Montreal	11	15	.423	6½
New York	9	17	.346	8½
West				
Houston	18	10	.643	—
Cincinnati	19	11	.633	—
Los Angeles	17	12	.586	1½
San Diego	14	15	.483	4½
Atlanta	10	16	.385	7
San Francisco	10	20	.333	9

AMERICAN LEAGUE

East	W	L	Pct.	GB
New York	16	11	.593	—
Toronto	15	11	.577	½
Milwaukee	13	12	.520	2
Boston	13	15	.464	3½
Detroit	12	16	.429	4½
Cleveland	11	15	.423	4½
Baltimore	12	17	.414	5
West				
Oakland	18	11	.621	—
Texas	16	12	.571	1½
Chicago	16	13	.552	2
Kansas City	15	13	.536	2½
Seattle	15	16	.484	4
Minnesota	13	17	.433	5½
California	11	17	.393	6½

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(Continued from Back Page)

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PAGE 16 & 13 FOR MORE CLASSIFIEDS

Observer

Here's the Mailman

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — The papers say Johnny Carson is going to reduce his work day by one-third and hint that he is also going to get a pleasant raise in pay. In short, the price of Johnny Carson is about to go up more than 33⅓ percent.

This is giving fits to the people who run the Post Office. They are raising their price, too. A 15-cent stamp will soon cost 20 cents. The rate of increase: 33⅓ percent. Or, as the postal tycoons say, "a mere 33⅓ percent." Why, they want to know, should Johnny Carson get a bigger raise than the Post Office?


Baker

An interesting question which you can argue either way, though I tend to the opinion that Johnny is worth just a small bit more than the Post Office.

True, the mailman comes six days a week while Johnny shows up only four, and some weeks only three, and some weeks not at all. But when Johnny does come, he never hands you an order to come across with several hundred dollars or a threat to have your lights turned off or your suit repossessed.

* * *

The Post Office people point out that he never hands you a check, either. And, they say, you would be in a fine pickle if you had to depend on Johnny to take your handwritten plea, begging a large corporation not to ruin your reputation just because its computer has made a mistake, and deliver that plea, despite snow and rain and hail and gloom of night, to a computer.

The Post Office obviously has a point here, but it is a small one. The way I see it, Johnny is perfectly right in not wasting his time trying to help people talk to machines that don't listen. Why the Post Office should charge 20 cents for such foolishness is a mystery. It suggests a nasty inclination at the Post Office to get rich by taking advantage of the simple-minded.

There is no doubt that the Post Office, as it claims, is far superior to Johnny at encouraging healthy social relationships. "When Johnny comes around," a postal spokesman explained to me in a letter that was delivered to a bowling alley on the other side of town, "all human activity ceases. Millions of Americans are forced to sit in silent alienation staring at him."

* * *

By contrast, he points out, when the mailman comes he opens the door to new relationships. I can attest to the truth of the statement, having had to travel to the bowling alley on the other side of town to pick up his letter, which the mailman had resourcefully left there when he might carelessly have brought it to my home address, so clearly spelled out on the envelope.

Thanks to the Post Office, I met the bowling-alley operator — a keen chap who had offered to forward the letter but cautioned that it might end up at a dry cleaner's in El Paso — and had long chats with several people waiting at bus stops.

Johnny Carson never affords these opportunities. When it's Johnny Carson time, Johnny is always there, and the predictability of it deprives life of certain pleasures.

The Post Office is cannier than Johnny when it comes to keeping the social pot boiling. Some of my oldest friends are people I met while retrieving my wrongly delivered mail, but Johnny has never helped me meet a single neighbor.

Where the Post Office oversteps itself, however, is in saying that Johnny can't get your Christmas gift to grandmother. He is just as good at it as the Post Office. For 17 years I have been trying, without success, to get a Christmas gift to grandmother via the mail.

Each time I take it to the Post Office it is rejected for failure to meet Post Office specifications. Whenever I corrected one flaw and rushed back to the Post Office, the Post Office had hurriedly written new specifications which made the package unacceptable again.

The local postmaster has chided me often for throwing tantrums at his mail sacks. "Think of the exercise you are getting because the Post Office is able to keep you running back and forth with grandmother's gift," he says. "You don't get that from Johnny Carson."

How out of touch with reality he is. Thanks to the frequency of commercial breaks, during which Johnny delivers the junk mail, I have developed an arm like a hod carrier from opening the refrigerator door.

Bogarde as Writer

Actor Turns to Novels of 'Self-Deception'

By Simon Lloyd

LONDON (IHT) — It was one long hard slog that wrung him out both physically and mentally. But the grind was worth it for actor-turned-novelist Dirk Bogarde, who is contentedly surveying his first sortie into fiction, now riding high on Britain's best-seller lists.

The 1970s saw Bogarde reach the pinnacle of his acting career with a haunting portrayal in "Death in Venice" that distilled loneliness to a point of almost screaming pain. The 1980s offered a new challenge and Bogarde, keenly aware of a creative vacuum after not stepping before the camera for two years, threw caution to the winds and wrote "A Gentle Occupation."

The novel, set in Java in 1946 amid the ruins of the Dutch colonial empire, tells how the British step briefly into the postwar breach after the savagery and corruption of the Japanese occupation and before the island terrorists-freedom fighters sweep to power at the time of independence.

It works well, mainly because of dialogue superbly captured by the acute ear of an accomplished actor. Bogarde, 59, who now lives in a secluded farmhouse near Grasse, in the south of France, confessed, "I read every single part out loud to see if the words fitted. There were some pretty odd noises emerging from my old shed."

What was it like being a novelist on his maiden voyage? "For the first try, it was a hell of a sweat," said Bogarde, who has written two highly successful volumes of autobiography. "I'd never written anything fictional before and had to teach myself." He confessed that the whole process left him "absolutely wrung out mentally and physically. But it was never a chore — far too exciting for that."

Plugging the Book

Bogarde, who left Britain for France a decade ago, recently returned to Britain and leaped obligingly onto the publicity merry-go-round — interviews, chat shows, book signings — to publicize his novel. It paid dividends: "I have, so far, been very warmly and most generously accepted as a 'writer.' It was all I hoped for, especially by the 'serious' press — and that is the biggest possible reward."

Despite Bogarde's prowess in prose, his acting career is far from over, at least as far as he is concerned. "I'd go back to the cinema for a number of people, certainly Woody Allen, Pakula, Coppola, Losey, Resnais and in particular Fassbinder. The part doesn't matter as long as it offers a challenge to improve my work," he said.

"I am a cerebral actor really, not physical. I think that my chances of getting to work with the first three on the list above are as remote as me getting the Nobel Prize. They have plenty of marvelous U.S. actors at hand and I am, they think, essentially a European actor. Not so, but it's tough to break it," he said.

Bogarde has in the past singled out "Accident," directed by Joseph Losey, and "Death in Venice," directed by Luchino Visconti as his two finest acting achievements. They highlight the impressive evolution of a 1950s British matinee idol stuck for years on the tedious treadmill of fluffy comedies and stiff-upper-lip war films that gave him the kind of adulation reserved in the next decade for the Beatles.

Long Run With Losey

The 1960s brought a long and successful association with Losey making a string of low-budget movies under a great deal of financial pressure. "The Servant" took just six weeks to make. For two of them Losey, ill with pneumonia, directed by remote control through Bogarde, ringing up from his bedside with daily instructions. The powerful "King and Country" was completed in just 15 days.

Reflecting on his time with Losey, Bogarde said: "We had a long run together and produced some good work. I don't think that we actually had a failure but on the other hand, we weren't making space-fiction or disaster movies or movies about plastic fish."

Then came a highly fruitful decade on the Continent. "I left Britain 12 years ago, 10 permanently, because the studios were folding under union pressures and the usual British indifference," he explained. "There was no work there. In order to survive, I had to come abroad where there was still something to create and a cinema which was still alive."

That brought him the chance to work with Visconti, whom Bogarde considers the emperor of directors. In "Death in Venice," Bogarde exemplified the art of acting at its finest. "A great director never tells an actor what to do," Bogarde said, "only what not to do. One works on a mental plane together. It is very satisfying indeed."


Dirk Bogarde between books.

There is no love lost between him and his old home, though he does lament the sorry state of the British film industry. "It depresses me greatly. It has all but gone for good now. I hear that for the first time ever there is no British entry at Cannes. A very sad state of affairs. But the British don't much care. They like TV more anyway and are happily awash with junk. Indifference breeds apathy. They have plenty of both and as long as no one has to work too hard, they won't make a fuss and rock the boat of state welfare," he said.

Demanding Career

For this intense, meticulous and very conscientious perfectionist, writing has become as demanding a career as acting. No man to rest on his laurels, Bogarde has now plunged back to the typewriter for novel No. 2, which he describes as "about self-deception — as was the first book — and the problems that it can bring in its wake. It is set in the south of France of today."

Reflecting on his two trades, he concluded, "Both mediums of work give me equal satisfaction. Possibly writing does more because it is a new way for me and also because I am solely responsible and do not bring anyone else down with me if I fail."

PEOPLE: Joan Kennedy Repor[ts] Campaign Is a Boost[er]

The Democratic presidential campaign, with its questions about alcoholism, Chappaquiddick and her husband's fidelity, has boosted her self-esteem, says Joan Kennedy in the June issue of McCall's magazine. "This campaign has been wonderful for me, the best thing in the world, next to getting sober. It's been terrific for my self-esteem, even though I hate that overworked word," the wife of Sen. Edward Kennedy said. Asked if she is, in part, campaigning to prove she isn't a frail person given to drink, she said, "I guess so. I haven't had a drink in ages. I can never have a drink. The best answer I have to the worries about my alcoholism is just to let people see me, to see how well I am. I really feel that I'm starting life all over again."

* * *

Blimp, a Dallas-based rock 'n' roll band, recently made its debut to the tune of 1,476 pounds. Its members hope they're headed for the small time. They really fill up the stage. Lead guitarist Pat Rider weighs 325 pounds, rhythm guitarist Cory Hubbard weighs 350, keyboardist Walt Newton, 286, vocalist Tony Cobra, 235, and drummer Bryan Pitney, 280. The group was brought together by Dallas realtor Judy Drake and her mother, Edie Lewis, who placed an ad seeking overweight musicians. The two women decided to evangelize about excessive weight via a band of fat musicians who would pledge to bring their weights down to normal limits within a year. "To qualify for the band, we each had to be at least 70 pounds overweight," Newton said. "By the end of the year, we have to achieve normal weight levels or at least make some progress." The band members said they were good musicians primarily because they turned to music for refuge as fat youngsters.

* * *

Soviet physicist and human rights activist Andrei Sakharov, now exiled from Moscow, was honored by U.S. politicians and two Nobel Prize-winning scientists at a symposium called "Humanity in the Universe," held by the New York Academy of Science. The "truth as it is spoken by Andrei Sakharov cannot be exiled," Rep. Elizabeth Holtzman said. "That truth is indestructible, but the question remains whether we, who have the benefits of freedom, will hear it." "It's an honor to speak at a symposium in honor of Andrei Sakharov," said Dr. Steven Weinberg, a Nobel Prize-winning Harvard p[hysicist]. Weinberg, noting that S[akharov] published a paper in 1965 [on a] new theory on the origin of [the uni]verse, said, "We would lik[e to dis]cuss this theory with Sa[kharov]." But he added that Soviet au[thorities] block even the interchange [of pure]ly scientific ideas with the [...] Sen. Daniel Moynihan told [...] ering that "somehow the [...] (of the symposium) [...] through" to Sakharov.

* * *

With a bishop, a monsi[gnor and] four priests sitting beside [en]tertainer Danny Thomas c[...] He hates no-caffeine co[ffee] though he used to ped[dle it on] televison. "God, I hate tha[t ...]" Thomas told a startled [...] Friday at a $100-a-plate f[...] for Catholic Charities. "It'[s the only] time I was ever untrue [...]" Thomas said. He said the [...] really drinks is "load[ed with] caffeine and I sleep lik[e a] man."

* * *

Maj. Derek Jackson [...] home from his latest exp[edition ...] bamboo container with [...] blow darts — and then fo[rgot it] on the London Undergro[und ...] only relieved it wasn't my [...] old shrunken skull," said [...] who put his lapse down [...] after a 26-hour flight [...] donesia. The explorer's [...] now is that his darts — [...] lethal — will turn up at th[e ...] Transport lost property c[...] forgetful major is a leader [...] tion Drake, an army-[...] round-the-world explorat[ion] which set out more than a [...]

* * *

Comedian Jerry Lewis [...] wail, but officials at the [...] mal Quarantine Static[n ...] laughing. Lewis brought h[...] with him but failed to turn [...] officials for the required [...] of quarantine. The offi[cials had] been alerted by Northwe[st ...] that the dog, a Shih Tzu n[amed An]gel, was aboard the plane. [...] when Lewis got off the p[lane ...] Angel was not with him [...] had wrapped several co[...] Angel and carried the d[og off the] plane before Lewis dis[...] the officials learned. Th[e quaran]tine officials then went [...] hotel and took custody [of the ani]mal.

—SAMUEL[...]

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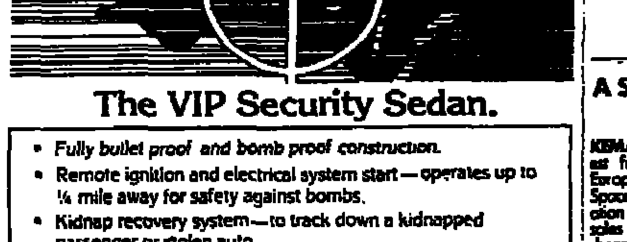
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